

Μηδεὶς ἑαυτὸν ἐξαπατάτω· εἴ τις δοκεῖ σοφὸς εἶναι, αὐτοῦ ἑαυτὸν ἀπατάτω.

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”).

It is an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἐν τῇ πόλει αὐτοῦ.

greek

Preposition meaning “in”. ἐν τῇ πόλει αὐτοῦ.

greek

Preposition meaning “in”. τῷ ἁγίῳ πνεύματι.

greek

The definite article αὐτὸς / αὕτη / τοῦτο.

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Meaning:

* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὗτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — “this” as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 μωρὸς γενέσθω, αὐτοῦ γίνωμαι).

greek

Meaning

* To Become * To Come into being * Generate * To Happen * Brought to pass

Verb.

Different from εἰμί (which means “to be” - a state of existence); γίνωμαι, instead, emphasizes coming to be - a transition or event. John 1:14John 1:3Matthew 6:10 ἵνα γένηται αὐτοῦ γίνωμαι.

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