2025/11/10 06:00 1/3 Exodus 9:24

## Exodus 9:24

ָהָיָח plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigוְיְהֵי

## hebrew

The word הָּיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

\* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 בְּדִ יָאֵד יָאָשׁ מִתְלַפֶּחֶת בְּתָוֹדְ הַבְּרֵד כְּבֶד מָאֹד אֲשֶׁר לְא

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hebrew

## Meaning:

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

The word אֶבֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שָׁמִים), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 מְּלָהָתָם מְצֵּא הָיָתָם plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigm, הָיִהם מוֹשָּׁיִם בְּיִּאָה הָיָתָם בּיִּבְּים מַצְּא הָיְתָם בּיִּבְּים מַצָּא הָיְתָם בּיִבְּים מַצָּא הָיְתָם בּיִבְּים מַצָּא הָיְתָם בּיִבְּים מַצְּא הָיְתָם בּיִבְּים מַצָּא הְיִתָּם בּיִבְּים מַצָּא הְיִתָּם בּיִבְּים מַצָּא הְיִבְּים מַצְּא הְיִבְּים מַצְּא הְיִבְּים מַבְּיִם מַבְּיִּם מַבְּיִם מַבְּיִם מַבְּיִם מַבְּיִם מַבְּיִם מַבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מַבְּיִם מַבְּיִם מַבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מַבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מַבְּיִם מַבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבִּים מַבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִם מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבִּיִּם מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְּבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִּים מְבְּיִים מְבִּיִּים מְבְּיִים מְבְּים מְבְּיִים מְבִּיִּים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְּבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִּבְיים מְבְּיבְּים מְבְּיִּבְּים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְּבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְּבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְּבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְיבְּיִּים מְּבְּיִים מְּבְּיִּבְּיִים מְבְּיִים מְּבְּיִים מְּבְּיִּבְיִי

hebrew

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\* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 برزاد

ESV There was hail and fire flashing continually in the midst of the hail, very heavy hail, such as had never been in all the land of Egypt since it became a nation.

IV hail fell and lightning flashed back and forth. It was the worst storm in all the land of Egypt since it had become a nation.

NLT Never in all the history of Egypt had there been a storm like that, with such devastating hail and continuous lightning.

ἦνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εկμί is the word for am and ἦv is the word for was, e.g. δὲpluginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigδέ greek of is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. ἡplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ χάλαζα καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί areek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὸplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὀ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ πῦρ φλογίζον ἐvplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν greek Preposition meaning "in". τῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό areek LXX Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ χαλάζη ἡplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ δὲplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδέ greek 66 is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. χάλαζα πολλὴ σφόδρα σφόδρα ήτις τοιαύτη οὐ γέγονεν ἐvplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐv Preposition meaning "in". Αἰγύπτῳ ἀφ οὖplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὄς, ἤ, ὄ greek Meaning: \* Who \* Which \* What The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent). lt is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning γεγένηται ἐπ αὐτῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἔθνος

2025/11/10 06:00 3/3 Exodus 9:24

KJV So there was hail, and fire mingled with the hail, very grievous, such as there was none like it in all the land of Egypt since it became a nation.

Exodus 9:23 ← Exodus 9:24 → Exodus 9:25

Return to: Home Page → Christianity → Bible → Old Testament → Exodus → Exodus 9

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