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## Acts 19:25

	οὓςplugin-autotooltipdefault plugin-autotooltip_bigőς, ἥ, ὄ
	greek
	Meaning:
	* Who * Which * What
	The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).
	lt is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning συναθροίσας καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
	greek
	Meaning
	* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
	ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό
	greek
	Meaning:
	* The
	The definite article.
	Forms
	 Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ περὶ τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ τό
	greek
	Meaning:
	* The
	The definite article.
	Forms
Greek	Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ τοιαῦτα ἐργάτας εἶπεν, ἄνδρες, ἐπίστασθε ὅτι ἐκ ταύτηςplugin-autotooltipdefault plugin-autotooltip_bigοὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο
	greek
	Meaning:
	* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it
	Demonstrative pronoun.
	οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ἡ, τό
	greek
	Meaning:
	* The
	The definite article.
	Forms
	Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἐργασίας ἡplugin-autotooltip_default plugin- autotooltip_bigó, ἡ, τό
	greek
	Meaning:
	* The
	The definite article.
	Forms
	Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ εὐπορία ἡμῖν ἐστιν,plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί
	greek
	εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
	lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g.

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ESV	These he gathered together, with the workmen in similar trades, and said, "Men, you know that from this business we have our wealth.
NIV	He called them together, along with the workmen in related trades, and said: "Men, you know we receive a good income from this business.
	He called them together, along with others employed in similar trades, and addressed them as follows: "Gentlemen, you know that our wealth comes from this business.
KJV	Whom he called together with the workmen of like occupation, and said, Sirs, ye know that by this craft we have our wealth.

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