## 1 Chronicles 8:40

| Hebrew | וְיִּהְנִי plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big הָיָה  |
|--------|---|
|        | hebrew  |
|        | The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.   |
|        | This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.  |
|        | * It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth<br>1:1Isaiah 2:2 בְּנִי אُוּלָם אֲנָשִׁׁים גָּבֹּרֵי חֻׁיִל דְּרְבִי לֶּשֶׁת וּמַרְבָּים בָּנִים וּבְנֵים מֵאֶה וַחֲמִשֵּׁים כָּל אֱלֶה מִבְּגֵי בִּנְיָם אָנָשִׁׁים גָּבֹּרֵי חֵׁיִלָּן |
| ESV    | The sons of Ulam were men who were mighty warriors, bowmen, having many sons and grandsons, 150. All these were Benjaminites.   |
| NIV    | The sons of Ulam were brave warriors who could handle the bow. They had many sons and grandsons-150 in all. All these were the descendants of Benjamin.   |
| NLT    | Ulam's sons were all mighty warriors and expert archers. They had many sons and grandsons– 150 in all. All these were descendants of Benjamin.  |

καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἦσανplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. υἰοὶ Αιλαμ ἰσχυροὶ ἄνδρες δυνάμει τείνοντες τόξον καὶpluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πληθύνοντες μίοὺς καὶρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

LXX

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" υἱοὺς τῶνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò

greek

The definite article υίῶν ἑκατὸν πεντήκοντα πάντεςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

\* All \* Every \* The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of  $\pi \alpha \zeta$  depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 οὖτοιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὕτη/τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

\* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἐξ υἰῶν Βενιαμιν

KJV

And the sons of Ulam were mighty men of valour, archers, and had many sons, and sons' sons, an hundred and fifty. All these are of the sons of Benjamin.

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