

εὐλογητὸς ἔσῃplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”).

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. [παρὰ πάντα](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 [τὰ](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

greek

The definite article [ἔθνη οὐκ ἔσται](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”).

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. [ἐν](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning “in”. [ὕμιν ἄγονος οὐδὲ στεῖρα καὶ](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as

“and” ἐνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning “in”. τοῖςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ

greek

The definite article κτήνεσίν σου

From:

<https://groveserver.com/bible/> - BibleWiki

Permanent link:

https://groveserver.com/bible/doku.php?id=deuteronomy_7:14:greek

Last update: **2025/10/17 00:56**

