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Acts 1

Verses: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26

Text

Greek

Tòvplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigò areek The definite article μὲν πρῶτον λόγονplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigλόγος * A word or words * Statement * Message * Speech * Account * Used in John to mean God the Son Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω. λόγος in Greek Thought Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... ἐποιησάμηνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigποιέω Meaning: * To do * To make This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship. Verb forms Present tense Person Greek Form περὶ πάντων,plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς greek Meaning * All * Every * The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of $\pi\alpha\zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns ightarrow "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 $m \mathring{\omega}$ Θεόφιλε, ὧν ἤρξατο ὁplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ greek The definite article Ἰησοῦς ποιεῖνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigποιέω Meaning: * To do * To make This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship. Present tense Person Greek Form τε καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" διδάσκειν

ἄχρι ἦς ἡμέρας ἐντειλάμενος τοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

gree

The definite article ἀποστόλοις διὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδιά

greek

Meaning:

* Through * Because * On account of

Preposition that relates to movement through space, time, means or cause - it's a preposition of movement and mediation.

When used with the genitive case, διά emphasizes the means or channel by which something happens.John 1:3Matthew 24:12John 1:32 Timothy 2:10Romans 5:1John 1:17 πνεύματος ἀγίου οὒς ἐξελέξατο ἀνελήμφθη·

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οἷς καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" παρέστησεν έαυτὸν ζώντα μετὰ τὸρluginautotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek The definite article παθεῖν αὐτὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν greek Preposition meaning "in". πολλοῖς τεκμηρίοις, δι'plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδιά greek Meaning: * Through * Because * On account of Preposition that relates to movement through space, time, means or cause - it's a preposition of movement and mediation. When used with the genitive case, διά emphasizes the means or channel by which something happens. John 1:3Matthew 24:12 John 1:32 Timothy 2:10 Romans |5:1John 1:17 ἡμερῶν τεσσεράκοντα ὀπτανόμενος αὐτοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός areek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" λέγων τὰplugin-autotooltip 🛮 default pluginautotooltip_bigò greek The definite article περὶ τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek The definite article βασιλείας τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek The definite article $\theta \epsilon o \tilde{v}$.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big $\theta \epsilon \delta \varsigma$ greek Masculine noun meaning: * A god or goddess * God

καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" συναλιζόμενος παρήγγειλεν αὐτοῖς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἀπὸ Ἱεροσολύμων μὴ χωρίζεσθαι, ἀλλὰ περιμένειν τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

greek

The definite article ἐπαγγελίαν τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

areek

The definite article πατρὸς ἣν ἠκούσατέ μου·

ὄτι Ἰωάννης μὲν ἐβάπτισεν ὕδατι, ὑμεῖς δὲplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". πνεύματι βαπτισθήσεσθε ἀγίω οὐ μετὰ πολλὰς ταύταςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὔτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

st These or this st This one, this person, this thing st They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἡμέρας.

2025/11/04 23:15 5/25 Acts 1 oiplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò The definite article μὲν οὖν συνελθόντες ἡρώτων αὐτὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) λέγοντες· κύριε, εἰ ἐνplugin-autotooltip default pluginautotooltip_bigev greek Preposition meaning "in". τῷplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek The definite article χρόνῳ τούτῳplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigοὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο greek Meaning: st These or this st This one, this person, this thing st They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew |3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἀποκαθιστάνεις τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek The definite article βασιλείαν τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò areek The definite article Ἰσραήλ: εἶπεν πρὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπρός greek Meaning * To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About Preposition, Occurs 703 times in the New Testament. πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s.. αὐτούς,plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) οὑχ ὑμῶν ἐστινρlugin-autotooltip__default pluginautotooltip_bigεἰμί areek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. γνῶναι χρόνους ἢ καιροὺς οὓς ὁplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ The definite article πατὴρ ἔθετο ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν greek

The definite article ίδία έξουσία

greek

Preposition meaning "in". τῆplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò

άλλὰ λήμψεσθε δύναμιν ἐπελθόντος τοῦplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò The definite article ἀγίου πνεύματος ἐφ' ὑμᾶς, καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔσεσθέρlugin-autotooltip default pluginautotooltip bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. μου μάρτυρες ἔνρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigέν greek Preposition meaning "in". τε Ἱερουσαλὴμ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐνρlugin-autotooltip__default pluginautotooltip_bige้ง greek Preposition meaning "in". πάσηρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς greek Meaning * All * Every * The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of $\pi\alpha\zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek The definite article Ἰουδαία καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Σαμαρία καὶρlugin-autotooltip 🛮 default pluginautotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔως ἐσχάτου τῆςplugin-autotooltip default pluginautotooltip bigò greek The definite article γῆς.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigγῆ st Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) st Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) st Country st Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5) Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology". It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1

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καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ταῦταplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 εἰπὼν βλεπόντων αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐπήρθη, καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" νεφέλη ὑπέλαβεν αὐτὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigaὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἀπὸ τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

greek

The definite article ὀφθαλμῶν αὐτῶν.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ὡς ἀτενίζοντες ἦσανρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. εἰς τὸνρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigὁ

areel

The definite article οὐρανὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὐρανός

Meaning:

* The sky * Air * Heaven or heavens

278 occurrences in the New Testament.

Οὐρανός is used in Scripture to describe the sky and universe (that is, the visible expanse above the earth) as well as the transcendent realm where God is present. For example, in Matthew 6:26Matthew 24:29Matthew 6:9 πορευομένου αὐτοῦ, plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

10 greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἰδοὺ ἄνδρες δύο παρειστήκεισαν αὐτοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) Évplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigév

greek

Preposition meaning "in". ἐσθήσεσι λευκαῖς,

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οι καιρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπαν· ἄνδρες Γαλιλαῖοι, τί ἐστήκατε βλέποντες εἰς τὸνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

greek

The definite article οὐρανόν;plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigoὐρανός

Meaning

* The sky * Air * Heaven or heavens

278 occurrences in the New Testament.

Οὐρανός is used in Scripture to describe the sky and universe (that is, the visible expanse above the earth) as well as the transcendent realm where God is present. For example, in Matthew 6:26Matthew 24:29Matthew 6:9 οὖτοςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ὀplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ

areel

The definite article Ἰησοῦς oplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigo

11 greek

The definite article ἀναλημφθεὶς ἀφ' ὑμῶν εἰς τὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

greek

The definite article οὐρανὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὐρανός

Meaning

* The sky * Air * Heaven or heavens

278 occurrences in the New Testament.

Οὐρανός is used in Scripture to describe the sky and universe (that is, the visible expanse above the earth) as well as the transcendent realm where God is present. For example, in Matthew 6:26Matthew 24:29Matthew 6:9 οὕτως ἐλεύσεται ὂν τρόπον ἐθεάσασθε αὐτὸνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) πορευόμενον εἰς τὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigċ

greek

The definite article οὐρανόν.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὐρανός

Meaning:

* The sky * Air * Heaven or heavens

278 occurrences in the New Testament.

Οὐρανός is used in Scripture to describe the sky and universe (that is, the visible expanse above the earth) as well as the transcendent realm where God is present. For example, in Matthew 6:26Matthew 24:29Matthew 6:9

Τότε ὑπέστρεψαν εἰς Ἱερουσαλὴμ ἀπὸ ὄρους τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

gree

The definite article καλουμένου ἐλαιῶνος, ὄ ἐστινplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

12 greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἐγγὺς Ἱερουσαλὴμ σαββάτου ἔχον ὁδόν.

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καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ὅτε εἰσῆλθον, εἰς τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek The definite article ὑπερῷον ἀνέβησαν οὖ ἦσανplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καταμένοντες, ὄplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek The definite article τε Πέτρος καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Ἰωάννης καὶρlugin-autotooltip__default pluginautotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Ἰάκωβος καὶplugin-autotooltip__default pluginautotooltip biακαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Ἀνδρέας, Φίλιππος καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Θωμᾶς, Βαρθολομαῖος καὶρluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Μαθθαῖος, Ἰάκωβος Ἀλφαίου καὶpluginautotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Σίμων ὁplugin-autotooltip__default pluginautotooltip_bigò greek The definite article ζηλωτὴς καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Ἰούδας Ἰακώβου.

οὖτοιplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο Meaning: st These or this st This one, this person, this thing st They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 πάντεςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς greek Meaning * All * Every * The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 ἦσανplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. προσκαρτεροῦντες ὁμοθυμαδὸν τῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek The definite article προσευχῆ σὺν γυναιξὶν καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί |14|greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Μαριὰμ τῆplugin-autotooltip__default pluginautotooltip_bigò The definite article μητρὶ τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek The definite article Ἰησοῦ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default pluginautotooltip_bigò greek The definite article ἀδελφοῖς αὐτοῦ.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

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Kαìplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" <code>£vplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-</code> autotooltip_bige้ง greek Preposition meaning "in". ταῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò The definite article ἡμέραις ταύταιςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο greek Meaning: st These or this st This one, this person, this thing st They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἀναστὰς Πέτρος ἐvplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigἐν Preposition meaning "in". μέσω τωνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò The definite article ἀδελφῶν εἶπεν ἦνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. τε ὄχλος ὀνομάτων ἐπὶ τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ The definite article αὐτὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ώσεὶ ἑκατὸν εἴκοσι,

ἄνδρες ἀδελφοί, ἔδει πληρωθῆναι τὴνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò The definite article γραφὴν ἣν προεῖπεν τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ greek The definite article πνεῦμα τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ The definite article ἄγιον διὰplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδιά greek Meaning: * Through * Because * On account of Preposition that relates to movement through space, time, means or cause - it's a preposition of movement and mediation. When used with the genitive case, διά emphasizes the means or channel by which something happens.John 1:3Matthew 24:12John 1:32 Timothy 2:10Romans 5:1John 1:17 στόματος Δαυείδ περὶ Ἰούδα τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek The definite article γενομένουplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigyίνομαι greek Meaning * To Become * To Come into being * Generate * To Happen * Brought to pass Verb. Different from εἰμί (which means "to be" - a state of existence); γίνομαι, instead, emphasizes coming to be - a transition or event. John 1:14 John 1:3 Matthew |6:10 ὁδηγοῦ τοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò areek The definite article συλλαβοῦσιν Ἰησοῦν, ὄτι κατηριθμημένος ἦνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ένplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigέν areek Preposition meaning "in". ἡμῖν καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So 17 Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔλαχεν τὸνρlugin-autotooltip_default pluginautotooltip_bigò areek The definite article κλῆρον τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò The definite article διακονίας ταύτης.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο greek Meaning: * These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19

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οὖτοςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

st These or this st This one, this person, this thing st They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 μὲν οὖν ἐκτήσατο χωρίον ἐκ μισθοῦ τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó

areel

The definite article ἀδικίας, καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πρηνής γενόμενοςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigy(νομαι

greek

Meaning

* To Become * To Come into being * Generate * To Happen * Brought to pass

Verb.

Different from εἰμί (which means "to be" - a state of existence); γίνομαι, instead, emphasizes coming to be - a transition or event.John 1:14John 1:3Matthew 6:10 ἐλάκησεν μέσος, καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

18 greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} c$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigό

greek

The definite article σπλάγχνα αὐτοῦ.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

δ καιρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" γνωστὸν ἐγένετοplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigy(νομαι

greek

Meaning

* To Become * To Come into being * Generate * To Happen * Brought to pass

Verb

Different from εἰμί (which means "to be" - a state of existence); γίνομαι, instead, emphasizes coming to be - a transition or event. John 1:14 John 1:3 Matthew 6:10 πᾶσιρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

greek

19

The definite article κατοικοῦσιν Ἱερουσαλήμ, ὥστε κληθῆναι τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

greek

The definite article χωρίον ἐκεῖνο τῆρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

greek

The definite article ἰδία διαλέκτω αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἄχελδαμάχ, τοῦτ'plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigοὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἔστιν,plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. χωρίον αἵματος. 2025/11/04 23:15 17/25 Acts 1

γέγραπται γὰρ ἐνρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigἐν Preposition meaning "in". βίβλω ψαλμῶν, γενηθήτωplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigγίνομαι greek Meaning * To Become * To Come into being * Generate * To Happen * Brought to pass Different from εἰμί (which means "to be" - a state of existence); γίνομαι, instead, emphasizes coming to be - a transition or event. John 1:14 John 1:3 Matthew 6:10 nplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigo greek The definite article ἔπαυλις αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἔρημος καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μὴ ἔστωρlugin-autotooltip_default pluginautotooltip_bigεἰμί areek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. oplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigo greek The definite article κατοικῶν ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν greek Preposition meaning "in". αὐτῆ,plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καί, plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὴνρlugin-autotooltip_default pluginautotooltip bigò greek The definite article ἐπισκοπὴν αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) λαβέτω ἕτερος.

δεῖ οὖν τῶνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

greel

The definite article συνελθόντων ἡμῖν ἀνδρῶν ἐνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". παντὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

21 Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \alpha \zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 χρόνῳ ῷ εἰσῆλθεν καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

areek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐξῆλθεν ἐφ' ἡμᾶς ὀplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

greek

The definite article κύριος Ἰησοῦς,

ἀρξάμενος ἀπὸ τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

greek

The definite article βαπτίσματος Ἰωάννου ἄχρι τῆςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò

greek

The definite article ἡμέρας ἦς ἀνελήμφθη ἀφ' ἡμῶν, μάρτυρα τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

greek

The definite article ἀναστάσεως αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

222 Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) σὺν ἡμῖν γενέσθαιplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigγίνομαι

greek

Meaning

* To Become * To Come into being * Generate * To Happen * Brought to pass

Verb.

Different from εἰμί (which means "to be" - a state of existence); γίνομαι, instead, emphasizes coming to be - a transition or event. John 1:14 John 1:3 Matthew 6:10 ἔνα τούτων. plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

st These or this st This one, this person, this thing st They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19

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Kαìplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔστησαν δύο, Ἰωσὴφ τὸνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

23 greek

The definite article καλούμενον Βαρσαββᾶν, δς ἐπεκλήθη Ἰοῦστος, καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" $M\alpha\theta\theta(\alpha\nu)$.

καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" προσευξάμενοι εἶπαν, σὺ κύριε, καρδιογνῶστα πάντων,plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi\alpha\zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Colossians 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 ἀνάδειξον ὂν ἐξελέξω ἐκ τούτωνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigοὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 τῶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

greel

The definite article δύο ἕνα

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λαβεῖν τὸνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò
  The definite article τόπον τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
   greek
  The definite article διακονίας ταύτηςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο
  greek
   Meaning:
   * These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it
   Demonstrative pronoun.
25 οὕτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew
   3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
   greek
  Meaning
   * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
  Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀποστολῆς, ἀφ΄ ἦς παρέβη Ἰούδας πορευθῆναι εἰς
   τὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigò
  greek
  The definite article τόπον τὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
  The definite article ἴδιον.
  καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί
  greek
   Meaning
   * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
   ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔδωκαν κλήρους αὐτοῖς,plugin-autotooltip default
  plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
  greek
  Meaning
   * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
  Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
  Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
|<mark>26</mark>|Meaning
   * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
  Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔπεσεν ὁplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-
  autotooltip bigò
  The definite article κλῆρος ἐπὶ Μαθθίαν, καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί
  greek
   Meaning
   * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
  ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" συνκατεψηφίσθη μετὰ τῶνplugin-
  autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
  The definite article ἕνδεκα ἀποστόλων.
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ESV

 L_{I} In the first book, O Theophilus, I have dealt with all that Jesus began to do and teach,

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until the day when he was taken up, after he had given commands through the Holy Spirit to the apostles whom he had chosen.

- To them he presented himself alive after his suffering by many proofs, appearing to them during forty days and speaking about the kingdom of God.
- And while staying with them he ordered them not to depart from Jerusalem, but to wait for the promise of the Father, which, he said, "you heard from me;
- for John baptized with water, but you will be baptized with the Holy Spirit not many days from now."
- 6 So when they had come together, they asked him, "Lord, will you at this time restore the kingdom to Israel?"
- He said to them, "It is not for you to know times or seasons that the Father has fixed by his own authority.
- But you will receive power when the Holy Spirit has come upon you, and you will be my witnesses in Jerusalem and in all Judea and Samaria, and to the end of the earth."
- And when he had said these things, as they were looking on, he was lifted up, and a cloud took him out of their sight.
- And while they were gazing into heaven as he went, behold, two men stood by them in white robes,
- and said, "Men of Galilee, why do you stand looking into heaven? This Jesus, who was taken up from you into heaven, will come in the same way as you saw him go into heaven."
- Then they returned to Jerusalem from the mount called Olivet, which is near Jerusalem, a Sabbath day's journey away.
- And when they had entered, they went up to the upper room, where they were staying, Peter and John and James and Andrew, Philip and Thomas, Bartholomew and Matthew, James the son of Alphaeus and Simon the Zealot and Judas the son of James.
- All these with one accord were devoting themselves to prayer, together with the women and Mary the mother of Jesus, and his brothers.
- 15 In those days Peter stood up among the brothers (the company of persons was in all about 120) and said,
- "Brothers, the Scripture had to be fulfilled, which the Holy Spirit spoke beforehand by the mouth of David concerning Judas, who became a guide to those who arrested Jesus.
- 17 For he was numbered among us and was allotted his share in this ministry."
- (Now this man bought a field with the reward of his wickedness, and falling headlong he burst open in the middle and all his bowels gushed out.
- And it became known to all the inhabitants of Jerusalem, so that the field was called in their own language Akeldama, that is, Field of Blood.)
- "For it is written in the Book of Psalms, "' May his camp become desolate, and let there be no one to dwell in it'; and "'Let another take his office.'
- So one of the men who have accompanied us during all the time that the Lord Jesus went in and out among us,
- beginning from the baptism of John until the day when he was taken up from us- one of these men must become with us a witness to his resurrection."
- 23 And they put forward two, Joseph called Barsabbas, who was also called Justus, and Matthias.
- And they prayed and said, "You, Lord, who know the hearts of all, show which one of these two you have chosen
- to take the place in this ministry and apostleship from which Judas turned aside to go to his own place."
- And they cast lots for them, and the lot fell on Matthias, and he was numbered with the eleven apostles.

- Last update: 2025/08/14 06:44 https://groveserver.com/bible/doku.php?id=acts 1 acts 1 In my former book, Theophilus, I wrote about all that Jesus began to do and to teach until the day he was taken up to heaven, after giving instructions through the Holy Spirit to the apostles he had chosen. After his suffering, he showed himself to these men and gave many convincing proofs that he was alive. He appeared to them over a period of forty days and spoke about the kingdom of God. On one occasion, while he was eating with them, he gave them this command: "Do not leave Jerusalem, but wait for the gift my Father promised, which you have heard me speak about. For John baptized with water, but in a few days you will be baptized with the Holy Spirit." So when they met together, they asked him, "Lord, are you at this time going to restore the kingdom to Israel?" He said to them: "It is not for you to know the times or dates the Father has set by his own authority. But you will receive power when the Holy Spirit comes on you; and you will be my witnesses in Jerusalem, and in all Judea and Samaria, and to the ends of the earth." After he said this, he was taken up before their very eyes, and a cloud hid him from their sight. They were looking intently up into the sky as he was going, when suddenly two men dressed in white stood beside them. "Men of Galilee," they said, "why do you stand here looking into the sky? This same Jesus, who 11 has been taken from you into heaven, will come back in the same way you have seen him go into heaven." Then they returned to Jerusalem from the hill called the Mount of Olives, a Sabbath day's walk from the city. When they arrived, they went upstairs to the room where they were staying. Those present were 13 Peter, John, James and Andrew: Philip and Thomas, Bartholomew and Matthew: James son of Alphaeus and Simon the Zealot, and Judas son of James. They all joined together constantly in prayer, along with the women and Mary the mother of Jesus, and with his brothers. In those days Peter stood up among the believers (a group numbering about a hundred and twenty) and said, "Brothers, the Scripture had to be fulfilled which the Holy Spirit spoke long ago through the mouth of David concerning Judas, who served as guide for those who arrested Jesus-17 he was one of our number and shared in this ministry." (With the reward he got for his wickedness, Judas bought a field; there he fell headlong, his body burst open and all his intestines spilled out. Everyone in Jerusalem heard about this, so they called that field in their language Akeldama, that is, Field of Blood.) "For," said Peter, "it is written in the book of Psalms, "'May his place be deserted; let there be no one to dwell in it,' and, "'May another take his place of leadership.'
- Therefore it is necessary to choose one of the men who have been with us the whole time the 21 Lord Jesus went in and out among us,
- beginning from John's baptism to the time when Jesus was taken up from us. For one of these 22 must become a witness with us of his resurrection."
- 23 So they proposed two men: Joseph called Barsabbas (also known as Justus) and Matthias.
- Then they prayed, "Lord, you know everyone's heart. Show us which of these two you have 24 chosen
- 25 to take over this apostolic ministry, which Judas left to go where he belongs."
- 26 Then they cast lots, and the lot fell to Matthias; so he was added to the eleven apostles.

NLT

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- 1 In my first book I told you, Theophilus, about everything Jesus began to do and teach
- until the day he was taken up to heaven after giving his chosen apostles further instructions through the Holy Spirit.
- During the forty days after his crucifixion, he appeared to the apostles from time to time, and he proved to them in many ways that he was actually alive. And he talked to them about the Kingdom of God.
- Once when he was eating with them, he commanded them, "Do not leave Jerusalem until the Father sends you the gift he promised, as I told you before.
- 5 John baptized with water, but in just a few days you will be baptized with the Holy Spirit."
- So when the apostles were with Jesus, they kept asking him, "Lord, has the time come for you to free Israel and restore our kingdom?"
- He replied, "The Father alone has the authority to set those dates and times, and they are not for you to know.
- But you will receive power when the Holy Spirit comes upon you. And you will be my witnesses, telling people about me everywhere- in Jerusalem, throughout Judea, in Samaria, and to the ends of the earth."
- 9 After saying this, he was taken up into a cloud while they were watching, and they could no longer see him.
- 10 As they strained to see him rising into heaven, two white-robed men suddenly stood among them.
- "Men of Galilee," they said, "why are you standing here staring into heaven? Jesus has been taken from you into heaven, but someday he will return from heaven in the same way you saw him go!"
- 12 Then the apostles returned to Jerusalem from the Mount of Olives, a distance of half a mile.
- When they arrived, they went to the upstairs room of the house where they were staying. Here are the names of those who were present: Peter, John, James, Andrew, Philip, Thomas, Bartholomew, Matthew, James (son of Alphaeus), Simon (the Zealot), and Judas (son of James).
- They all met together and were constantly united in prayer, along with Mary the mother of Jesus, several other women, and the brothers of Jesus.
- During this time, when about 120 believers were together in one place, Peter stood up and addressed them.
- "Brothers," he said, "the Scriptures had to be fulfilled concerning Judas, who guided those who arrested Jesus. This was predicted long ago by the Holy Spirit, speaking through King David.
- 17 Judas was one of us and shared in the ministry with us."
- (Judas had bought a field with the money he received for his treachery. Falling headfirst there, his body split open, spilling out all his intestines.
- The news of his death spread to all the people of Jerusalem, and they gave the place the Aramaic name [Akeldama,] which means "Field of Blood.")
- Peter continued, "This was written in the book of Psalms, where it says, 'Let his home become desolate, with no one living in it.' It also says, 'Let someone else take his position.'
- "So now we must choose a replacement for Judas from among the men who were with us the entire time we were traveling with the Lord Jesus-
- from the time he was baptized by John until the day he was taken from us. Whoever is chosen will join us as a witness of Jesus' resurrection."
- 23 So they nominated two men: Joseph called Barsabbas (also known as Justus) and Matthias.
- Then they all prayed, "O Lord, you know every heart. Show us which of these men you have chosen
- as an apostle to replace Judas in this ministry, for he has deserted us and gone where he belongs."
- 26 Then they cast lots, and Matthias was selected to become an apostle with the other eleven.

- 1 The former treatise have I made, O Theophilus, of all that Jesus began both to do and teach,
- 2 Until the day in which he was taken up, after that he through the Holy Ghost had given commandments unto the apostles whom he had chosen:
- To whom also he shewed himself alive after his passion by many infallible proofs, being seen of them forty days, and speaking of the things pertaining to the kingdom of God:
- And, being assembled together with them, commanded them that they should not depart from Jerusalem, but wait for the promise of the Father, which, saith he, ye have heard of me.
- For John truly baptized with water; but ye shall be baptized with the Holy Ghost not many days hence.
- When they therefore were come together, they asked of him, saying, Lord, wilt thou at this time restore again the kingdom to Israel?
- And he said unto them, It is not for you to know the times or the seasons, which the Father hath put in his own power.
- But ye shall receive power, after that the Holy Ghost is come upon you: and ye shall be witnesses unto me both in Jerusalem, and in all Judaea, and in Samaria, and unto the uttermost part of the earth.
- And when he had spoken these things, while they beheld, he was taken up; and a cloud received him out of their sight.
- And while they looked stedfastly toward heaven as he went up, behold, two men stood by them in white apparel;
- Which also said, Ye men of Galilee, why stand ye gazing up into heaven? this same Jesus, which is taken up from you into heaven, shall so come in like manner as ye have seen him go into heaven.
- Then returned they unto Jerusalem from the mount called Olivet, which is from Jerusalem a sabbath day's journey.
- And when they were come in, they went up into an upper room, where abode both Peter, and James, and John, and Andrew, Philip, and Thomas, Bartholomew, and Matthew, James the son of Alphaeus, and Simon Zelotes, and Judas the brother of James.
- These all continued with one accord in prayer and supplication, with the women, and Mary the mother of Jesus, and with his brethren.
- And in those days Peter stood up in the midst of the disciples, and said, (the number of names together were about an hundred and twenty,)
- Men and brethren, this scripture must needs have been fulfilled, which the Holy Ghost by the mouth of David spake before concerning Judas, which was guide to them that took Jesus.
- 17 For he was numbered with us, and had obtained part of this ministry.
- Now this man purchased a field with the reward of iniquity; and falling headlong, he burst asunder in the midst, and all his bowels gushed out.
- And it was known unto all the dwellers at Jerusalem; insomuch as that field is called in their proper tongue, Aceldama, that is to say, The field of blood.
- For it is written in the book of Psalms, Let his habitation be desolate, and let no man dwell therein: and his bishoprick let another take.
- Wherefore of these men which have companied with us all the time that the Lord Jesus went in and out among us,
- Beginning from the baptism of John, unto that same day that he was taken up from us, must one be ordained to be a witness with us of his resurrection.
- 23 And they appointed two, Joseph called Barsabas, who was surnamed Justus, and Matthias.
- And they prayed, and said, Thou, Lord, which knowest the hearts of all men, shew whether of these two thou hast chosen,
- That he may take part of this ministry and apostleship, from which Judas by transgression fell, that he might go to his own place.
- And they gave forth their lots; and the lot fell upon Matthias; and he was numbered with the eleven apostles.

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