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έγω δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. $απεκρίθην, τίς εἶ, plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί$

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. κύριε; εἶπέν τε πρός plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigπρός

greek

Meaning

* To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About

Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.

πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... ἐμέ, ἐγώ εἰμιρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

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It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example $\epsilon l\mu (i)$ is the word for am and $\tilde{l} v$ is the word for was, e.g. $l\eta \sigma o \tilde{v} c$ oplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigo, $\dot{l} c$, $\dot{l} c$

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ Ναζωραῖος δυρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigŏς, ἤ, ὅ

greek

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Meaning:

* Who * Which * What

The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).

It is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning σὺ διώκεις.

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