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# **Ezekiel 46**

Verses: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24

# **Text**

#### Hebrew

קּוֹים יִהְיֵה plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_atric אָמַר אָמַרְ אָדֹנֵי יְהוָה שַּׁעֵר הָחָצֵר הַפְּנִימִית הַפּּנֵח קְּוֹּדִים יִהְיֵה autotooltip bigהַהַ

hebrew

The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

\* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 סְגֹּוּר שֵׁשֶׁת יְמֵי הַמַּעֲשֶׂה וּבְיָוֹם הַשִּׁבְּּת הִיּבְיִם הַחְּדֵשׁ יִפְתָּח יִבְיִים הַשְּׁבְּּת הִיּבִיים הַשִּׁבְּת הִיּבִיים הַשִּׁבְּעָּים הַשְּׁבָּת הִיּבִי הַמַּעֲשֵׂה וּבְיַוֹם הַשִּׁבְּת הִיּבִיים הַשִּׁבְּעוֹם הַיִּים הַשְּׁבִּת הִיּבִי הַמַּעֲשֵׂה וּבְיַוֹם הַשִּׁבְּת יִּבְיִים הַשְּׁבָּת הִיּבִי הַמַּעְשֵּׂה וּבְיַזִּם הַשִּׁבְּעֹּת וּבְיִוֹם בּיִים הַשְּׁבְּת וּבִּיִּם הַשְּׁבִּת הִיּבְיִם הַשְּׁבְּעִיּה וּבְיִים הַשְּׁבְּעִּיה וּבְיִיִּם הַשְּׁבְּעִיה וּבְּיִוֹם הַשְּׁבְּעִיה וּבְּיִים הַשְּׁבְּעִיה וּבְּיִים הַשְּׁבְּעִיּה וּבְּיִבְּים הַשְּׁבְּעִיה וּבִּיִּבְים הַשְּׁבְּעִיה הִיּבְּעִיּה הִּבְּעְבִּים הִשְּׁבְּעִּיה וּבִּיִּים הַשְּׁבְּעִיה הִיּבְּיִם הַשְּׁבְּעִיּה הַשְּׁבְּעִיה הִבּיִּבְעָּעִיּה וּבִּבְּעְבְּעֵיּה וּבְּיִבְים הַשְּׁבְּעָּה וּבְּיִים הַשְּׁבְּעִיה הִבּיִים הִשְּבְּעָּיה וּבְּבִּים הַשִּׁבְּעִיּה הִבּיִים הִשְּבְּעְשֵּׁה וּבְּיִים הַשְּׁבְּעִיה הִבּיִים הִשְּׁבְּעְשֵּׁה וּבְּיִים הַשְּׁבְּעִיּה הִפּעְבְּעָּה וּבִּיִּבְּעָּעִיּה הִיּשְׁעְשֵּׁה וּבְּבְּעְשֵּׁה הִיּבִים הַשְּבּעְבְּיִּה הִיּבְּיִבְּעִים הְבִּיּבְּעִים הִּבּיּנְים הַּבּיּנְים הִּבּיּנְים הִּבּעְבְּעָּה וּבִּים הְבִּעְּעָּיה וּבְּבְּעִבְּעִּבּעְיִים הִּבּיּנְם הִּעּבּעְּיִּה הִּבּיּים הִּבּעְבְּעָּיה הִּבּיּים הַּבּעְבְּעָּיה הִיבּיִים הִּבּעְבְּעָּים הִיבּעְבְּעָּים הִּבּיּנְבּעְבְּיִים הִּבּיּע בּיּבְּים הִּבּיּבְּים הִּבּיּים הִּבּיּבְּעְבְּיִים הִּבּיּבּיּבּיּים הִּיבּיּים הִּבּיּבּיּים הִיבּיּבְּים הִיבּיּבּים הִיבּיּבְּים הִּיבּיּבּים הּבּיּים הִּבּיּבּיּבּים בּיבּיבּים הּבּיּבּים הּבּיּבּים בּיּבּיּבּיּים בּיבּבּעְיּים הַּבּעבְּים הִּבּיּבּים בּּבּּיבּים הִיבּיּבּיּבּיּבּיּבּיים הּבּיּבּים הּיבּיבּים הּבּיּבּיּים הּבּיּבּיים הּיבּיּבּיים הּיבּיבּים הּיבּיבּיים הּיבּיבּיים הּיבּייבּים בּיבּיבּיים הּיבּיים הּיבּיים בּּבּיבּיים הּיבּיבּים הּיבּיבּים הּיבּיבּיים הּבּיבּיים הּיבּיים הּיבּיים הּבּיבּיים הּיבּיים הּיבּיבּיים הּבּיבּיים הּיבּיבּיים הּיבּייבּיים הּיבּיבּיבּיים הּיבּיב

אַנּיִים אֶת הָפּּׂהָנִים אֶת װּשְּׁעֵר וְעְשִּׂוּ הַפּּׂהָנִים אֶת plugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip big אָמַד עַל מְזּוּזָת הַשַּּׁעַר וְעְשִׂוּ הַכּּהְנִים אֶת

hebrew

The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אָלֹהֶים ( עְוֹלָתוֹ וְאֶת פָּבֶא אֱלֹהֵים ( עְוֹלָתוֹ וְאֶת autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip big.»

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hebrew

Meaning:

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

The word אֶּבֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שָׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 יָהוָת הַשְּׁעֵר הַהֹּוֹא בַּשְּׁבָּהוֹת וּבֶחָדָשִׁים לְפְּגֵי יְהוָה gplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big-

hebrew

Meaning

\* Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word יְהוָּה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6

יָהוָהplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigוְהֵעלֶּה אֲשֶׁר יַקְרֶב הַנְּשֵּׂיא לֵיהוֶה

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וּמִנְחָהֹ אֵיפָה לָאַיִל וִלַכְּבָשִּׁים מִנְחָה מַתַּת יָדָוֹ וִשֵּׁמֵן הֵין לָאֵיפָה [5]

וּבְיָוֹם הַחֹׁדֶּשׁ פֵּר בֶּן בָּקֵר וְּמִימֶם וְשֵׁשֶׁעת כְּבָשֵׂם וָאָיִל וְּמִימֵם יִהְיִּוּplugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip bigהַהַ

hebrew

The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

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ו אַיפָּה לַפָּר וְאֵיפָה לַאַיִל עשה מִנָּחָה וְלַכְּבַשִּׁים כַּאֲשֵׁר תַּשִּׁיג יַדוֹ וְשֵׁמֵן הֵין לַאֵיפָה [7]

וּבְבָוֹא הַנָּשֵׂיא דֶּרֶךְ אוּלֶם הַשַּׁעַר יָבוֹא וּבְדַרְכִּוֹ יֵצֵא 8

אָבֶץ עָם הַאָּבֶץ plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigץ:אָבֶץ

hebrew

Meaning:

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

The word אֶרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

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9 hebrew

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וָהַנָּשִׂיא בּתוֹכֶם בּבוֹאָם יָבוֹא וּבְצֵאתָם יֵצֵאוּ 10

הָיָה plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigהָיֶה הַּבְּמוֹעֵדִים תְּהְיֵה

hebrew

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#### hebrew

# Meaning

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#### hebrew

The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרָא אֱלֹהֵים ( הַשַּּׁעַר הַפּּנֶה קָדִּים וְעָשֵּׂה אֶת plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big...

# hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אָלֹתֵוֹ וְאֶת ( עְּלָתוֹ וְאֶת plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip big את

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יָהוָה שָׁנֶתוֹ תַּמִּים תַּעֲשֵׂה עוֹלֶה לַיִּוֹם לֵיהוֹה plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bign

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרֵא אֱלֹהֵים (

יִּמְנְחָה ْתַעֲשֶּׁה עָלָיו בַּבְֹּקֶר בַּבַּׁקֵר שִׁשִּׁית הֵאֵיפָּה וְשֶׁמֶן שְׁלִישִׁית הַהֶּין לָרָס אֶתµlugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip\_bigאַ

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בְּלֶת מִנְחָהֹ לֵיהוָה ( הַּסְּּלֶת מִנְחָהֹ לֵיהוָה plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big יְהוַהְםּ

# |<mark>14</mark>|hebrew

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ועשו יַעשוו אָתplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigאַת

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This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

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הַיָּתָם מָתַּנָה מְנַחַלָּתוֹ לָאַחַד מֵעבַדָּיוּ וְהַיְתָה plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip big

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יְנְחֵל אֶת יָנְחֵל אָת יָלָּח הַנְּשִּׁיא מִנַּחֲלֵת הָעָׁם לְהְוֹנֹתָם מֵאֲחָזָּלָם מֵאֲחָזָיְהוֹ יַנְחֵל אֶת autotooltip big אֵת

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ַניְבִיאֵנִי בַּמָּבוֹא אֲשֶׁר עַל בֶּתֶף הַשַּׁעַר אֶל הַלִּשְׁכָוֹת הַלֶּדֶשׁ אֶל הַכְּהְנִים הַפּּנְוֹת צָבֶוֹנָה וְהַנֵּה שָׁם מְלְוֹם בירכתם בַּיַּרְכָתַיִם 19 יֵמָה אָת plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigאַמר אַלָּי זֶה הַמָּלָּוֹם אָשֵׁר יָבַשָּׁלוּ שָׁם הַכְּהַלִּים אֶת

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- ַוּיוֹצִיאֵנִי אֵל הַחָצֵר הַחֵיצֹנָה וַיַּעֲבִירֶנִי אֵל אַרְבָּעַת מְקצוֹעֵי הַחָצֵר וְהָנֵה חָצֵר בְּמִקצֹעַ הָחָצֵר חָצֵר בְּמִקצֹעַ הָחָצֵר בוּ
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- וְטוּר סָבֵיב בָּהֶם סָבֵיב לָאַרְבַּעָתָּם וּמְבַשְּׁלְוֹת עַשׁוּי מְתַּחַת הַשִּירְוֹת סָבֵיב|23

וַיָּאׁמֶר אֵלֶי אֱלֶה בֵּית הַמְבַּשְּׁלִּים אֲשֶׁר יְבַשְּׁלוּ שֵׁם מְשָּׁרְתֵּי הַבַּּיִת אֶת plugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip\_bigאָ

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24

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by ברא אלהים (זבח העם

# **ESV**

"Thus says the Lord GOD: The gate of the inner court that faces east shall be shut on the six working days, but on the Sabbath day it shall be opened, and on the day of the new moon it shall be opened.

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- The prince shall enter by the vestibule of the gate from outside, and shall take his stand by the post of the gate. The priests shall offer his burnt offering and his peace offerings, and he shall worship at the threshold of the gate. Then he shall go out, but the gate shall not be shut until evening.
- The people of the land shall bow down at the entrance of that gate before the LORD on the Sabbaths and on the new moons.
- The burnt offering that the prince offers to the LORD on the Sabbath day shall be six lambs without blemish and a ram without blemish.
- And the grain offering with the ram shall be an ephah, and the grain offering with the lambs shall be as much as he is able, together with a hin of oil to each ephah.
- On the day of the new moon he shall offer a bull from the herd without blemish, and six lambs and a ram, which shall be without blemish.
- As a grain offering he shall provide an ephah with the bull and an ephah with the ram, and with the lambs as much as he is able, together with a hin of oil to each ephah.
- 8 When the prince enters, he shall enter by the vestibule of the gate, and he shall go out by the same way.
- "When the people of the land come before the LORD at the appointed feasts, he who enters by the north gate to worship shall go out by the south gate, and he who enters by the south gate shall go out by the north gate: no one shall return by way of the gate by which he entered, but each shall go out straight ahead.
- 10 When they enter, the prince shall enter with them, and when they go out, he shall go out.
- "At the feasts and the appointed festivals, the grain offering with a young bull shall be an ephah, and with a ram an ephah, and with the lambs as much as one is able to give, together with a hin of oil to an ephah.
- When the prince provides a freewill offering, either a burnt offering or peace offerings as a freewill offering to the LORD, the gate facing east shall be opened for him. And he shall offer his burnt offering or his peace offerings as he does on the Sabbath day. Then he shall go out, and after he has gone out the gate shall be shut.
- "You shall provide a lamb a year old without blemish for a burnt offering to the LORD daily; morning by morning you shall provide it.
- And you shall provide a grain offering with it morning by morning, one sixth of an ephah, and one third of a hin of oil to moisten the flour, as a grain offering to the LORD. This is a perpetual statute.
- Thus the lamb and the meal offering and the oil shall be provided, morning by morning, for a regular burnt offering.
- 16 "Thus says the Lord GOD: If the prince makes a gift to any of his sons as his inheritance, it shall belong to his sons. It is their property by inheritance.
- But if he makes a gift out of his inheritance to one of his servants, it shall be his to the year of liberty. Then it shall revert to the prince; surely it is his inheritance- it shall belong to his sons.
- The prince shall not take any of the inheritance of the people, thrusting them out of their property. He shall give his sons their inheritance out of his own property, so that none of my people shall be scattered from his property."
- Then he brought me through the entrance, which was at the side of the gate, to the north row of the holy chambers for the priests, and behold, a place was there at the extreme western end of them.
- And he said to me, "This is the place where the priests shall boil the guilt offering and the sin offering, and where they shall bake the grain offering, in order not to bring them out into the outer court and so communicate holiness to the people."
- Then he brought me out to the outer court and led me around to the four corners of the court. And behold, in each corner of the court there was another court-
- in the four corners of the court were small courts, forty cubits long and thirty broad; the four were of the same size.

- On the inside, around each of the four courts was a row of masonry, with hearths made at the bottom of the rows all around.
- Then he said to me, "These are the kitchens where those who minister at the temple shall boil the sacrifices of the people."

#### NIV

- 1 "This is what the Sovereign LORD says: The gate of the inner court facing east is to be shut on the six working days, but on the Sabbath day and on the day of the New Moon it is to be opened.
- The prince is to enter from the outside through the portico of the gateway and stand by the gatepost. The priests are to sacrifice his burnt offering and his fellowship offerings. He is to worship at the threshold of the gateway and then go out, but the gate will not be shut until evening.
- On the Sabbaths and New Moons the people of the land are to worship in the presence of the LORD at the entrance to that gateway.
- The burnt offering the prince brings to the LORD on the Sabbath day is to be six male lambs and a ram, all without defect.
- The grain offering given with the ram is to be an ephah, and the grain offering with the lambs is to be as much as he pleases, along with a hin of oil for each ephah.
- 6 On the day of the New Moon he is to offer a young bull, six lambs and a ram, all without defect.
- He is to provide as a grain offering one ephah with the bull, one ephah with the ram, and with the lambs as much as he wants to give, along with a hin of oil with each ephah.
- When the prince enters, he is to go in through the portico of the gateway, and he is to come out the same way.
- "'When the people of the land come before the LORD at the appointed feasts, whoever enters by the north gate to worship is to go out the south gate; and whoever enters by the south gate is to go out the north gate. No one is to return through the gate by which he entered, but each is to go out the opposite gate.
- 10 The prince is to be among them, going in when they go in and going out when they go out.
- "'At the festivals and the appointed feasts, the grain offering is to be an ephah with a bull, an ephah with a ram, and with the lambs as much as one pleases, along with a hin of oil for each ephah.
- When the prince provides a freewill offering to the LORD -whether a burnt offering or fellowship offerings-the gate facing east is to be opened for him. He shall offer his burnt offering or his fellowship offerings as he does on the Sabbath day. Then he shall go out, and after he has gone out, the gate will be shut.
- "'Every day you are to provide a year-old lamb without defect for a burnt offering to the LORD; morning by morning you shall provide it.
- You are also to provide with it morning by morning a grain offering, consisting of a sixth of an ephah with a third of a hin of oil to moisten the flour. The presenting of this grain offering to the LORD is a lasting ordinance.
- So the lamb and the grain offering and the oil shall be provided morning by morning for a regular burnt offering.
- 16 "This is what the Sovereign LORD says: If the prince makes a gift from his inheritance to one of his sons, it will also belong to his descendants; it is to be their property by inheritance.
- If, however, he makes a gift from his inheritance to one of his servants, the servant may keep it until the year of freedom; then it will revert to the prince. His inheritance belongs to his sons only; it is theirs.
- The prince must not take any of the inheritance of the people, driving them off their property. He is to give his sons their inheritance out of his own property, so that none of my people will be separated from his property.'"

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- Then the man brought me through the entrance at the side of the gate to the sacred rooms facing north, which belonged to the priests, and showed me a place at the western end.
- He said to me, "This is the place where the priests will cook the guilt offering and the sin offering and bake the grain offering, to avoid bringing them into the outer court and consecrating the people."
- He then brought me to the outer court and led me around to its four corners, and I saw in each corner another court.
- 22 In the four corners of the outer court were enclosed courts, forty cubits long and thirty cubits wide; each of the courts in the four corners was the same size.
- Around the inside of each of the four courts was a ledge of stone, with places for fire built all around under the ledge.
- He said to me, "These are the kitchens where those who minister at the temple will cook the sacrifices of the people."

#### **NLT**

- "This is what the Sovereign LORD says: The east gateway of the inner courtyard will be closed during the six workdays each week, but it will be open on Sabbath days and the days of new moon celebrations.
- The prince will enter the entry room of the gateway from the outside. Then he will stand by the gatepost while the priest offers his burnt offering and peace offering. He will bow down in worship inside the gateway passage and then go back out the way he came. The gateway will not be closed until evening.
- The common people will bow down and worship the LORD in front of this gateway on Sabbath days and the days of new moon celebrations.
- 4 "Each Sabbath day the prince will present to the LORD a burnt offering of six lambs and one ram, all with no defects.
- He will present a grain offering of a basket of choice flour to go with the ram and whatever amount of flour he chooses to go with each lamb, and he is to offer one gallon of olive oil for each basket of flour.
- At the new moon celebrations, he will bring one young bull, six lambs, and one ram, all with no defects.
- With the young bull he must bring a basket of choice flour for a grain offering. With the ram he must bring another basket of flour. And with each lamb he is to bring whatever amount of flour he chooses to give. With each basket of flour he must offer one gallon of olive oil.
- 8 | "The prince must enter the gateway through the entry room, and he must leave the same way.
- But when the people come in through the north gateway to worship the LORD during the religious festivals, they must leave by the south gateway. And those who entered through the south gateway must leave by the north gateway. They must never leave by the same gateway they came in, but must always use the opposite gateway.
- 10 The prince will enter and leave with the people on these occasions.
- "So at the special feasts and sacred festivals, the grain offering will be a basket of choice flour with each young bull, another basket of flour with each ram, and as much flour as the prince chooses to give with each lamb. Give one gallon of olive oil with each basket of flour.
- When the prince offers a voluntary burnt offering or peace offering to the LORD, the east gateway to the inner courtyard will be opened for him, and he will offer his sacrifices as he does on Sabbath days. Then he will leave, and the gateway will be shut behind him.
- "Each morning you must sacrifice a one-year-old lamb with no defects as a burnt offering to the LORD.
- With the lamb, a grain offering must also be given to the LORD- about three quarts of flour with a third of a gallon of olive oil to moisten the choice flour. This will be a permanent law for you.

- The lamb, the grain offering, and the olive oil must be given as a daily sacrifice every morning without fail.
- "This is what the Sovereign LORD says: If the prince gives a gift of land to one of his sons as his inheritance, it will belong to him and his descendants forever.
- But if the prince gives a gift of land from his inheritance to one of his servants, the servant may keep it only until the Year of Jubilee, which comes every fiftieth year. At that time the land will return to the prince. But when the prince gives gifts to his sons, those gifts will be permanent.
- And the prince may never take anyone's property by force. If he gives property to his sons, it must be from his own land, for I do not want any of my people unjustly evicted from their property."
- In my vision, the man brought me through the entrance beside the gateway and led me to the sacred rooms assigned to the priests, which faced toward the north. He showed me a place at the extreme west end of these rooms.
- He explained, "This is where the priests will cook the meat from the guilt offerings and sin offerings and bake the flour from the grain offerings into bread. They will do it here to avoid carrying the sacrifices through the outer courtyard and endangering the people by transmitting holiness to them."
- Then he brought me back to the outer courtyard and led me to each of its four corners. In each corner I saw an enclosure.
- 22 Each of these enclosures was 70 feet long and 52-1/2 feet wide, surrounded by walls.
- Along the inside of these walls was a ledge of stone with fireplaces under the ledge all the way around.
- The man said to me, "These are the kitchens to be used by the Temple assistants to boil the sacrifices offered by the people."

LXX

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άδε λέγει κύριος θεόςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigθεὸς \* A god or goddess \* God πύλη ήplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article ἐνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν Preposition meaning "in". τῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ The definite article αὐλῆ τῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ The definite article ἐσωτέρα ἡplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ The definite article βλέπουσα πρὸςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπρός Meaning \* To or towards \* Pertaining to (genitive case) \* Near to (dative case) \* According to \* About Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament. | mpóc is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... ἀνατολὰς ἔσταιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip. είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. κεκλεισμένη ἔξ ἡμέρας τὰςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ The definite article ἐνεργούς ἐνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν Preposition meaning "in". δὲplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigδέ δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. τῆρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article ἡμέρα τῶνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article σαββάτων ἀνοιχθήσεται καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So Preposition meaning "in". τῆplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article  $\dot{\eta}\mu\dot{\epsilon}\rho\alpha$   $\tau\ddot{\eta}\varsigma$  plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

The definite article νουμηνίας ἀνοιχθήσεται

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καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
The definite article ἀφηγούμενος κατὰ τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article ὁδὸν τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article αιλαμ τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article πύλης τῆςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó
The definite article ἔξωθεν καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" στήσεται ἐπὶ τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article πρόθυρα τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article πύλης κα\plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ποιήσουσινρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigποιέω
This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship
Present tense Person Greek Form olplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article ἰερεῖς τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article ὁλοκαυτώματα αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
areek
* He. she. it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὰρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article σωτηρίου αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
Meaning
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
Meaning
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" προσκυνήσει ἐπὶ τοῦρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article προθύρου τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article πύλης καιρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαι
areek
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἑξελεύσεται καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ήplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
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The definite article πύλη οὐ μὴ κλεισθῆ ἔως ἐσπέρας

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καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαι
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" προσκυνήσει όρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article λαὸς τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article γῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ
* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)
Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".
tt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 κατὰ τὰριψαίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip biqó
The definite article πρόθυρα τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article πύλης ἐκείνης ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν
Preposition meaning "in". τοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article σαββάτοις καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
Meaning
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν
Preposition meaning "in". ταῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article νουμηνίαις ἐναντίον κυρίου καὶ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
areek
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article ὁλοκαυτώματα προσοίσει ὁplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article ἀφηγούμενος τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article κυρίω ένρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigέν
Preposition meaning "in". τῆρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article ἡμέρα τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article σαββάτων ξξ άμνοὺς ἀμώμους καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" κριὸν ἄμωμον
καὶρΙυgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μαναα πέμμα τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigŏ
The definite article κριῷ καὶρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigό
The definite article ἀμνοῖς θυσίαν δόμα χειρὸς αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
greek
 Meaning
 He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
 Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
 Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐλαίου τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article ιν τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article πέμματι
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καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν
Preposition meaning "in". τfiplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article ἡμέρα τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article νουμηνίας μόσχον ἄμωμον κα\plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔξ ἀμνούς καἰρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶ plugin-autotooltip_ default plugin-autotooltip_ bigκαί
greek
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πέμμα τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article κριῷ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πέμμα τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigŏ
The definite article μόσχω ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigείμί
είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
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Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τοῖcplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó
The definite article ἀμνοῖς καθὼς ἐὰν ἐκποιῆ ἡplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article χελρ αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
greek
Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
  ersonal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Test
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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The definite article ιν τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
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The definite article πέμματι

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Josephagin-autotootitip\_default plugin-autotootitp\_bigent

greek

Meaning

And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" (uplugin-autotootitp\_bige)

greek

Preposition meaning "in", \* tuplugin-autotootitp\_default plugin-autotootitp\_bigo

greek

The definite article dismopriscosa \* tryplugin-autotootitp\_default plugin-autotootitp\_bigo

greek

The definite article dismopriscosa \* tryplugin-autotootitp\_bigo

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The definite article dismopriscosa \* tryplugin-autotootitp\_default plugin-autotootitp\_bigo

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The definite article dismopriscosa \* triplugin-autotootitp\_default plugin-autotootitp\_bigo

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The definite article mider, closeksiostras \* triplugin-autotootitp\_default\* plugin-autotootitp\_bigosa

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" \* vara \* tryplugin-autotootitp\_bigosa

greek

The definite article dismopriscosa \* tryplugin-autotootitp\_bigosa

greek

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καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκα
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
The definite article λαὸς τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article γῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ
* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)
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Preposition meaning "in". ταῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article ἐορταῖς ὁplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article εἰσπορευόμενος κατὰ τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article ὁδὸν τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article πύλης τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article πρὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπρός
Meaning
 *To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About
 Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.
πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... βορράν προσκυνείν ἔξελεύσεται κατά τὴνριυgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article ὁδὸν τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article πύλης τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article πρὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπρός
greek
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Meaning
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" oplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigo
The definite article εἰσπορευόμενος κατὰ τὴνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó
The definite article ὁδὸν τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article πύλης τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
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The definite article ὁδὸν τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article πύλης τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article πρὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπρός
areek
 * To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About
πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... βορρᾶν οὖκ ἀναστρέψει κατὰ τὴνρίυgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article πύλην ἢν εἰσελήλυθεν ἀλλ ἢ κατ εὐθὺ αὐτῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
greek
Meaning
 He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
  ersonal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
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Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐξελεύσεται

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καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" oplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigo The definite article ἀφηγούμενος ἐνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν Preposition meaning "in". μέσω αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) évplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigév Preposition meaning "in". τῷplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article εἰσπορεύεσθαι αὐτοὺςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) εἰσελεύσεται μετ αὐτὧvplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός Meaning Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Évplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigév Preposition meaning "in". τῷplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article ἐκπορεύεσθαι αὐτοὺςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὑτός greek \* He. she. it \* Himself. herself. itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐξελεύσεται

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καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
Preposition meaning "in". ταῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article ἑορταῖς καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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Preposition meaning "in". ταῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article πανηγύρεσιν ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεlμί
είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article μαναα πέμμα τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
greek
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greek
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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The definite article κριῷ καὶ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
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Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article ἀμνοῖς καθὼς ἃν ἐκποιῆ ἡplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article χειρ αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
Meaning
 * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
 Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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The definite article ιν τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
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The definite article πέμματι

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ἐὰν δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ
δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. ποιήσηρμομία-autotolotip_default plugin-autotolotip_bigno.έω
This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.
Present tense Person Greek Form óplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article ἀφηγούμενος ὁμολογίαν ὁλοκαύτωμα σωτηρίου τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
greek
 Meaning
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. Π is most frequently translated as "and" ἀνοίξει ἐαυτῷ τὴνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article πύλην τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article βλέπουσαν κατ ἀνατολὰς καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
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Verb forms
Present tense Person Greek Form τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article ὁλοκαύτωμα αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
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* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὰρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article του plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article σωτηρίου αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
Meaning
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ὂυ τρόπον ποιεῖplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigποιέω
Meaning:
* To do * To make
 This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.
Verb forms
Preposition meaning "in". τῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article ἡμέρα τῶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article σαββάτων καιplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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The definite article ἐξελθεῖν αὐτόνρμαgin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός
Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)
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καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
Meaning:
This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.
Verb forms
 Present tense Person Greek Form εἰς ὁλοκαύτωμα καθ ἡμέραν τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article κυρίφ πρωί ποιήσειplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigποιέω
Meaning:
* To do * To make
This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.
Verb forms
 Present tense Person Greek Form αὐτόνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
greek
 * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
 Personal pronoun (reflexive), Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)
καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
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s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μαναα ποιήσειplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigποιέω
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Verb forms
 Present tense Person Greek Form ἐπ αὐτῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
Meaning
 * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
 Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament
 Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
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The definite article μέτρου καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
 Meaning
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The definite article ἀναμεῖξαι τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article σεμίδαλιν μαναα τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article κυρίω πρόσταγμα διὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδιά
greek
Meaning:
* Through * Because * On account of
Preposition that relates to movement through space, time, means or cause - it's a preposition of movement and mediation.
 When used with the genitive case, διά emphasizes the means or channel by which something happens John 1:3Matthew 24:12John 1:32 Timothy 2:10Romans 5:1John 1:17 παντόςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigmāç
 Meaning
 * All * Every * The whole
Adjective
Usage in the New Testament
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The sense of παc depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17

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τοιήσετεplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigποιέω Meaning: \* To do \* To make This yerb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship Present tense Person Greek Form Tövplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó The definite article ἀμνὸν καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὸplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ The definite article μαναα καὶρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί Meaning And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" toplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigo The definite article ἔλαιον ποιήσετερlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigποιέω \* To do \* To make This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship. Present tense Person Greek Form τὸplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ The definite article πρωὶ ὁλοκαύτωμα διὰplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigδιά Meaning: \* Through \* Because \* On account of When used with the genitive case, διά emphasizes the means or channel by which something happens. John 1:3Matthew 24:12John 1:32 Timothy 2:10Romans 5:1John 1:17 παντός plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigmäς Meaning \* All \* Every \* The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of  $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta$  depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τάδε λέγει κύριος θεόςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip bigθεὸς Masculine noun meaning: \* A god or goddess \* God ἐὰν δῷ ὁplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ The definite article ἀφηγούμενος δόμα ένὶ ἐκ τῶνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article υἰῶν αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός greek Meaning Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐκ τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ The definite article κληρονομίας αὐτοῦρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) τοῦτοplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigοὖτος / αῦτη /τοῦτο Meaning: st These or this st This one, this person, this thing st They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. ούτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 τοῖςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article υἰοῖς αὐτοῦρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἔσταιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. κατάσχεσις ἐνρίυgin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigėν Preposition meaning "in". κληρονομία

ἐἀν δὲplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigδέ δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. δῷ δόμα ἐψ τῶν plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article παίδων αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. Π is most frequently translated as "and" ἔσταιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐμί είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. αὐτῷρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός greek \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἔως τοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article ἔτους τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article ἀφέσεως καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀποδώσει τῷρlugin-autotolitp\_default plugin-autotolotip\_bigó The definite article ἀφηγουμένω πλὴν τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article κληρονομίας τῶνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article υἰῶν αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός \* He. she. it \* Himself. herself. itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) αὐτοῖςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same ersonal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἔσταιρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigelμί

είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

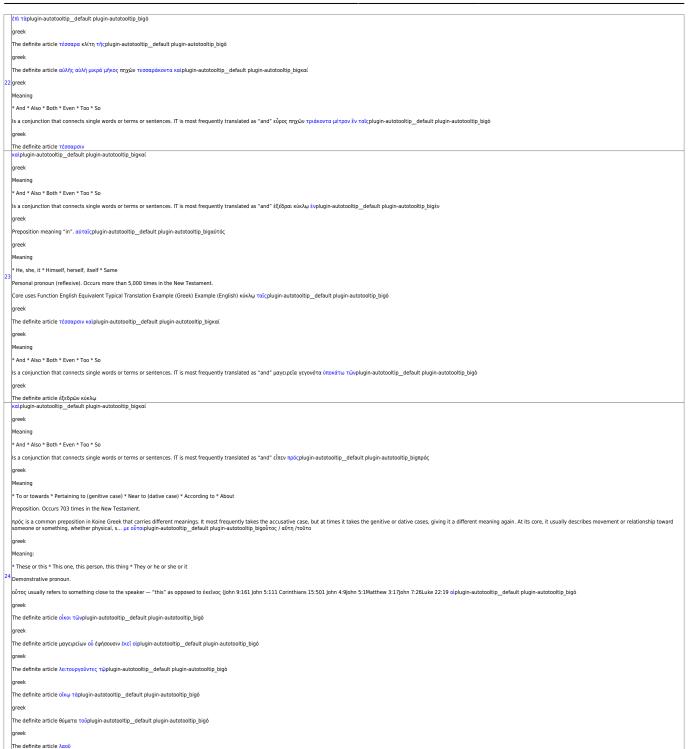
t an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g.

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καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκα
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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The definite article ἀφηγούμενος ἐκ τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article κληρονομίας τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article λαοῦ καταδυναστεῦσαι αὐτούς plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός
Meaning
 * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
 Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
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The definite article λαός μου ἕκαστος ἐκ τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
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Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶρΙυgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
Meaning
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The definite article κατὰ νώτου τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article πύλης είς τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ
The definite article ἐξέδραν τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigỏ
The definite article ἀγίων τῶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article ἰερέων τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article βλέπουσαν πρὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπρός
greek
 * To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About
πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... βορρᾶν καίρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
areek
Meaning
  And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
 s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἰδοὺ τόπος ἐκεῖ κεχωρισμένο
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καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκα
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
greek
 Meaning
 * To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About
Preposition, Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.
πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... με οὐτος plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὖτη /τοῦτο
Meaning:
 *These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it
 Demonstrative pronoun.
οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 9:161 Honn 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ὁρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article τόπος ἐστίνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεlμί
εlμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
it an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦv is the word for was, e.g. οὖ ἐψήσουσιν ἐκεῖ οἰριυgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigό
The definite article ἰερεῖς τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article ὑπὲρ ἀγνοίας καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
Meaning
  And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὰρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article ὑπὲρ ἀμαρτίας καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
 Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
The definite article μαναα τòplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article παράπαν τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article μὴ ἐκφέρειν εἰς τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article αὐλὴν τὴνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó
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The definite article κλίτος τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigċ
The definite article αὐλῆς
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# KJV

- Thus saith the Lord GOD; The gate of the inner court that looketh toward the east shall be shut the six working days; but on the sabbath it shall be opened, and in the day of the new moon it shall be opened.
- And the prince shall enter by the way of the porch of that gate without, and shall stand by the post of the gate, and the priests shall prepare his burnt offering and his peace offerings, and he shall worship at the threshold of the gate: then he shall go forth; but the gate shall not be shut until the evening.
- Likewise the people of the land shall worship at the door of this gate before the LORD in the sabbaths and in the new moons.
- And the burnt offering that the prince shall offer unto the LORD in the sabbath day shall be six lambs without blemish, and a ram without blemish.

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- And the meat offering shall be an ephah for a ram, and the meat offering for the lambs as he shall be able to give, and an hin of oil to an ephah.
- And in the day of the new moon it shall be a young bullock without blemish, and six lambs, and a ram: they shall be without blemish.
- And he shall prepare a meat offering, an ephah for a bullock, and an ephah for a ram, and for the lambs according as his hand shall attain unto, and an hin of oil to an ephah.
- And when the prince shall enter, he shall go in by the way of the porch of that gate, and he shall go forth by the way thereof.
- But when the people of the land shall come before the LORD in the solemn feasts, he that entereth in by the way of the north gate to worship shall go out by the way of the south gate; and he that entereth by the way of the south gate shall go forth by the way of the north gate: he shall not return by the way of the gate whereby he came in, but shall go forth over against it.
- And the prince in the midst of them, when they go in, shall go in; and when they go forth, shall go forth.
- And in the feasts and in the solemnities the meat offering shall be an ephah to a bullock, and an ephah to a ram, and to the lambs as he is able to give, and an hin of oil to an ephah.
- Now when the prince shall prepare a voluntary burnt offering or peace offerings voluntarily unto the LORD, one shall then open him the gate that looketh toward the east, and he shall prepare his burnt offering and his peace offerings, as he did on the sabbath day: then he shall go forth; and after his going forth one shall shut the gate.
- Thou shalt daily prepare a burnt offering unto the LORD of a lamb of the first year without blemish: thou shalt prepare it every morning.
- And thou shalt prepare a meat offering for it every morning, the sixth part of an ephah, and the third part of an hin of oil, to temper with the fine flour; a meat offering continually by a perpetual ordinance unto the LORD.
- Thus shall they prepare the lamb, and the meat offering, and the oil, every morning for a continual burnt offering.
- Thus saith the Lord GOD; If the prince give a gift unto any of his sons, the inheritance thereof shall be his sons'; it shall be their possession by inheritance.
- But if he give a gift of his inheritance to one of his servants, then it shall be his to the year of liberty; after it shall return to the prince: but his inheritance shall be his sons' for them.
- Moreover the prince shall not take of the people's inheritance by oppression, to thrust them out of their possession; but he shall give his sons inheritance out of his own possession: that my people be not scattered every man from his possession.
- After he brought me through the entry, which was at the side of the gate, into the holy chambers of the priests, which looked toward the north: and, behold, there was a place on the two sides westward.
- Then said he unto me, This is the place where the priests shall boil the trespass offering and the sin offering, where they shall bake the meat offering; that they bear them not out into the utter court, to sanctify the people.
- Then he brought me forth into the utter court, and caused me to pass by the four corners of the court; and, behold, in every corner of the court there was a court.
- In the four corners of the court there were courts joined of forty cubits long and thirty broad: these four corners were of one measure.
- And there was a row of building round about in them, round about them four, and it was made with boiling places under the rows round about.
- Then said he unto me, These are the places of them that boil, where the ministers of the house shall boil the sacrifice of the people.

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