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2 Samuel 5:8

Hebrew	אַת פָלּ וְיִגְּע בָּצּנּוֹר וְאָת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big. אַת בָּצנּוֹר וְאָת
	hebrew
	The Hebrew אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.
	For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אֵלהֵים (הַפּּסְחִים וְאָת comple, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַלהֵים (הַפּּסְחִים וְאָת
	hebrew
	The Hebrew אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.
	For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בְּרֵא אֶלהָים (הָעִוְרִים שטאו שְּׁנָאֵי גָפֶשׁ דְּרֵד עַל בֵּלְ יְאֹמְרֹּוּ עַלֵּי וּפַשַּׁח לְאֹ יְבָוֹא אֶל הַבֵּּיִת
ESV	And David said on that day, "Whoever would strike the Jebusites, let him get up the water shaft to attack 'the lame and the blind,' who are hated by David's soul." Therefore it is said, "The blind and the lame shall not come into the house."
NIV	On that day, David said, "Anyone who conquers the Jebusites will have to use the water shaft to reach those 'lame and blind' who are David's enemies. "That is why they say, "The 'blind and lame' will not enter the palace."
NLT	On the day of the attack, David said to his troops, "I hate those 'lame' and 'blind' Jebusites. Whoever attacks them should strike by going into the city through the water tunnel." That is the origin of the saying, "The blind and the lame may not enter the house."

καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπεν Δαυιδ τῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó

greek

The definite article ἡμέρα ἐκείνῃ πᾶςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τύπτων Ιεβουσαῖον ἀπτέσθω ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". παραξιφίδι καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

greek

The definite article χωλοὺς καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

LXX

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τοὺς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

greek

The definite article τυφλοὺς καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigo

greek

The definite article μισοῦντας τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

greek

The definite article ψυχὴν Δαυιδ διὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδιά

greek

Meaning:

* Through * Because * On account of

Preposition that relates to movement through space, time, means or cause - it's a preposition of movement and mediation.

When used with the genitive case, διά emphasizes the means or channel by which something happens.John 1:3Matthew 24:12John 1:32 Timothy 2:10Romans 5:1John 1:17 τοῦτορlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigοὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

 st These or this st This one, this person, this thing st They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἐροῦσιν τυφλοὶ καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" χωλοὶ οὐκ εἰσελεύσονται εἰς οἶκον κυρίου

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ΚJV

And David said on that day, Whosoever getteth up to the gutter, and smiteth the Jebusites, and the lame and the blind, that are hated of David's soul, he shall be chief and captain. Wherefore they said, The blind and the lame shall not come into the house.

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