

Acts 2:25

Greek	Δαυεῖδ γὰρ λέγει εἰς αὐτόν,plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) <tr><td> προορώμην τὸνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms <tr><td> Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ κύριον μου ἐνώπιόν μου διαπαντός, ὅτι ἐκ δεξιῶν μου ἐστίνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἵνα μὴ σαλευθῶ. </td></tr><tr><td> ESV For David says concerning him, “ I saw the Lord always before me, for he is at my right hand that I may not be shaken; </td></tr><tr><td> NIV David said about him: “I saw the Lord always before me. Because he is at my right hand, I will not be shaken. </td></tr><tr><td> NLT King David said this about him: 'I see that the LORD is always with me. I will not be shaken, for he is right beside me. </td></tr><tr><td> KJV For David speaketh concerning him, I foresaw the Lord always before my face, for he is on my right hand, that I should not be moved: </td></tr></td></tr>	προορώμην τὸνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms <tr><td> Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ κύριον μου ἐνώπιόν μου διαπαντός, ὅτι ἐκ δεξιῶν μου ἐστίνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἵνα μὴ σαλευθῶ. </td></tr> <tr><td> ESV For David says concerning him, “ I saw the Lord always before me, for he is at my right hand that I may not be shaken; </td></tr> <tr><td> NIV David said about him: “I saw the Lord always before me. Because he is at my right hand, I will not be shaken. </td></tr> <tr><td> NLT King David said this about him: 'I see that the LORD is always with me. I will not be shaken, for he is right beside me. </td></tr> <tr><td> KJV For David speaketh concerning him, I foresaw the Lord always before my face, for he is on my right hand, that I should not be moved: </td></tr>	Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ κύριον μου ἐνώπιόν μου διαπαντός, ὅτι ἐκ δεξιῶν μου ἐστίνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἵνα μὴ σαλευθῶ.	ESV For David says concerning him, “ I saw the Lord always before me, for he is at my right hand that I may not be shaken;	NIV David said about him: “I saw the Lord always before me. Because he is at my right hand, I will not be shaken.	NLT King David said this about him: 'I see that the LORD is always with me. I will not be shaken, for he is right beside me.	KJV For David speaketh concerning him, I foresaw the Lord always before my face, for he is on my right hand, that I should not be moved:
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