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## Acts 3:18

oplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό areek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ δὲplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigδέ areek δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English.  $\theta\epsilon\delta\varsigma$  plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big $\theta\epsilon\delta\varsigma$ Masculine noun meaning: \* A god or goddess \* God αplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὄς, ἥ, ὄ greek Meaning: \* Who \* Which \* What The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent). lt is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὄς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning προκατήγγειλεν διὰplugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip\_bigδιά greek Meaning: \* Through \* Because \* On account of Preposition that relates to movement through space, time, means or cause - it's a preposition of movement and mediation. When used with the genitive case, διά emphasizes the means or channel by which something happens. John 1:3Matthew 24:12John 1:32 Timothy 2:10Romans 5:1John 1:17 στόματος πάντωνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπᾶς greek Meaning Greek \* All \* Every \* The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of  $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta$  depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τωνpluginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ προφητῶν παθεῖν τὸνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ, ἡ, τό areek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ Χριστὸνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigΧριστός Christ means "anointed one" The equivalent Hebrew word is Messiah (מָשִׁיתַ) Noun, masculine. αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐπλήρωσεν οὕτως

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ESV	But what God foretold by the mouth of all the prophets, that his Christ would suffer, he thus fulfilled.
NIV	But this is how God fulfilled what he had foretold through all the prophets, saying that his Christ would suffer.
NLT	But God was fulfilling what all the prophets had foretold about the Messiah- that he must suffer these things.
KJV	But those things, which God before had shewed by the mouth of all his prophets, that Christ should suffer, he hath so fulfilled.

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