2025/11/09 08:23 1/3 greek

Θεωροῦντες δὲplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. τὴνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

\* The

The definite article.

**Forms** 

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ τοῦplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

\* The

The definite article.

**Forms** 

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ Πέτρου παρρησίαν καὶ plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

```
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
```

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and"  $l\omega\acute{\alpha}\nu\nu\upsilon$ ,  $\kappa\alpha\grave{l}$ plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big $\kappa\alpha\acute{l}$ 

greek

Meaning

```
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
```

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" καταλαβόμενοι ὅτι ἄνθρωποι ἀγράμματοί εἰσινρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-

autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example  $\epsilon l\mu l$  is the word for am and l l l l is the word for was, e.g.  $\kappa \alpha l l l$  plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigk $\alpha l$ 

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἰδιῶται, ἐθαύμαζον ἐπεγίνωσκόν τε αὐτοὺςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

\* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ὅτι σὺν τῷplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

\* The

The definite article.

**Forms** 

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ Ἰησοῦ ἤσαν·plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example  $\epsilon l\mu l$  is the word for am and l l l l is the word for was, e.g.

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