

2 Corinthians 13:9

Greek	χαίρομεν γὰρ ὅταν ἡμεῖς ἀσθενῶμεν, ὑμεῖς δὲ greek
	δέ is a conjunction that can mean “but” or “and” or “also” or “moreover”. It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. δυνατοὶ ἦτε greek
	εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. τοῦτο greek
	Meaning: * These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun.
	οὗτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — “this” as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 καὶ greek
	Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
	Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” εὐχόμεθα, τὴν greek
	Meaning: * The The definite article.
	Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ ὑμῶν κατάρτισιν.
	ESV For we are glad when we are weak and you are strong. Your restoration is what we pray for. NIV We are glad whenever we are weak but you are strong; and our prayer is for your perfection.

NLT	We are glad to seem weak if it helps show that you are actually strong. We pray that you will become mature.
KJV	For we are glad, when we are weak, and ye are strong: and this also we wish, even your perfection.

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