

1 Kings 13:12

	אֶת־אֲשֶׁר־הָלַךְ אִישׁ הַכְּרֹד הָלַךְ וַיֵּרָא בָנָיו אֶת־אֱלֹהִים אֲבִיהֶם אִי־יָדָהּ הַכְּרֹד הָלַךְ וַיֵּרָא בָנָיו אֶת־אֱלֹהִים אֲבִיהֶם אִי־יָדָהּ hebrew The Hebrew אֶת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. It only ever occurs in conjunction with nouns associated with the definite article הַ.Genesis 1:1 אֲשֶׁר־הָלַךְ אִישׁ הַכְּרֹד הָלַךְ וַיֵּרָא בָנָיו אֶת־אֱלֹהִים אֲבִיהֶם אִי־יָדָהּ
Hebrew	hebrew Meanings: * God * god * goddess * divine ones * angels Noun, masculine אֲשֶׁר בֶּן־מִיחֵדָה
ESV	And their father said to them, "Which way did he go?" And his sons showed him the way that the man of God who came from Judah had gone.
NIV	Their father asked them, "Which way did he go?" And his sons showed him which road the man of God from Judah had taken.
NLT	The old prophet asked them, "Which way did he go?" So they showed their father which road the man of God had taken.

	καίplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐλάλησεν πρὸςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigπρὸς greek Meaning * To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament. πρὸς is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical. s... αὐτοῦςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτοῦς greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ὁplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ πατρί αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτῶς greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) λέγων τοῖς ὁδῷ πεπόμενται καίplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" δεκνύουσιν αὐτῷplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτῶς greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) οἱplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigοἱ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ ὑλοὶ αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτῶς greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) τήνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὴ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ ὁδὸν ἐνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν greek Preposition meaning "in". ἵplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸς, ἡ, ὁ greek Meaning: * Who * Which * What The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent). It is distinct from οὗτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning ἀνὶ ᾧplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸς, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ ἀνθρώπου τοῦplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸς, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ θεοῖplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigθεός greek Masculine noun meaning: * A god or goddess * God ὁplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸς, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ ἐλθὼν ἐξ λουᾶ
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KJV And their father said unto them, What way went he? For his sons had seen what way the man of God went, which came from Judah.

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