2025/11/11 13:36 1/3 Ezekiel 2:6

## Ezekiel 2:6

אַת אוֹלְדָּ plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigאָתָה בֶּן אָדָם אַל תִּילָא מֵהֶּם וּמִדּבְרֵיהֶם אַל תִּילָא כֵּי סָרְבֵּים וְסָלּוֹנִיםׂ אוֹתְׁדְּ

## hebrew

The Hebrew, word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. It only ever occurs in conjunction with nouns associated with the definite article פָּגִיפַוֹם .Genesis 1:1 פָּגִיפַוֹם אָנָה יוֹשֶׁב מִדְּבָרְיָהֵם אָלַ תִּילָא וֹשֶׁבְּ מִדְּבָרִיהֶם אַלְּתִּילְ עֶּקְרְבָּיִם אָתָּה יוֹשֶׁב מִדְּבָרִיהֶם אָל תִּילְא וֹשֶׁב מִדְּבָּרִיהֶם אַל תִּילְא וֹשֶׁב מִדְּבָּרִיהָם אַל תִּילְא וֹשֶׁב מִדְּבָּרִיהָם אַל תִּילְא וֹשֶׁב מִדְּבָּרִיהָם אַל תִּילְא וֹשֶׁב מִדְּבָּרִיהָם אַנָּה יוֹשֶׁב מִדְּבָּרִיהָם אַתָּה יוֹשֶׁב מִדְּבָּרִיהָם אָל תִּילְא וֹשְׁבְּבִּים אָתָה וֹשְׁבְּיִם אָתָה וֹשְׁבְּיִם אַתָּה וֹשְׁבְּיִם בּיִּבְּרִיהָם אַנְיּבְּיִם בּיִּבְּיִם אָתָּה וּשִׁבְּיִם בּיִּבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִם אָתָּה וּשִׁבְּיִם בּיִּבְּיִם אַתָּה וּשִׁבְּיִים אָתָה וּשִׁבְּיִים אָתָּה וּשִׁבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִם אָתָה וֹיִים בְּּבִּים אָתָה וֹיִים בְּיִבְּיִם בּיִּבְּיִם בְּיִבְּיִם בְּיִבְּיִם בְּיִבְּיִם בְּיִבְּיִם בְּיִבְּיִם בְּיִבְּים בְּתָּה וֹיִים בְּבָּרִים בְּיִבָּים בְּיִבְּיִם בְּיִבְּבִים בְּיִבָּים בְּיִבְּיִם בְּיִבְּבִים בְּיִבְּבִים בְּיִבְּבִים בְּיִבְּיִם בְּיִבְּים בְּיִבָּבִים בְּיִבְּבִים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִבְּבִים בְּיִבְּבִים בְּיִבָּבִים בְּיִבְּבִים בְּיִבְּים בְּבָּבִים בְּבָּבְים בְּיִבְּבִים בְּיִבְּבִים בְּיִבְּבִים בְּיִבְּבְּים בְּבְּבִים בְּיִבְּבִּים בְּיִבְּבִּים בְּיִבְּבְּים בְּבְּבִים בְּבְּבִים בְּיִבְּבִּים בְּיִבְּבְים בְּיִים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִבְּבִים בְּיִבְּבִים בְּיִבְּבְּים בְּיִבְּבְּים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִבְּבִים בְּיִבְּבְים בְּיִבְּבְים בְּיִבְּיִים בְּיִבְּיִים בְּיִבְּבְים בְּיִבְּיִים בְּיִבְּיִים בְּיִבְּיִים בְּיִבְּיִים בְּיִבְּיִבְים בְּיִבְּבְים בְּיִבְּיִים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִבְּיִים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִבְּבְּיִים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִבְּיִים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִים בְּיבְּיִים בְּיִבְים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִבְּים בְּיִים בְּיבְּים בְּיבְיבִים בְּיבִים בְּיִבְּיבְים בְּבִיבְּים בְּיבְיבְים בְּיבְּבְים בְּיִבְּיבְים בְּיבְיבְים

## Hebrew hebrew

## Meaning:

\* Face \* Presence \* Front or surface

Noun. Masculine. Although it looks plural in form (ending in יס-), it is almost always used as a singular in meaning - a type of plural of intensity or plural of form common in Hebrew for body parts that come in pairs or have multiple aspects. אַל תַּלְית כְּי בֵּית מְרֵי הַמְּהַ

And you, son of man, be not afraid of them, nor be afraid of their words, though briers and thorns are with you and you sit on scorpions. Be not afraid of their words, nor be dismayed at their looks, for they are a rebellious house.

And you, son of man, do not be afraid of them or their words. Do not be afraid, though briers and thorns are all around you and you live among scorpions. Do not be afraid of what they say or terrified by them, though they are a rebellious house.

"Son of man, do not fear them or their words. Don't be afraid even though their threats surround you like nettles and briers and stinging scorpions. Do not be dismayed by their dark scowls, even though they are rebels.

καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" σύ υὶὲ ἀνθρώπου μὴ φοβηθῆς αὐτοὺςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὑτός

greek

Meaning

\* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) μηδὲ ἐκστῆς ἀπὸ προσώπου αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

\* He. she. it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) διότι παροιστρήσουσι καιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

areek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπισυστήσονται ἐπὶ σὲ κύκλῳ καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Evplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigev

greek

Preposition meaning "in". μέσω σκορπίων σὺ κατοικεῖς τοὺςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὀ, ἡ, τό

greek

LXX Meaning:

\* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῶ τῆ λόγουςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigλόγος

Meaning

\* A word or words \* Statement \* Message \* Speech \* Account \* Used in John to mean God the Son

Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω.

λόγος in Greek Thought

Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... αὐτῶνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὑτός

greek

Meaning

\* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) μὴ φοβηθῆς καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀπὸ προσώπου αὐτῶνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός

areek

Meaning

\* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) μὴ ἐκστῆς διότι οἶκος παραπικραίνων ἐστίνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g.

2025/11/11 13:36 3/3 Ezekiel 2:6

KJV

And thou, son of man, be not afraid of them, neither be afraid of their words, though briers and thorns be with thee, and thou dost dwell among scorpions: be not afraid of their words, nor be dismayed at their looks, though they be a rebellious house.

Ezekiel 2:5 ← Ezekiel 2:6 → Ezekiel 2:7

Return to: Home Page → Christianity → Bible → Old Testament → Ezekiel → Ezekiel 2

From:

https://groveserver.com/bible/ - BibleWiki

Permanent link:

https://groveserver.com/bible/doku.php?id=ezekiel\_2:6

Last update: 2025/10/23 00:28

