## **Ecclesiastes 2:11**

רוּתָםplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big וּפְּנִיתִי אַנִּי בְּכָל מַעֲשִׂוֹ שֵׁעִשְּׁוֹ דִּי וּבַעְמֵל שְׁעַמְלְתִּי לְעַשְּׁוֹת וְתּנָּה הְּכְּל הְבֶל וּרְעָוֹת

\* Wind \* Breath \* Spirit

Noun. Occurs about 380 times in the Old Testament.

Though usually feminine, יה, sometimes takes masculine verbs and adjectives, especially when referring to the Spirit of God (יהי, יהיי), Exodus 10:13Genesis 6:17Genesis 41:8Proverbs 16:32Ecciesiastes 12:7Genesis 1:2Judges 3:10Ezekiel 36:27Genesis 2:7John 3:8Genesis 1:2Genesis 6:17Genesis 6:17

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tiplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκα
 Meaning
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπέβλεψα ἐγὼ ἐvplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν
* All * Every * The whole
Adjective.
Usage in the New Testament
The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable
With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1-9john 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23john 3:16Colossians 1:17 πουήμασίν μου οἶςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigŏς, ñ, δ
The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent)
lt is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὄς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning ἐποίησανρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigποιέω
* To do * To make
This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.
 resent tense Person Greek Form αἰρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό
Meaning:
* The
 he definite article.
Forms
 ingular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ χεῖρές μου καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
 s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" evplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigev
 Preposition meaning "in". μόχθω ὧplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὄς, ἤ, ὄ
areek
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* The
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Verb forms
 Present tense Person Greek Form καὶρΙυσία-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί
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Meaning:
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Forms
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Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" οὐκ ἔστινρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί
εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
 : an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example ɛiμí is the word for am and ñy is the word for was, e.g. περισσεία ὑπὸ τὸνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ñ, τό
Meaning:
* The
 he definite article.
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἤλιον
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KIV Then I looked on all the works that my bands had wrought, and on the labour that I had laboured to do: and, behold, all was vanity and vexation of spirit, and there was no profit under the sun.

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