## 2 Corinthians 11:12

ồplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigốς, ἥ, ὅ

greek

Meaning:

\* Who \* Which \* What

The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).

lt is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὄς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning δὲplugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip bigδέ

areek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. ποιῶρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigποιέω

Meaning:

\* To do \* To make

This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.

Verb forms

Present tense Person Greek Form καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ποιήσω,plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigποιέω

Meaning:

\* To do \* To make

This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.

Verb forms

Present tense Person Greek Form ἵνα ἐκκόψω τὴνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό

## Greek greek

Meaning:

\* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἀφορμὴν τῶνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

\* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ θελόντων ἀφορμήν, ἴνα ἐνplugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". μplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὄς, ἤ, ὅ

greek

Meaning:

\* Who \* Which \* What

The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).

lt is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning καυχῶνται εὑρεθῶσιν καθὼς καὶpluginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἡμεῖς.

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ESV	And what I do I will continue to do, in order to undermine the claim of those who would like to claim that in their boasted mission they work on the same terms as we do.
NIV	And I will keep on doing what I am doing in order to cut the ground from under those who want an opportunity to be considered equal with us in the things they boast about.
NLT	But I will continue doing what I have always done. This will undercut those who are looking for an opportunity to boast that their work is just like ours.
KJV	But what I do, that I will do, that I may cut off occasion from them which desire occasion; that wherein they glory, they may be found even as we.

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