## 2 Chronicles 30:14

אָת plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigאָ וַיְּלִּירוֹ אֶת

The Hebrew אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. It only ever occurs in Hebrew conjunction with nouns associated with the definite article חַ.Genesis 1:1 אַרָּב בְּירוּשְׁלָם וְאָת בְּירוּשְׁלָם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלָם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלָם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלָם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלַם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלָם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלִם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלָם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלִם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלָם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלִם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלִם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלָם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלָם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלִם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלִם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלִם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלִם וְאָר בִּירוּשְׁלָם וְאָר בִּיוּישְׁלְם וְאָבְּיוּים בּיוּשְׁלִים בּיוּשְׁלְם וְאָבְיוֹים בּיוּים בּיוּבְיים בּיוּבְּיִים בּיּים בּיוֹים בּיוּים בּיוֹים בּיוּים בּיוֹים בּיוּים בּיוּים בּיוּים בּיוּים בּיוֹים בּיוֹים בּיוּים בּיוֹים בּיוֹים בּיוֹים בּיוֹים בּיוּים בּיוֹים בּיוֹים בּיוֹים בּיוֹים בּיוֹים בּייִים בּיים בּייִים בּיוֹים בּייִים בּיִים בּיִים בּייִים בּייִים בּיים בּיוֹים בּיוּים בּייִים בּייִים בּיִים בּייִים בּייִים בּייִים בּייִים בּייִים בּייִים בּייים בּייִים בּייִים בּייִים בּייִי

The Hebrew אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. It only ever occurs in conjunction with nouns associated with the definite article הַ-Genesis ב: בָּמְקַשְרוֹת הֵשִּׁירוּ נֵיַשְׁלֶיכוּ לְנָחֻל קַדְרְוֹן.

- They set to work and removed the altars that were in Jerusalem, and all the altars for burning incense they took away and threw into the Kidron valley.
- NIV They removed the altars in Jerusalem and cleared away the incense altars and threw them into the Kidron Valley.

  NLT They set to work and removed the pagan altars from Jerusalem. They took away all the incense altars and threw them into the Kidron Valley.

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καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
        greek
        Meaning
        * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
        ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀνέστησαν καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
        greek
        Meaning
        * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
        ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" καθεΐλαν τὰρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ἡ, τό
        Meaning:
        * The
        The definite article
        Forms
        Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ θυσιαστήρια τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ, ἡ, τό
        Meaning:
        * The
        The definite article.
        Forms
        Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἐvplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐv
        Preposition meaning "in". Ιερουσαλημ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
        areek
        Meaning
        * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
        ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πάνταρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπᾶς
        greek
        Meaning
LXX
        * All * Every * The whole
        Adjective.
        Usage in the New Testament
        The sense of \pi \tilde{\alpha} c depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.
        With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 ἐvplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-
        autotooltip bigév
        areek
        Preposition meaning "in". οἶςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigŏς, ἥ, ὅ
        greek
        Meaning:
        The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).
        lt is distinct from ὄτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὄς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning ἐθυμιῶσαν τοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό
        greek
        Meaning
        * The
        The definite article
        Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ψευδέσιν κατέσπασαν καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
        greek
        * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
        ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔρριψαν εἰς τὸνρΙαgin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό
        greek
        Meaning:
        * The
        The definite article
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Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ χειμάρρουν Κεδρων

KJV And they arose and took away the altars that were in Jerusalem, and all the altars for incense took they away, and cast them into the brook Kidron.

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