

ὅplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigός, ἧ, ὅ

greek

Meaning:

* Who * Which * What

The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).

It is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning καίplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" λαλοῦμεν οὐκ ἐνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". διδασκτοῖς ἀνθρωπίνης σοφίας λόγοιςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigλόγος

Meaning

* A word or words * Statement * Message * Speech * Account * Used in John to mean God the Son

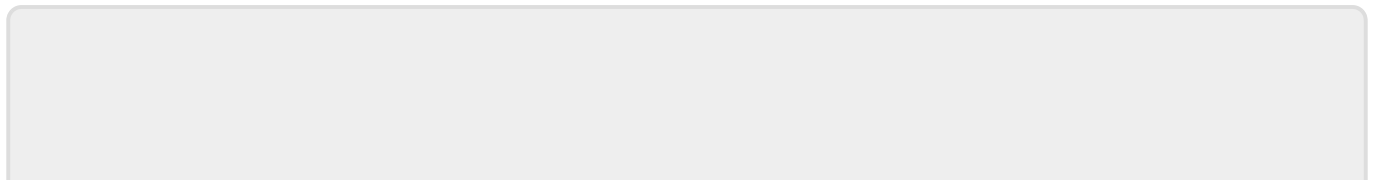
Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω.

λόγος in Greek Thought

Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... ἄλλ' ἐνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". διδασκτοῖς πνεύματος, πνευματικοῖς πνευματικὰ συγκρίνοντες.



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