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Ephesians 4:10

oplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigo, ἡ, τό greek Meaning The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ καταβὰς αὐτόςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐστινplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶριμgin-autotooltip_default plugingreek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" oplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigo, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: The The definite article. Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἀναβὰς ὑπεράνω πάντωνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς greek 1eaning Greek * All * Every * The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τὧvplugin-autotooltip_default pluginautotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό greek * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ οὐρανῶν,plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigοὑρανός * The sky * Air * Heaven or heavens 278 occurrences in the New Testament. Οὑρανός is used in Scripture to describe the sky and universe (that is, the visible expanse above the earth) as well as the transcendent realm where God is present. For example, in Matthew 6:26Matthew 24:29Matthew 6:9 ἴνα πληρώση ταplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigo, ἡ, τό greek * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ πάντα.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς Meaning * All * Every * The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17

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E	31/	He who descended is the one who also ascended far above all the heavens, that he might fill all things.)

- NIV He who descended is the very one who ascended higher than all the heavens, in order to fill the whole universe.)

 NLT And the same one who descended is the one who ascended higher than all the heavens, so that he might fill the entire universe with himself.

 KJV He that descended is the same also that ascended up far above all heavens, that he might fill all things.)

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