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Acts 15:17

```
ὄπως ἃν ἐκζητήσωσιν olplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ἡ, τό
areek
Meaning:
* The
The definite article
Forms
|Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ κατάλοιποι τῶνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigὁ, ἡ, τό
greek
Meaning:
 * The
The definite article
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἀνθρώπων τὸνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό
areek
 * The
The definite article.
Forms
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ κύριον, καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πάνταρμαίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bignāc
greek
Meaning
* All * Every * The whole
Adjective.
Usage in the New Testament
The sense of πας depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.
With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τὰplugin-autotooltip_ default plugin-autotooltip_ bigò, ἡ, τό
greek
* The
The definite article
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἔθνη ἐφ΄ οὒcpluqin-autotooltip default pluqin-autotooltip bigŏc, ἤ, ὅ
greek
Meaning:
* Who * Which * What
The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).
lt is distinct from ὄτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὄς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning ἐπικέκληται τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό
greek
Meaning:
* The
The definite article.
Forms
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ὄνομά μου ἐπ' αὐτούς, plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
greek
Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) λέγει κύριος ποιῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigποιέω
Meaning:
This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.
Verb forms
Present tense Person Greek Form ταὕταρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο
greek
Meaning:
* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it
οὕτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19
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ESV	that the remnant of mankind may seek the Lord, and all the Gentiles who are called by my name, says the Lord, who makes these things

Acts 15:16 ← Acts 15:17 → Acts 15:18

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NIV that the remnant of men may seek the Lord, and all the Gentiles who bear my name, says the Lord, who does these things'

NLT so that the rest of humanity might seek the LORD, including the Gentiles- all those I have called to be mine. The LORD has spoken
KJV That the residue of men might seek after the Lord, and all the Gentiles, upon whom my name is called, saith the Lord, who doeth all these things.