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Ezekiel 34:5

Hebrew	הָיָה מִבְּלֵי רֹעֵה וַתִּהְיָיִינְה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big.
	hebrew
	The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.
	This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.
	* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 לְאַכְלֵה לְכָל חַיָּת הַשְּׁדֶה וַתְּפּוּצֵינָה
ESV	So they were scattered, because there was no shepherd, and they became food for all the wild beasts.
NIV	So they were scattered because there was no shepherd, and when they were scattered they became food for all the wild animals.
NLT	So my sheep have been scattered without a shepherd, and they are easy prey for any wild animal.

καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" διεσπάρη τὰplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò

greek

The definite article πρόβατά μου διὰplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδιά

greek

Meaning:

* Through * Because * On account of

Preposition that relates to movement through space, time, means or cause - it's a preposition of movement and mediation.

When used with the genitive case, διά emphasizes the means or channel by which something happens.John 1:3Matthew 24:12John 1:32 Timothy 2:10Romans 5:1John 1:17 τὸplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigὁ

greek

The definite article μὴ εἶναιplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

LXX

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ποιμένας καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐγενήθη εἰς κατάβρωμα πᾶσιρμαίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

greek

The definite article θηρίοις τοῦplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò

greek

The definite article ἀγροῦ

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ΚJV

And they were scattered, because there is no shepherd: and they became meat to all the beasts of the field, when they were scattered.

Ezekiel 34:4 ← Ezekiel 34:5 → Ezekiel 34:6

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