

Τότε ὑπέστρεψαν εἰς Ἱερουσαλὴμ ἀπὸ ὅρους τοῦ plugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

\* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ plugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαλουμένου ἐλαιῶνος, ὅς, ἥ, ὅ

greek

Meaning:

\* Who \* Which \* What

The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).

It is distinct from ὅτι (“that,” introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning plugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”).

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. plugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐγγὺς Ἱερουσαλὴμ σαββάτου ἔχον ὁδόν.

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