

ἐλαῖαι ἔσονται

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”).

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. σοὶ ἐν

greek

Preposition meaning “in”. πᾶσι

greek

Meaning

\* All \* Every \* The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9 John 3:16 Romans 5:12 Matthew 28:19 Colossians 1:16 Romans 3:23 John 3:16 Colossians 1:17 τοῖς

greek

The definite article ὁρίοις σου καὶ

greek

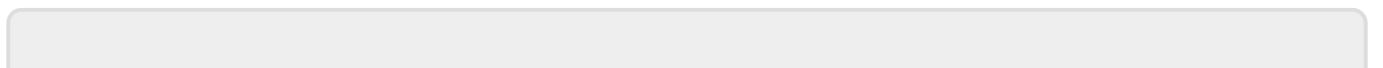
Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” ἔλαιον οὐ χρίση ὅτι ἐκρυσήσεται ἡ

greek

The definite article ἐλαία σου



From:

<https://groveserver.com/bible/> - **BibleWiki**

Permanent link:

[https://groveserver.com/bible/doku.php?id=deuteronomy\\_28:40:greek](https://groveserver.com/bible/doku.php?id=deuteronomy_28:40:greek)

Last update: **2025/10/17 00:56**

