## **Deuteronomy 8:9**

אר אָר בְּמִי בְּרָל מָהָרֶבִיהָ מִּאַבֶּי בְּהֹ לְּחָם לְא תְּחָבֶר בְּהַ בְּהַ לְחָם לְא תָחָבֶר בְּרָ בָּהְ אַרְץ בְּמִבְּבָּה מִירָם לְא תָחָבֶר בְּרָ בָּהְ אַרְץ בְּמִבְּבָּה מְּרָבְי בְּהַ בְּרָ בְּהַ בְּרָ בְּהַ בְּרָ בְּהַ בְּרָ בְּהַ בְּרָ בְּהָ בְּרָ בְּרָ בְּהַ בְּרָ בְּהַ בְּרָ בְּרָ בְּהַ בְּרָ בְּרָ בְּהַ בְּרָ בְּרְ בְּרָ בְּרְ בְּרָ בְּרָ בְּרָ בְּרָ בְּרָ בְּרָ בְּרָ בְּרָ בְּרְ בְּרָ בְּרְ בְּרְ בְּרְ בְּרָ בְּרְ בְיְבְיבְ בְּרְ בְּבְיבְ בְיוּבְיבְיבְ בְּבְיבְ בְּרְ בְּבְיבְ בְיוּבְיבְרְ בְּרְ בְּבְיבְ בְיוּבְיבְרְבְיבְ בְיבְיבְ בְּבְיבְ בְיבְיבְ בְּבְיבְ בְיוּבְיבְ בְיבְיבְ בְּבְיבְ בְּבְיבְ בְיבְיבְ בְ

a land where bread will not be scarce and you will lack nothing; a land where the rocks are iron and you can dig copper out of the hills. It is a land where food is plentiful and nothing is lacking. It is a land where iron is as common as stone, and copper is abundant in the hills.

γῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigγῆ Meaning: \* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5) Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology". lt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 ἐφ ἦςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὄς, ἤ, ὄ greek Meaning: \* Who \* Which \* What The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent). lt is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning οὐ μετὰ πτωχείας φάγη τὸνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἄρτον σου καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" οὐκ ἐνδεηθήση οὐδἐν ἐπ αὐτῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) yñplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigyñ \* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5) LXX Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology". lt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 ἤςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigŏς, ἤ, ὄ greek Meaning: \* Who \* Which \* What The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent). lt is distinct from ὄτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὄς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning olplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigō, ή, τό areek Meaning: \* The The definite article Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ λίθοι σίδηρος καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. Π is most frequently translated as "and" ἐκ τῶνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὸ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ὀρέων αὐτῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) μεταλλεύσεις χαλκόν

|KJV | A land wherein thou shalt eat bread without scarceness, thou shalt not lack any thing in it; a land whose stones are iron, and out of whose hills thou mayest dig brass.

Deuteronomy 8:8 ← Deuteronomy 8:9 → Deuteronomy 8:10

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