## 2 Chronicles 8:6

nebrew
The Hebrew ns word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by nis nine 1 property and property of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by nis nine hebrew. It is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by nine nine hebrew in word property of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by nine hebrew. The word nine mains "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurrence.

It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3 Exodus 3:12 Ruth 1:18 siah 2:2 neg nine hyplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-auto

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|s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigô
The definite article Βααλαθ καὶρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί
And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πάσαςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπα
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* All * Every * The whole
With singular countable nouns -- "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 tacplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigd
The definite article ὀχυράς αῗ ἦσανplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί
εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example ei μί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigŏ
The definite article Σαλωμων καιρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
 Meaning |
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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* All * Every * The whole
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The definite article ἀρμάτων καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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The definite article ἐπιθυμίαν τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article οἰκοδομῆσαι ἐνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν
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The definite article Λιβάνω καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
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 reposition meaning "in". πάσηρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς
 Meaning
* All * Every * The whole
Adjective
Usage in the New Testament
The sense of πας depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.
With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 t⊓plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó
The definite article βασιλεία αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
areek
He she it * Himself herself itself * Same
  rsonal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5.000 times in the New Testam
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)
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