

אתָּ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big

hebrew

The Hebrew אתָּ word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אֱלֹהִים (כָּל הַדָּרֶךְ אֲשֶׁר הָלַכְךָ יְהוָה) plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big יְהוָה

hebrew

Meaning

* Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for “god”, but rather the word יְהוָה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament. Exodus 3:14 Deuteronomy 6:4 Psalm 23:1 Romans 10:13 Joel 2:32 Exodus 20:7 Psalm 18:1 Exodus 15:3 Psalm 8:1 Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3 Judges 6:24 Genesis 22:14 Jeremiah 23:6 אֱלֹהִים plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big

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Meanings:

* God * god * goddess * divine ones * angels

Noun, masculine אֱלֹהִים אַרְבָּעִים שָׁנָה בַּמִּדְבָּר לְמַעַן עֲנֶתְךָ לְנִסְתָּךְ לְדַעַת אֶתָּ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big

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שָׁמַר

Meaning:

* To guard * To protect * To keep * To observe * To attend

The verb שָׁמַר occurs about 470 times in the Old Testament.

Central in covenant language. God “keeps” His covenant promises, and His people are called to
Deuteronomy 7:9Psalm 121:7Deuteronomy 7:11Psalm 127:1Luke 2:19 מצותו מצותיו אם לא

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