2 Corinthians 7

Verses: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16

Text

Greek

Ταύταςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο Meaning: * These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 οὖν ἔχοντες τὰςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό Meaning: * The The definite article Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἐπαγγελίας, ἀγαπητοί, καθαρίσωμεν ἐαυτοὺς ἀπὸ παντὸςplugin-autotooltip_default pluginautotooltip_bigπᾶς Meaning * All * Every * The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 μολυσμοῦ σαρκὸς καὶpluginautotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πνεύματος, ἐπιτελοῦντες ἀγιωσύνην ἐνplugin-autotooltip_default plugingreek Preposition meaning "in". φόβω θεοῦ.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigθεὸς greek Masculine noun meaning: * A god or goddess * God 2 Χωρήσατε ἡμᾶς· οὐδένα ἡδικήσαμεν, οὐδένα ἐφθείραμεν, οὐδένα ἐπλεονεκτήσαμεν.

πρὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπρός

greek

Meaning

* To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About

Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.

πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... κατάκρισιν οὐ λέγω, προείρηκα γὰρ ὅτι ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". $\tau\alpha\tilde{\iota}\varsigma$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, $\dot{\eta}$, $\tau\dot{\delta}$

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ καρδίαις ἡμῶν ἐστεplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. εἰς τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ συναποθανεῖν καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" συνζῆν.

πολλή μοι παρρησία πρὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπρός greek Meaning * To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament. πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... ὑμᾶς, πολλή μοι καύχησις ὑπὲρ ὑμῶν· πεπλήρωμαι τῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ παρακλήσει, ὑπερπερισσεύομαι τῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ, ἡ, τό areek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ χαρᾳ ἐπὶ πάσηρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς greek Meaning * All * Every * The whole Adjective Usage in the New Testament The sense of $\pi\alpha\zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τἤplugin-autotooltip_default pluginautotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό areek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ θλίψει ἡμῶν. Καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" γὰρ ἐλθόντων ἡμῶν εἰς Μακεδονίαν οὐδεμίαν ἔσχηκεν ἄνεσιν ἡplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ σὰρξ ἡμῶν, ἀλλ΄ ἐvplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν greek Preposition meaning "in". παντιριμgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς greek Meaning * All * Every * The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of $\pi\alpha\zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 θλιβόμενοι ἔξωθεν μάχαι, ἔσωθεν φόβοι

	ἀλλ΄ oplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigo, ἡ, το
	greek
	Meaning:
	* The
	The definite article.
	Forms
	Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ παρακαλῶν τοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ἡ, τό
	greek
	Meaning:
	*The
	The definite article.
	Forms
	Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ταπεινοὺς παρεκάλεσεν ἡμᾶς ὁplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό
	greek
6	Meaning:
•	*The
	The definite article.
	Forms
	Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ θεὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigθεὸς
	greek
	Masculine noun meaning:
	* A god or goddess * God Évplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigév
	greek
	Preposition meaning "in". τῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ἡ, τό
	greek
	Meaning:
	*The
	The definite article.
	Forms
	Singular Casa Massulina Feminina Neuter Neminativa Á Á 76 Cenitivo Teŭ Tês Teŭ Dativo Tú Tê Teconogía Tútou.

οὐ μόνον δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ greek δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. ένplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigέν Preposition meaning "in". $\tau \tilde{\eta}$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, $\dot{\eta}$, $\tau \acute{o}$ greek Meaning: * The The definite article Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ παρουσία αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἀλλὰ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Evplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip greek Preposition meaning "in". τῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ παρακλήσει ἦ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὄς, ἤ, ὅ areek Meaning: * Who * Which * What The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent). it is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning παρεκλήθη ἐφ΄ ὑμῖν, ἀναγγέλλων ἡμῖν τὴνρlugin-autotooltip_default pluginautotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ὑμῶν ἐπιπόθησιν, τὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ὑμῶν ὁδυρμόν, τὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ὑμῶν ζῆλον ὑπὲρ ἐμοῦ, ὥστε με μἄλλον χαρῆναι.

ὄτι εἰ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐλύπησα ὑμᾶς ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν greek Preposition meaning "in". τῆρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἐπιστολῆ, οὑ μεταμέλομαι· εἰ καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μετεμελόμην βλέπω γὰρ ὅτι ἡplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ἡ, greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἐπιστολὴ ἐκείνη εἰ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πρὸς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπρός greek Meaning * To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament. πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... ἄραν ἐλύπησεν ὑμὐ χαίρω, οὺχ ὅτι ἐλυπήθητε, ἀλλ' ὅτι ἐλυπήθητε εἰς μετάνοιαν· ἐλυπήθητε γὰρ κατὰ θεόν,plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigθεὸς areek Masculine noun meaning: * A god or goddess * God ἴνα ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν greek

Preposition meaning "in". μηδενὶ ζημιωθῆτε ἐξ ἡμῶν

ήplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ή, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γὰρ κατὰ θεὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigθεὸς greek Masculine noun meaning: * A god or goddess * God λύπη μετάνοιαν εἰς σωτηρίαν ἀμεταμέλητον ἐργάζεται· ἡplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: 10 * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ greek 66 is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ κόσμου λύπη θάνατον κατεργάζεται.

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ἰδοὺ γὰρ αὐτὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He. she. it * Himself. herself. itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) τοῦτορlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigοὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ κατὰ θεὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigθεὸς

greek

Masculine noun meaning:

11 * A god or goddess * God λυπηθήναι πόσην κατηργάσατο ὑμῖν σπουδήν, ἀλλὰ ἀπολογίαν, ἀλλὰ ἀγανάκτησιν, ἀλλὰ φόβον, ἀλλὰ ἐπιπόθησιν, ἀλλὰ ζῆλον, ἀλλὰ ἐκδίκησιν- ἐvplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". παντιρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} c$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 συνεστήσατε ἐαυτοὺς ἀγνοὺς εἶναιplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ πράγματι

	-
	ἄρα εἰ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
	greek
	Meaning
	* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
	ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔγραψα ὑμῖν, οὑκ ἔνεκεν τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ἡ, τό
	greek
	Meaning:
	*The
	The definite article.
	Forms
	Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἀδικήσαντος οὐδὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὐδέ
	greek
	Meaning
	* Not * Nor * Neither * Not even
	A combination of the words οὐ (meaning no) and δέ (meaning however or but). The word οὐδέ adds another negative element to a sentence that already has one. οὐδέ can join words, phrases or whole clauses. It often functions like English Matthew 6:20John 7:5Romans 3:10 ἔνεκεν τοῦρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ, ἡ, τό
	greek
	Meaning:
	* The
	The definite article.
	Forms
	Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ ἀδικηθέντος, ἀλλ' ἔνεκεν τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ἡ, τό
	greek
	Meaning:
	*The
	The definite article.
	Forms
.2	 Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ φανερωθῆναι τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ἡ, τό
	greek
	Meaning:
	*The
	The definite article.
	Forms
	Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ σπουδὴν ὑμῶν τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ἡ, τό
	greek
	Meaning:
	*The
	The definite article.
	Forms
	Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ὑπὲρ ἡμῶν πρὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπρός
	greek
	Meaning
	* To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About
	Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.
	πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s ὑμᾶς ἐνώπιον τοῦρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό
	greek
	Meaning:
	* The
	* The The definite article.
	The definite article.
	The definite article. Forms
	The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ θεοῦ.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigθεὸς
	The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ θεοῦ.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigθεὸς greek
	The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ θεοῦ.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigθεὸς

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διὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδιά

greek

Meaning:

* Through * Because * On account of

Preposition that relates to movement through space, time, means or cause - it's a preposition of movement and mediation.

When used with the genitive case, διά emphasizes the means or channel by which something happens. John 1:3Matthew 24:12John 1:32 Timothy 2:10Romans 5:1John 1:17 τοῦτορlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigοὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 παρακεκλήμεθα. ἐπὶ δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ

areek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. τῆρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ παρακλήσει ἡμῶν περισσοτέρως μἄλλον ἐχάρημεν ἐπὶ τῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ, ἡ, τό

areek

13 Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ χαρᾳ Τίτου, ὅτι ἀναπέπαυται τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ πνεῦμα αὐτοῦρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἀπὸ πάντωνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \bar{\alpha} c$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 أبلاثلاث (With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17

ὄτι εἴ τι αὐτῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ὑπὲρ ὑμῶν κεκαύχημαι οὐ κατησχύνθην, ἀλλ' ὡς πάνταρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bignᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} c$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 ἐvplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐv

greek

Preposition meaning "in". ἀληθεία ἐλαλήσαμεν ὑμῖν, οὕτως καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἡplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ καύχησις ἡμῶν ἐπὶ Τίτου ἀλήθεια ἐγενήθη.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigγίνομαι

greek

Meaning

* To Become * To Come into being * Generate * To Happen * Brought to pass

Verb.

Different from είμί (which means "to be" - a state of existence); γίνομαι, instead, emphasizes coming to be - a transition or event. John 1:3Matthew 6:10

καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὰρμαίη-autotooltip default pluqin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ σπλάγχνα αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5.000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) περισσοτέρως εἰς ὑμᾶς ἐστινρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἀναμιμνησκομένου τὴνρluginautotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό greek 15 Meaning: * The The definite article Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ πάντωνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς greek Meaning * All * Every * The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of $\pi\alpha\zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 ὑμῶν ὑπακοήν, ὡς μετὰ φόβου καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τρόμου ἐδέξασθε αὐτόν.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) χαίρω ὅτι ἐνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν greek Preposition meaning "in". $\pi\alpha\nu\tau$ lplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big $\pi\alpha\varsigma$ greek Meaning * All * Every * The whole 16 Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 θαρρῶ ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigév greek

Preposition meaning "in". ὑμῖν.

ESV

- Since we have these promises, beloved, let us cleanse ourselves from every defilement of body and spirit, bringing holiness to completion in the fear of God.
- Make room in your hearts for us. We have wronged no one, we have corrupted no one, we have taken advantage of no one.
- I do not say this to condemn you, for I said before that you are in our hearts, to die together and to live together.
- I am acting with great boldness toward you; I have great pride in you; I am filled with comfort. In all our affliction, I am overflowing with joy.
- For even when we came into Macedonia, our bodies had no rest, but we were afflicted at every turn- fighting without and fear within.
- 6 But God, who comforts the downcast, comforted us by the coming of Titus,
- and not only by his coming but also by the comfort with which he was comforted by you, as he told us of your longing, your mourning, your zeal for me, so that I rejoiced still more.
- For even if I made you grieve with my letter, I do not regret it- though I did regret it, for I see that that letter grieved you, though only for a while.
- As it is, I rejoice, not because you were grieved, but because you were grieved into repenting. For you felt a godly grief, so that you suffered no loss through us.
- For godly grief produces a repentance that leads to salvation without regret, whereas worldly grief produces death.
- For see what earnestness this godly grief has produced in you, but also what eagerness to clear yourselves, what indignation, what fear, what longing, what zeal, what punishment! At every point you have proved yourselves innocent in the matter.
- So although I wrote to you, it was not for the sake of the one who did the wrong, nor for the sake of the one who suffered the wrong, but in order that your earnestness for us might be revealed to you in the sight of God.
- Therefore we are comforted. And besides our own comfort, we rejoiced still more at the joy of Titus, because his spirit has been refreshed by you all.
- For whatever boasts I made to him about you, I was not put to shame. But just as everything we said to you was true, so also our boasting before Titus has proved true.
- And his affection for you is even greater, as he remembers the obedience of you all, how you received him with fear and trembling.
- 16 I rejoice, because I have perfect confidence in you.

NIV

- Since we have these promises, dear friends, let us purify ourselves from everything that contaminates body and spirit, perfecting holiness out of reverence for God.
- Make room for us in your hearts. We have wronged no one, we have corrupted no one, we have exploited no one.
- I do not say this to condemn you; I have said before that you have such a place in our hearts that we would live or die with you.
- I have great confidence in you; I take great pride in you. I am greatly encouraged; in all our troubles my joy knows no bounds.
- For when we came into Macedonia, this body of ours had no rest, but we were harassed at every turn-conflicts on the outside, fears within.
- 6 But God, who comforts the downcast, comforted us by the coming of Titus,
- and not only by his coming but also by the comfort you had given him. He told us about your longing for me, your deep sorrow, your ardent concern for me, so that my joy was greater than ever.

- 8 Even if I caused you sorrow by my letter, I do not regret it. Though I did regret it-I see that my letter hurt you, but only for a little while-
- yet now I am happy, not because you were made sorry, but because your sorrow led you to repentance. For you became sorrowful as God intended and so were not harmed in any way by us.
- Godly sorrow brings repentance that leads to salvation and leaves no regret, but worldly sorrow brings death.
- See what this godly sorrow has produced in you: what earnestness, what eagerness to clear yourselves, what indignation, what alarm, what longing, what concern, what readiness to see justice done. At every point you have proved yourselves to be innocent in this matter.
- So even though I wrote to you, it was not on account of the one who did the wrong or of the injured party, but rather that before God you could see for yourselves how devoted to us you are.
- 13 By all this we are encouraged.
- In addition to our own encouragement, we were especially delighted to see how happy Titus was, because his spirit has been refreshed by all of you. I had boasted to him about you, and you have not embarrassed me. But just as everything we said to you was true, so our boasting about you to Titus has proved to be true as well.
- And his affection for you is all the greater when he remembers that you were all obedient, receiving him with fear and trembling.
- 16 I am glad I can have complete confidence in you.

NLT

- Because we have these promises, dear friends, let us cleanse ourselves from everything that can defile our body or spirit. And let us work toward complete holiness because we fear God.
- Please open your hearts to us. We have not done wrong to anyone, nor led anyone astray, nor taken advantage of anyone.
- I'm not saying this to condemn you. I said before that you are in our hearts, and we live or die together with you.
- I have the highest confidence in you, and I take great pride in you. You have greatly encouraged me and made me happy despite all our troubles.
- When we arrived in Macedonia, there was no rest for us. We faced conflict from every direction, with battles on the outside and fear on the inside.
- 6 But God, who encourages those who are discouraged, encouraged us by the arrival of Titus.
- His presence was a joy, but so was the news he brought of the encouragement he received from you. When he told us how much you long to see me, and how sorry you are for what happened, and how loyal you are to me, I was filled with joy!
- 8 | I am not sorry that I sent that severe letter to you, though I was sorry at first, for I know it was painful to you for a little while.
- Now I am glad I sent it, not because it hurt you, but because the pain caused you to repent and change your ways. It was the kind of sorrow God wants his people to have, so you were not harmed by us in any way.
- For the kind of sorrow God wants us to experience leads us away from sin and results in salvation.

 There's no regret for that kind of sorrow. But worldly sorrow, which lacks repentance, results in spiritual death.
- Just see what this godly sorrow produced in you! Such earnestness, such concern to clear yourselves, such indignation, such alarm, such longing to see me, such zeal, and such a readiness to punish wrong. You showed that you have done everything necessary to make things right.
- My purpose, then, was not to write about who did the wrong or who was wronged. I wrote to you so that in the sight of God you could see for yourselves how loyal you are to us.

- We have been greatly encouraged by this.In addition to our own encouragement, we were especially delighted to see how happy Titus was about the way all of you welcomed him and set
- his mind at ease.

 I had told him how proud I was of you- and you didn't disappoint me. I have always told you the
- truth, and now my boasting to Titus has also proved true!

 Now he cares for you more than ever when he remembers the way all of you obeyed him and welcomed him with such fear and deep respect.
- 16 I am very happy now because I have complete confidence in you.

KJV

- Having therefore these promises, dearly beloved, let us cleanse ourselves from all filthiness of the flesh and spirit, perfecting holiness in the fear of God.
- 2 Receive us; we have wronged no man, we have corrupted no man, we have defrauded no man.
- I speak not this to condemn you: for I have said before, that ye are in our hearts to die and live with you.
- Great is my boldness of speech toward you, great is my glorying of you: I am filled with comfort, I am exceeding joyful in all our tribulation.
- For, when we were come into Macedonia, our flesh had no rest, but we were troubled on every side; without were fightings, within were fears.
- 6 Nevertheless God, that comforteth those that are cast down, comforted us by the coming of Titus;
- And not by his coming only, but by the consolation wherewith he was comforted in you, when he told us your earnest desire, your mourning, your fervent mind toward me; so that I rejoiced the more.
- For though I made you sorry with a letter, I do not repent, though I did repent: for I perceive that the same epistle hath made you sorry, though it were but for a season.
- Now I rejoice, not that ye were made sorry, but that ye sorrowed to repentance: for ye were made sorry after a godly manner, that ye might receive damage by us in nothing.
- For godly sorrow worketh repentance to salvation not to be repented of: but the sorrow of the world worketh death.
- For behold this selfsame thing, that ye sorrowed after a godly sort, what carefulness it wrought in you, yea, what clearing of yourselves, yea, what indignation, yea, what fear, yea, what vehement desire, yea, what zeal, yea, what revenge! In all things ye have approved yourselves to be clear in this matter.
- Wherefore, though I wrote unto you, I did it not for his cause that had done the wrong, nor for his cause that suffered wrong, but that our care for you in the sight of God might appear unto you.
- Therefore we were comforted in your comfort: yea, and exceedingly the more joyed we for the joy of Titus, because his spirit was refreshed by you all.
- For if I have boasted any thing to him of you, I am not ashamed; but as we spake all things to you in truth, even so our boasting, which I made before Titus, is found a truth.
- And his inward affection is more abundant toward you, whilst he remembereth the obedience of you all, how with fear and trembling ye received him.
- 16 I rejoice therefore that I have confidence in you in all things.

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