

Ezekiel 7

Verses: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27

Text

Hebrew

<p>יהִי <small>plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big</small>יהִי</p> <p>hebrew</p> <p>The word יהִי means “to exist” or “to be” or “to become” or “to come into being” and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.</p> <p>This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.</p> <p>* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 יהוה דבר יהוה <small>plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big</small>יהוה</p> <p>1 hebrew</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* Yahweh - God's personal name</p> <p>It is not a generic term for “god”, but rather the word יהוה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.</p> <p>First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 אֱלֹהֵי לְאֻמֹּת</p>
<p>אֶרֶץ <small>plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big</small>אֶרֶץ</p> <p>hebrew</p> <p>Meaning:</p> <p>2 * Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country</p> <p>The word אֶרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.</p> <p>When coupled with heavens (שָׁמַיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1</p>

3	<p>את plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big אֶת וּשְׁפֹטֶיךָ דְרָכֶיךָ וְנִתְּתִי עָלֶיךָ אֶת</p> <p>hebrew</p> <p>The Hebrew את word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.</p> <p>For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בְּרֵא אֱלֹהִים (כָּל תּוֹעֲבֹתֶיךָ</p>
4	<p>plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big הִיָּה וְתוֹעֲבוֹתֶיךָ בְּתוֹכָךָ תְּהִיֶינָהּ</p> <p>hebrew</p> <p>The word הִיָּה means “to exist” or “to be” or “to become” or “to come into being” and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.</p> <p>This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.</p> <p>* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 יְהוָה כִּי אָנֹכִי יְהוָה plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big יְהוָה</p> <p>hebrew</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* Yahweh - God's personal name</p> <p>It is not a generic term for “god”, but rather the word יְהוָה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.</p> <p>First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6</p>
5	<p>כֹּה אָמַר אֲדֹנָי יְהוִה רְעָה אַחַת רְעָה הִנֵּה בָאָה</p>
6	<p>קָצָה בָּא בָּא הַקָּצָה הַקִּיץ אֲלֵיךָ הִנֵּה בָאָה</p>
7	<p>plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big אֶרֶץ יוֹשֵׁב הָאָרֶץ</p> <p>hebrew</p> <p>Meaning:</p> <p>* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country</p> <p>The word אֶרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.</p> <p>When coupled with heavens (שָׁמַיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 בְּאֵרֶץ הַעֲרֹב הַיּוֹם מֵהוּמָה וְלֹא הָדָה הָרִים</p>

8	<p>את plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big וּשְׁפָטְתִיד פְּדָרְכִיד וְנִתְתִי עָלִיד אַת hebrew The Hebrew את word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בְּרָא אֱלֹהִים (כָּל תּוֹעֲבוֹתֶיךָ</p>
9	<p>יהי plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big hebrew The word יהי means “to exist” or “to be” or “to become” or “to come into being” and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament. This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence. * It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 יהוה כי אני יהוה plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big hebrew Meaning * Yahweh - God's personal name It is not a generic term for “god”, but rather the word יהוה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament. First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 מִכָּה</p>
10	<p>הַנֶּה הַיּוֹם הַנֶּה בָּאָה יִצְאָהּ הַצַּפְרָה צָץ הַמַּטָּה פָּרַח הַזָּדוֹן</p>
11	<p>הַחֲמִס קָם לְמַטָּה הֲשַׁע לֹא מִיָּהּ וְלֹא מִהַמּוֹנִם וְלֹא מִהֶמְהָם וְלֹא נָה בָּהֶם</p>
12	<p>בָּא הָעַת הַגִּיעַ הַיּוֹם הַקּוֹנֶה אֵל שְׁמֹחַ וְהַמוֹכֵר אֵל יִתְאַבֵּל כִּי חָרוֹן אֵל כָּל הַמוֹנֶה</p>
13	<p>כִּי הַמוֹכֵר אֵל הַמִּמְכָּר לֹא יָשׁוּב וְעוֹד בְּחַיִּים חִיַּתְּם כִּי חָזוֹן אֵל כָּל הַמוֹנֶה לֹא יָשׁוּב וְאִישׁ בְּעוֹנֵו חִיַּתּוֹ לֹא יִתְחַקּוּ</p>

<p>14</p>	<p>כּוֹנֵן plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* To be firm * Establish * Prepare * Set</p> <p>Verb. Occurs about 200 times in the Old Testament.</p> <p>Meanings by Stem</p> <p>Qal Stem (basic form)</p> <p>To be firm, stable, fixed, established.</p> <p>Describes something that stands securely or endures.Psalm 93:2Psalm 103:19Proverbs 16:9Psalm 96:102 Samuel 7:16Proverbs 16:3Luke 22:321 Peter 5:101 Corinthians 1:8Hebrews 2:3Colossians 1:23Matthew 25:34 הַפֶּל וְאִין הַלֵּךְ לַמִּלְחָמָה כִּי חָרוּגֵי אֶל כָּל הַמוֹנֶה</p>
<p>15</p>	<p>הִיָּה plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big</p> <p>hebrew</p> <p>The word הִיָּה means “to exist” or “to be” or “to become” or “to come into being” and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.</p> <p>This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.</p> <p>* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 אֵל הַהָרִים כִּי־יִנָּח הַגְּאֻזִּים כָּל־הַמּוֹת אִישׁ בְּעוֹנוֹ</p>
<p>16</p>	<p>כָּל הַיְדִים תִּרְפִּינָה וְכָל בְּרָכִים תִּלְכָּנָה מִים</p> <p>אֲתָם plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big</p> <p>hebrew</p> <p>The Hebrew אֲתָ word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.</p> <p>For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בְּרָא אֱלֹהִים (פְּלִצוֹת וְאֵל כָּל פְּנִים בּוֹשָׁה וּבְכָל רְאִשֵׁיהֶם קָרְחָה</p>

הִיָּהָּ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big הִיָּהָּ

hebrew

The word הִיָּהָּ means “to exist” or “to be” or “to become” or “to come into being” and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 הִיָּהָּ עֲבָרַת יְהוָה plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big הִיָּהָּ

hebrew

Meaning

19 * Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for “god”, but rather the word יְהוָה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 נִפְשָׁם לֹא יִשְׁבְּעוּ וּמַעֲיָהֶם לֹא יִמְלְאוּ הִיָּהָּ מְשׁוּל עֲוֹנָם הִיָּהָּ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big הִיָּהָּ

hebrew

The word הִיָּהָּ means “to exist” or “to be” or “to become” or “to come into being” and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2

20 וַצְבִי עֲדִיו לְגִאֲוֹן שְׂמֵהוּ וְצַלְמֵי תוֹעֵבֹתֶם שְׁקוּצֵיהֶם עָשׂוּ בּוֹ עַל כֵּן נִתְּתִיו לָהֶם לְנֶדֶה

אָרֶץ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big אָרֶץ

hebrew

Meaning:

21 * Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country

The word אָרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שָׁמַיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 לְשָׁלָל וּחְלָלָהּ וְחָלְלוּהָ

<p>22</p>	<p>אתָּ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big hebrew The Hebrew אתָּ word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרָא אֱלֹהִים (צִפּוֹנֵי וּבְאוּ בָּהּ פְּרִצִּים וְחִלְלוּהָ)</p>
<p>23</p>	<p>אָרֶץ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big hebrew Meaning: * Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country The word אָרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground. When coupled with heavens (שָׁמַיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order. Genesis 12:1 מְלֶאכֶה מִשְׁפֵּט דְּמַיִם וְהָעִיר מְלֶאכֶה הַמָּס</p>
<p>24</p>	<p>אתָּ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big hebrew The Hebrew אתָּ word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרָא אֱלֹהִים (בְּתִיָּהֶם וְהִשְׁבִּתִּי גֵאוֹן עֲזִים וְנִחְלוּ מִקְדָּשֵׁיהֶם)</p>
<p>25</p>	<p>קָפְדָה בָּא וּבִקְשׁוּ שְׁלוֹם וְאַיִן</p>
<p>26</p>	<p>הָיָה plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big hebrew The word הָיָה means “to exist” or “to be” or “to become” or “to come into being” and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament. This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence. * It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 וּבִקְשׁוּ חֵזוֹן מִנְבִיא וְתוֹרָה תֵּאבֹד מִכְּהֵן וְעֵצָה מִזִּקְנִים</p>

	<p>אָרֶץ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big אָרֶץ</p> <p>hebrew</p> <p>Meaning:</p> <p>* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country</p> <p>The word אָרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.</p> <p>When coupled with heavens (שָׁמַיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order. Genesis 12:1</p> <p>אֶתְּבַחְתֶּנּוּ מִדֶּרֶךְ אֲנִי אֶעֱשֶׂה אוֹתָם plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big</p> <p>hebrew</p>
27	<p>The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.</p> <p>For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בְּרֵא אֱלֹהִים (וּבְמִשְׁפָּטֵיהֶם אֲשַׁפְּטֵם וַיִּדְעוּ כִּי אֲנִי הוּא)</p> <p>הוּא plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big הוּא</p> <p>hebrew</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* Yahweh - God's personal name</p> <p>It is not a generic term for “god”, but rather the word יְהוָה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.</p> <p>First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament. Exodus 3:14 Deuteronomy 6:4 Psalm 23:1 Romans 10:13 Joel 2:32 Exodus 20:7 Psalm 18:1 Exodus 15:3 Psalm 8:1 Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3 Judges 6:24 Genesis 22:14 Jeremiah 23:6</p>

ESV

1	The word of the LORD came to me:
2	“And you, O son of man, thus says the Lord GOD to the land of Israel: An end! The end has come upon the four corners of the land.
3	Now the end is upon you, and I will send my anger upon you; I will judge you according to your ways, and I will punish you for all your abominations.
4	And my eye will not spare you, nor will I have pity, but I will punish you for your ways, while your abominations are in your midst. Then you will know that I am the LORD.
5	“Thus says the Lord GOD: Disaster after disaster! Behold, it comes.
6	An end has come; the end has come; it has awakened against you. Behold, it comes.
7	Your doom has come to you, O inhabitant of the land. The time has come; the day is near, a day of tumult, and not of joyful shouting on the mountains.
8	Now I will soon pour out my wrath upon you, and spend my anger against you, and judge you according to your ways, and I will punish you for all your abominations.
9	And my eye will not spare, nor will I have pity. I will punish you according to your ways, while your abominations are in your midst. Then you will know that I am the LORD, who strikes.

10	“Behold, the day! Behold, it comes! Your doom has come; the rod has blossomed; pride has budded.
11	Violence has grown up into a rod of wickedness. None of them shall remain, nor their abundance, nor their wealth; neither shall there be preeminence among them.
12	The time has come; the day has arrived. Let not the buyer rejoice, nor the seller mourn, for wrath is upon all their multitude.
13	For the seller shall not return to what he has sold, while they live. For the vision concerns all their multitude; it shall not turn back; and because of his iniquity, none can maintain his life.
14	“They have blown the trumpet and made everything ready, but none goes to battle, for my wrath is upon all their multitude.
15	The sword is without; pestilence and famine are within. He who is in the field dies by the sword, and him who is in the city famine and pestilence devour.
16	And if any survivors escape, they will be on the mountains, like doves of the valleys, all of them moaning, each one over his iniquity.
17	All hands are feeble, and all knees turn to water.
18	They put on sackcloth, and horror covers them. Shame is on all faces, and baldness on all their heads.
19	They cast their silver into the streets, and their gold is like an unclean thing. Their silver and gold are not able to deliver them in the day of the wrath of the LORD. They cannot satisfy their hunger or fill their stomachs with it. For it was the stumbling block of their iniquity.
20	His beautiful ornament they used for pride, and they made their abominable images and their detestable things of it. Therefore I make it an unclean thing to them.
21	And I will give it into the hands of foreigners for prey, and to the wicked of the earth for spoil, and they shall profane it.
22	I will turn my face from them, and they shall profane my treasured place. Robbers shall enter and profane it.
23	“Forge a chain! For the land is full of bloody crimes and the city is full of violence.
24	I will bring the worst of the nations to take possession of their houses. I will put an end to the pride of the strong, and their holy places shall be profaned.
25	When anguish comes, they will seek peace, but there shall be none.
26	Disaster comes upon disaster; rumor follows rumor. They seek a vision from the prophet, while the law perishes from the priest and counsel from the elders.
27	The king mourns, the prince is wrapped in despair, and the hands of the people of the land are paralyzed by terror. According to their way I will do to them, and according to their judgments I will judge them, and they shall know that I am the LORD.”

NIV

1	The word of the LORD came to me:
2	“Son of man, this is what the Sovereign LORD says to the land of Israel: The end! The end has come upon the four corners of the land.
3	The end is now upon you and I will unleash my anger against you. I will judge you according to your conduct and repay you for all your detestable practices.
4	I will not look on you with pity or spare you; I will surely repay you for your conduct and the detestable practices among you. Then you will know that I am the LORD.
5	“This is what the Sovereign LORD says: Disaster! An unheard-of disaster is coming.
6	The end has come! The end has come! It has roused itself against you. It has come!
7	Doom has come upon you—you who dwell in the land. The time has come, the day is near; there is panic, not joy, upon the mountains.
8	I am about to pour out my wrath on you and spend my anger against you; I will judge you according to your conduct and repay you for all your detestable practices.

9	I will not look on you with pity or spare you; I will repay you in accordance with your conduct and the detestable practices among you. Then you will know that it is I the LORD who strikes the blow.
10	"The day is here! It has come! Doom has burst forth, the rod has budded, arrogance has blossomed!
11	Violence has grown into a rod to punish wickedness; none of the people will be left, none of that crowd-no wealth, nothing of value.
12	The time has come, the day has arrived. Let not the buyer rejoice nor the seller grieve, for wrath is upon the whole crowd.
13	The seller will not recover the land he has sold as long as both of them live, for the vision concerning the whole crowd will not be reversed. Because of their sins, not one of them will preserve his life.
14	Though they blow the trumpet and get everything ready, no one will go into battle, for my wrath is upon the whole crowd.
15	"Outside is the sword, inside are plague and famine; those in the country will die by the sword, and those in the city will be devoured by famine and plague.
16	All who survive and escape will be in the mountains, moaning like doves of the valleys, each because of his sins.
17	Every hand will go limp, and every knee will become as weak as water.
18	They will put on sackcloth and be clothed with terror. Their faces will be covered with shame and their heads will be shaved.
19	They will throw their silver into the streets, and their gold will be an unclean thing. Their silver and gold will not be able to save them in the day of the LORD 's wrath. They will not satisfy their hunger or fill their stomachs with it, for it has made them stumble into sin.
20	They were proud of their beautiful jewelry and used it to make their detestable idols and vile images. Therefore I will turn these into an unclean thing for them.
21	I will hand it all over as plunder to foreigners and as loot to the wicked of the earth, and they will defile it.
22	I will turn my face away from them, and they will desecrate my treasured place; robbers will enter it and desecrate it.
23	"Prepare chains, because the land is full of bloodshed and the city is full of violence.
24	I will bring the most wicked of the nations to take possession of their houses; I will put an end to the pride of the mighty, and their sanctuaries will be desecrated.
25	When terror comes, they will seek peace, but there will be none.
26	Calamity upon calamity will come, and rumor upon rumor. They will try to get a vision from the prophet; the teaching of the law by the priest will be lost, as will the counsel of the elders.
27	The king will mourn, the prince will be clothed with despair, and the hands of the people of the land will tremble. I will deal with them according to their conduct, and by their own standards I will judge them. Then they will know that I am the LORD."

NLT

1	Then this message came to me from the LORD:
2	"Son of man, this is what the Sovereign LORD says to Israel: "The end is here! Wherever you look-east, west, north, or south- your land is finished.
3	No hope remains, for I will unleash my anger against you. I will call you to account for all your detestable sins.
4	I will turn my eyes away and show no pity. I will repay you for all your detestable sins. Then you will know that I am the LORD.
5	"This is what the Sovereign LORD says: Disaster after disaster is coming your way!
6	The end has come. It has finally arrived. Your final doom is waiting!

7	O people of Israel, the day of your destruction is dawning. The time has come; the day of trouble is near. Shouts of anguish will be heard on the mountains, not shouts of joy.
8	Soon I will pour out my fury on you and unleash my anger against you. I will call you to account for all your detestable sins.
9	I will turn my eyes away and show no pity. I will repay you for all your detestable sins. Then you will know that it is I, the LORD, who is striking the blow.
10	"The day of judgment is here; your destruction awaits! The people's wickedness and pride have blossomed to full flower.
11	Their violence has grown into a rod that will beat them for their wickedness. None of these proud and wicked people will survive. All their wealth and prestige will be swept away.
12	Yes, the time has come; the day is here! Buyers should not rejoice over bargains, nor sellers grieve over losses, for all of them will fall under my terrible anger.
13	Even if the merchants survive, they will never return to their business. For what God has said applies to everyone- it will not be changed! Not one person whose life is twisted by sin will ever recover.
14	"The trumpet calls Israel's army to mobilize, but no one listens, for my fury is against them all.
15	There is war outside the city and disease and famine within. Those outside the city walls will be killed by enemy swords. Those inside the city will die of famine and disease.
16	The survivors who escape to the mountains will moan like doves, weeping for their sins.
17	Their hands will hang limp, their knees will be weak as water.
18	They will dress themselves in burlap; horror and shame will cover them. They will shave their heads in sorrow and remorse.
19	"They will throw their money in the streets, tossing it out like worthless trash. Their silver and gold won't save them on that day of the LORD's anger. It will neither satisfy nor feed them, for their greed can only trip them up.
20	They were proud of their beautiful jewelry and used it to make detestable idols and vile images. Therefore, I will make all their wealth disgusting to them.
21	I will give it as plunder to foreigners, to the most wicked of nations, and they will defile it.
22	I will turn my eyes from them as these robbers invade and defile my treasured land.
23	"Prepare chains for my people, for the land is bloodied by terrible crimes. Jerusalem is filled with violence.
24	I will bring the most ruthless of nations to occupy their homes. I will break down their proud fortresses and defile their sanctuaries.
25	Terror and trembling will overcome my people. They will look for peace but not find it.
26	Calamity will follow calamity; rumor will follow rumor. They will look in vain for a vision from the prophets. They will receive no teaching from the priests and no counsel from the leaders.
27	The king and the prince will stand helpless, weeping in despair, and the people's hands will tremble with fear. I will bring on them the evil they have done to others, and they will receive the punishment they so richly deserve. Then they will know that I am the LORD."

LXX

<p>1</p>	<p>καίplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So</p> <p>Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” ἐγένετο λόγοςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigλόγος</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* A word or words * Statement * Message * Speech * Account * Used in John to mean God the Son</p> <p>Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω.</p> <p>λόγος in Greek Thought</p> <p>Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... κυρίου πρὸςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigπρὸς</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About</p> <p>Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.</p> <p>πρὸς is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... με λέγων</p>
<p>2</p>	<p>καίplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So</p> <p>Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” σὺ οὐ ἐ ἀνθρώπου εἰπόν τάδε λέγει κύριος τῆplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article γῆplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigγῆ</p> <p>Meaning:</p> <p>* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)</p> <p>Feminine noun. Connected to the English words “ground”, “geometry” and “geology”.</p> <p>It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 τοῦplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article ἰσραηλ πέρασ ἦκει τὸplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article πέρασ ἦκει ἐπὶ τὰςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article τέσσαρας πτέρυγας τῆςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article γῆςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigγῆ</p> <p>Meaning:</p> <p>* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)</p> <p>Feminine noun. Connected to the English words “ground”, “geometry” and “geology”.</p> <p>It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1</p>
<p>3</p>	<p>ἦκει τὸplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article πέρασ</p>

ἐπὶ σὲ τὸν

greek

The definite article κατοικοῦντα τὴν

greek

The definite article γῆν

Meaning:

4 * Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".

It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 ἡκει ὁ

greek

The definite article καιρός ἤγγικεν ἡ

greek

The definite article ἡμέρα οὐ μετὰ θορύβων οὐδὲ μετὰ ὠδίνων

ἔγγυθεν ἔκχεῷ τὴν

greek

The definite article ὀργὴν μου ἐπὶ σὲ καὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" συντελέσω τὸν

greek

The definite article θυμὸν μου ἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". σοὶ καὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" κρινῶ σε ἐν

greek

5 Preposition meaning "in". ταῖς

greek

The definite article ὁδοὺς σου καὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" δῶσω ἐπὶ σὲ πάντα

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τὰ

greek

The definite article βελύγματά σου

οὐ φείσεται ὁ

greek

The definite article ὀφθαλμός μου οὐδὲ μὴ ἐλεήσω διότι τὰς

greek

The definite article ὁδοῦς σου ἐπὶ σὲ δώσω καὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὰ

greek

The definite article βδελύγματά σου ἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". μέσω σου ἔσονται

6 greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπιγνώση διότι ἐγώ εἰμι

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. κύριος ὁ

greek

The definite article τύπτων

ὄν τὸ

greek

The definite article [πέρας πρὸς](#)

greek

Meaning

* To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About

Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.

πρὸς is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... [σέ καὶ](#)

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [ἀποστελῶ ἐγὼ ἐπὶ σέ καὶ](#)

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [ἐδικήσω σε ἐν](#)

7

greek

Preposition meaning "in". [ταῖς](#)

greek

The definite article [ὄδοις σου καὶ](#)

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [δῶσω ἐπὶ σέ πάντα](#)

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 [τὰ](#)

greek

The definite article [βδελύγματά σου](#)

	<p>οὐ φείσεται ὁ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article ὀφθαλμός μου ἐπὶ σέ οὐδὲ μὴ ἐλεήσω διότι τὴν plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article ὀδόν σου ἐπὶ σέ δώσω καὶ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὶ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So</p> <p>Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὰ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>8 The definite article βδελύγματά σου ἐν plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Preposition meaning "in". μέσω σου ἔσται plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεὶμί</p> <p>greek</p> <p>εὶμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").</p> <p>It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εὶμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So</p> <p>Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπιγνώση διότι ἐγὼ κύριος</p>
	<p>9 διότι τάδε λέγει κύριος</p> <p>ἰδοὺ τὸ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article πέρας ἦκει ἰδοὺ ἡμέρα κυρίου εἰ καὶ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>10 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So</p> <p>Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἢ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article ῥάβδος ἦνθηκεν ἢ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article ὑβρις ἐξανέστηκεν</p> <p>καὶ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So</p> <p>11 Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" συντρίψει στήριγμα ἀνόμου καὶ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So</p> <p>Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" οὐ μετὰ θορύβου οὐδὲ μετὰ σπουδῆς</p>
	<p>ἦκει ὁ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article καίρος ἰδοὺ ἢ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article ἡμέρα ὁ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>12 The definite article κτώμενος μὴ χαιρέτω καὶ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So</p> <p>Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ὁ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article πωλῶν μὴ θρηνεῖτω</p>

διότι [ὁ](#) [πρός](#)

greek

The definite article [κτώμενος](#) [πρός](#)

greek

Meaning

* To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About

Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.

[πρός](#) is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... [τὸν](#)

greek

The definite article [πωλοῦντα](#) [οὐκέτι](#) [μὴ](#) [ἐπιστρέψη](#) [καὶ](#)

13 greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [ἄνθρωπος](#) [ἐν](#)

greek

Preposition meaning "in". [ὄφθαλμῶ](#) [ζωῆς](#) [αὐτοῦ](#)

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) [οὐ](#) [κρατήσεται](#)

[σαλπίασσε](#) [ἐν](#)

greek

Preposition meaning "in". [σάλπιγγι](#) [καὶ](#)

greek

14 Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [κρίνατε](#) [τὰ](#)

greek

The definite article [σύμπαντα](#)

ὅplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ

greek

The definite article πόλεμος ἐνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". ῥομφαία ἐξωθεν καίplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ὅplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ

greek

The definite article λιμός καίplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ὅplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ

greek

The definite article θάνατος ἔσωθεν ὅplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ

greek

15 The definite article ἐνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". τῷplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigτῷ

greek

The definite article πεδίῳ ἐνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". ῥομφαία τελευτήσει τοὺςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigτοὺς

greek

The definite article δέplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. ἐνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". τῇplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigτῇ

greek

The definite article πόλει λιμός καίplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" θάνατος συντελέσει

[καὶ](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀνασῶθήσονται [οἱ](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

greek

The definite article ἀνασῶζόμενοι [ἐξ](#) [αὐτῶν](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) [καὶ](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [ἔσονται](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. [ἐπὶ](#) [τῶν](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

16 [πᾶσι](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

greek

The definite article [ὁρέων](#) [πάντας](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 [ἀποκτενῶ](#) [ἕκαστον](#) [ἐν](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". [ταῖς](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

greek

The definite article [ἀδικίας](#) [αὐτοῦ](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

πᾶσα plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 [χείρες ἐκλυθήσονται καὶ](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

17 Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [πάντες](#)plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 [μηροὶ μολυνθήσονται ὑγρασίᾳ](#)

καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" περιζώσσονται [σάκκου](#)ς καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [καλύψει](#) αὐτούςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) [θάμβος](#) καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [ἐνὶ](#) πάνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 [πρόσωπον](#) [αἰσχύνῃ](#) ἐπὶ αὐτούςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [ἐνὶ](#) πᾶσανplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 [κεφαλὴν](#) φαλάκρωμα

τὸ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ

greek

The definite article ἀργύριον αὐτῶν plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ῥιφήσεται ἐν plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". ταῖς plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ

greek

The definite article πλατεῖαις καὶ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὸ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ

greek

The definite article χρυσὸν αὐτῶν plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ὑπεροφθήσεται αἰ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ

greek

19

The definite article ψυχὰ αὐτῶν plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) οὐ μὴ ἐμπληθῶσιν καὶ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" αἰ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ

greek

The definite article κοιλίαι αὐτῶν plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) οὐ μὴ πληρωθῶσιν διότι βᾶσανος τῶν plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ

greek

The definite article ἀδικιῶν αὐτῶν plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐγένετο

ἐκλεκτὰ κόσμου εἰς ὑπερηφανίαν ἔθεντο αὐτὰ

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἰκόνας τῶν

greek

The definite article βδελυγμάτων αὐτῶν

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐποίησαν

Meaning:

* To do * To make

This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.

Verb forms

20 Present tense Person Greek Form ἐξ αὐτῶν

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἔνεκεν τούτου

greek

Meaning:

* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὗτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 δέδωκα αὐτὰ

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) αὐτοῖς

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) εἰς ἀκαθαρσίαν

καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" παραδώσω αὐτὰplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) εἰς χεῖρας ἀλλοτρῶν τοῦplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ

greek

The definite article διαρπάσαι αὐτὰplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

21 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τοῖςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ

greek

The definite article λομοῖς τῆςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ

greek

The definite article γῆςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigγῆ

Meaning:

* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".

It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 εἰς σκόλα καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" βεβηλώσουσιν αὐτὰplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀποστρέψω τὸplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ

greek

The definite article πρόσωπόν μου ἀπ αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μανοῶσιν τήνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ

greek

The definite article ἐπισκοπήν μου καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

22

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἰσελεύσονται εἰς αὐτὰplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἀφωλάκτως καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" βεβηλώσουσιν αὐτὰplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

	<p>καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So</p> <p>Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” ποιήσουαιplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigποιέω</p> <p>Meaning:</p> <p>* To do * To make</p> <p>This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.</p> <p>Verb forms</p> <p>Present tense Person Greek Form φερμὸν διδότι ἡplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ</p> <p>greek</p>
23	<p>The definite article γῆplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigγῆ</p> <p>Meaning:</p> <p>* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)</p> <p>Feminine noun. Connected to the English words “ground”, “geometry” and “geology”.</p> <p>It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 πλήρης λαῶν καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So</p> <p>Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” ἡplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article πόλις πλήρης ἀνομίας</p>
	<p>καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So</p> <p>Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” ἀποστρέψω τὸplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article φρύαγμα τῆςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article ισχύος αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same</p>
24	<p>Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.</p> <p>Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So</p> <p>Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” μανθήσεται τὰplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ</p> <p>greek</p> <p>The definite article ἄγια αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός</p> <p>greek</p> <p>Meaning</p> <p>* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same</p> <p>Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.</p> <p>Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)</p>

ἔξλασμός [ἦξει καὶ](#) plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [ζητήσῃ εἰρήνην καὶ](#) plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ

greek

25

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [οὐκ ἔσται](#) plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g.

[οὐαὶ ἐπὶ οὐαὶ ἔσται](#) plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. [καὶ](#) plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [ἀγγελία ἐπ ἀγγελίαν ἔσται](#) plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. [καὶ](#) plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ

26

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [ζητηθήσεται ὄρασις ἐκ προφήτου καὶ](#) plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [νόμος ἀπολεῖται ἐξ ἱερέως καὶ](#) plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [βουλή ἐκ πρεσβυτέρων](#)

ἀρχων ἐνδύσεται ἀφανισμόν καὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" αἰ

greek

The definite article χεῖρες τοῦ

greek

The definite article λαοῦ τῆς

greek

The definite article γῆς

Meaning:

* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".

It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 παραλυθήσονται κατὰ τὰς

greek

The definite article ὁδοῦς αὐτῶν

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ποιήσω

Meaning:

* To do * To make

This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.

Verb forms

27 Present tense Person Greek Form αὐτοῖς

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". τοῖς

greek

The definite article κρίμασιν αὐτῶν

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐκδικήσω αὐτούς

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶ

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" γνώσονται ὅτι ἐγὼ κύριος

KJV

1	Moreover the word of the LORD came unto me, saying,
2	Also, thou son of man, thus saith the Lord GOD unto the land of Israel; An end, the end is come upon the four corners of the land.
3	Now is the end come upon thee, and I will send mine anger upon thee, and will judge thee according to thy ways, and will recompense upon thee all thine abominations.
4	And mine eye shall not spare thee, neither will I have pity: but I will recompense thy ways upon thee, and thine abominations shall be in the midst of thee: and ye shall know that I am the LORD.
5	Thus saith the Lord GOD; An evil, an only evil, behold, is come.
6	An end is come, the end is come: it watcheth for thee; behold, it is come.
7	The morning is come unto thee, O thou that dwellest in the land: the time is come, the day of trouble is near, and not the sounding again of the mountains.
8	Now will I shortly pour out my fury upon thee, and accomplish mine anger upon thee: and I will judge thee according to thy ways, and will recompense thee for all thine abominations.
9	And mine eye shall not spare, neither will I have pity: I will recompense thee according to thy ways and thine abominations that are in the midst of thee; and ye shall know that I am the LORD that smiteth.
10	Behold the day, behold, it is come: the morning is gone forth; the rod hath blossomed, pride hath budded.
11	Violence is risen up into a rod of wickedness: none of them shall remain, nor of their multitude, nor of any of theirs: neither shall there be wailing for them.
12	The time is come, the day draweth near: let not the buyer rejoice, nor the seller mourn: for wrath is upon all the multitude thereof.
13	For the seller shall not return to that which is sold, although they were yet alive: for the vision is touching the whole multitude thereof, which shall not return; neither shall any strengthen himself in the iniquity of his life.
14	They have blown the trumpet, even to make all ready; but none goeth to the battle: for my wrath is upon all the multitude thereof.
15	The sword is without, and the pestilence and the famine within: he that is in the field shall die with the sword; and he that is in the city, famine and pestilence shall devour him.
16	But they that escape of them shall escape, and shall be on the mountains like doves of the valleys, all of them mourning, every one for his iniquity.
17	All hands shall be feeble, and all knees shall be weak as water.
18	They shall also gird themselves with sackcloth, and horror shall cover them; and shame shall be upon all faces, and baldness upon all their heads.
19	They shall cast their silver in the streets, and their gold shall be removed: their silver and their gold shall not be able to deliver them in the day of the wrath of the LORD: they shall not satisfy their souls, neither fill their bowels: because it is the stumblingblock of their iniquity.
20	As for the beauty of his ornament, he set it in majesty: but they made the images of their abominations and of their detestable things therein: therefore have I set it far from them.
21	And I will give it into the hands of the strangers for a prey, and to the wicked of the earth for a spoil; and they shall pollute it.
22	My face will I turn also from them, and they shall pollute my secret place: for the robbers shall enter into it, and defile it.
23	Make a chain: for the land is full of bloody crimes, and the city is full of violence.
24	Wherefore I will bring the worst of the heathen, and they shall possess their houses: I will also make the pomp of the strong to cease; and their holy places shall be defiled.
25	Destruction cometh; and they shall seek peace, and there shall be none.
26	Mischief shall come upon mischief, and rumour shall be upon rumour; then shall they seek a vision of the prophet; but the law shall perish from the priest, and counsel from the ancients.

27 The king shall mourn, and the prince shall be clothed with desolation, and the hands of the people of the land shall be troubled: I will do unto them after their way, and according to their deserts will I judge them; and they shall know that I am the LORD.

[Ezekiel 6](#) ← [Ezekiel 7](#) → [Ezekiel 8](#)

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