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Exodus 21:36

אָן נוֹדָע בְּי שִׁוֹר נַגָּח הוּאֹ מִתְּמִוֹל שִׁלְשׁׁם וְלָאׁ יָשְׁמְרֵנו plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigExamples

Meaning:

* To guard * To protect * To keep * To observe * To attend

The verb שמר occurs about 470 times in the Old Testament.

Hebrew Central in covenant language. God "keeps" His covenant promises, and His people are called to Deuteronomy 7:9Psalm 121:7Deuteronomy 7:11Psalm 127:1Luke 2:19 מָּחָמָם שׁוּרֹ מַחָּחָה חַשּׁוֹר הַמַּמֶּת יָשָׁיִם שׁוּרֹ מַחָּחָה בּישׁוּר הַמַּמֶּת יָהָיָה פּוּשׁרּיה בּישׁוּר הַמַּמֶּת יָהָיִה פּוּשׁרּיה בּישׁוּר הַמַּמֶּת יָהָיִה פּוּשׁרּיה בּישׁוּר הַמַּמֶּת יָהָיִה פּוּשׁרִיה בּישׁוּר הַמַּמֶּת יָהָיִה פּוּשׁרִיה בּישׁוּר הַמִּמֶּת יָהָיִה פּוּשׁרִיה בּישׁוּר הַמִּמֶּת יַהְיָה פּוּשׁרִיה בּישׁרִיה בּישְׁרִיה בּישְׁרִים בּישְׁרִים בּישְׁרְם בּישְׁרְיִם בּישְׁרָם בּישְׁרְם בְּישְׁרְם בְּישְׁרְם בְּישְׁרְם בּישְׁרְיִים בְּישְׁרְם בְּישְׁרְם בְּישְׁרְם בְּישְׁרְם בּישְׁרְם בּישְׁרְם בּישְׁרְים בּיִים בּישְׁרְים בּישְׁרְים בּישְׁרְיִים בּישְׁרְים בּיִים בּיִים בּישְׁרְיִים בְּיִים בּישְׁרְים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בּישְׁרְים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בּיִים בּישְׁרְים בְּיִים בְּיִים בּיִים בּיִים בּיִים בּישְׁרְים בְּיִים בּיִים בּיִים בּישְׁרְים בּיִים בּיִים בּיִים בּיִים בּייִים בּייִים בּיִים בּייִים בּייִים בּייִים בּייִים בּיִים בּייִים בּייִים בּייִים בּיִים בּייִים בּייִים בּייִים בּי

hebrew

The word הַיָּה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 🤫

Or if it is known that the ox has been accustomed to gore in the past, and its owner has not kept it in, he shall repay ox for ox, and the dead beast shall be his.

However, if it was known that the bull had the habit of goring, yet the owner did not keep it penned up, the owner must pay, animal for animal, and the dead animal will be his. But if the ox had a reputation for goring, yet its owner failed to keep it under control, he must pay full compensation - a live ox for the dead one- but he may keep the dead ox.

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ἐὰν δὲplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδέ
        δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. γνωρίζηται ὁplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigó, ή, τό
        areek
         Meaning:
         * The
        The definite article
        Forms
        Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ταῦρος ὅτι κερατιστής ἐστινρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεiμί
        είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
        lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. πρὸ τῆς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ἡ, τό
        Meaning:
         * The
        The definite article
        Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἐχθὲς καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
        areek
        Meaning
        ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πρὸ τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό
        areek
        Meaning:
         * The
        The definite article.
        Forms
        Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ τρίτης ἡμέρας καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
        Meaning
         * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
        ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" διαμεμαρτυρημένοι ὧσινplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεiμί
        είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
        lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. τῷρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό
LXX
        Meaning:
         The
        The definite article.
        Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ κυρίω αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
        greek
        Meaning
         * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
         Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
        Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καιρμαία-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί
        greek
        Meaning
        * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
        ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μὴ ἀφανίση αὐτόνpluqin-autotooltip default pluqin-autotooltip bigαὐτός
        greek
        Meaning
         * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
        Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
        Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἀποτείσει ταῦρον ἀντὶ ταύρου ὀplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό
        greek
        Meaning:
         * The
        The definite article
        Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ δὲplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδέ
        δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. τετελευτηκώς αὐτῷρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
        greek
        Meaning
         He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
         Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
        Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί
        εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
        lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g.
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KJV Or if it be known that the ox hath used to push in time past, and his owner hath not kept him in; he shall surely pay ox for ox; and the dead shall be his own.

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