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Genesis 11:4

שָׁמִיםplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigויאׁמְרֿוּ הֵבָה נִבְנָה לֵנוּ עִׁיר וּמִגְדָּל וְראֹשָׁוֹ בַשְּׁמֵיִם

hebrew

Meanings:

* Heaven or heavens * Sky * Compass

Masculine noun. The word is dual in form (ending in יִם: which normally indicates two things (like eyes and hands), however, however it functions as a plural. Deuteronomy 10:14 states that Genesis 1:20Psalm 115:3 אַנְשָּׁיָח כָּשׁׁ מַּנְיּ נְבְּיִץ עַכֹּ פִּיִּן שֵׁיִם פִּיְרְ נְשִׁרְּעַ כַּּנְיִם בַּיִּרְ עַכֹּ פִּרְיִם בַּיִּרְ עַכֹּ פִּיִּרְ שֵׁיִם פִּיִּרְ נְשִׁרְּעַ בַּיִּרְ עַכֹּ פִּיִּרְ שֵׁיִם בַּיִּרְ עַכֹּ פִּיִּרְ עַכֹּ פִּיִּרְ עַכֹּ פִּיִּרְ עַכֹּ פִּיִּרְ עַכֹּ פִּיִּרְ עַכֹּ פִּיִּרְ עַכֹּיִיךְ עַכַּ פִּיִּרְ עַכִּיִּרְ עַכִּיִּרְ עַכְּיִּרְ בַּיִרְ עַכְּיִרְ בַּיִּרְ עַכִּיִּבְיִים בַּיִּרְ עַכְּיִבְּיִים בַּיִּרְ עַכְּיִים בַּיִּרְ בַּיִּרְ עַכִּיִּבְיִים בַּיִּבְיִים בַּיִּבְיִים בַּיִּים בַּיִּבְים בַּיבְּים בַּיְבִּים בַּיִּבְים בַּיִּבְים בַּיִּבְּים בַּיִּבְים בַּיִּבְים בַּיִבְּיִּם בַּיִּבְים בַּיִבְּים בַּיִבְים בַּיִּבְים בַּיִּבְים בַּיִּבְים בַּיִּבְים בַּיִבְּים בַּיִבְים בַּיִבְים בַּיִבְּים בַּיבְים בַּיִבְּים בְּיבִים בַּיִבְּים בְּיבִים בַּים בַּיבְּים בַּיִבְּים בַּיבְים בַּיבְּים בַּיבְּים בַּיבְים בַּיבְים בַּיבְים בַּיבְּים בַּיבְים בַּיבְים בַּיִים בְּיבִים בַּיבְים בַּיבְים בַּיבְּיִים בְּיבִים בְּיבִים בְּיבִים בְּיבִים בְּיבִים בְּיבִּים בַּיבְּיבְּים בְּיבִים בְּיבִים בְּיבִים בְּיבִים בְּיבִּים בְּיבִּים בְּיבִּים בְּיבִּים בְּיבִים בְּיבִּים בְּיבִּים בְּיבִים בְּיבִּים בְּיבִּים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיבִים בְּיִיבְים בְּיבִיים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִיבְּיִים בְּיִיבְיִים בְּיִים בְּיִיבְיִים בְּיִיבְייִים בְּיִיבְּיִים בְּיבִּים בְּיִיבְּים בְּיִיבְים בְּיִבְיִים בְּיִבְּיִים בְּיִבְיִים בְּיִבְיּבְיבָּים בְּיבְיבָּים בְּיבְים בְּיבִּים בְּיבְיִים בְּיִיבְּיִים בְּיִבְּים בְּיבְים בְּיבְּיבְּיבְים בְּיִיבְּים בְּיבְּיבְים בְּיבְּים בְּיבְים בְּיבְּיבְיים בְּיבְיבְּים בְּיבְיבְים בְּיבְים בְּיבְּיבְים בְּיבְיבְיבְים בְּיבְיבְּיבְים בְּיבְּיבְים בְּיבְיבְיבִּים בְּיבְיבְיבִיים בְּיבִּים בְּיבִּים בְּיבְיבְיבִּים בְּיבְיבִּים בְי

hebrew

Meaning:

Hebrew * Face * Presence * Front or surface

Noun. Masculine. Although it looks plural in form (ending in -p), it is almost always used as a singular in meaning - a type of plural of intensity or plural of form common in Hebrew for body parts that come in pairs or have multiple aspects. יְאָנֵיְץ default plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigy.

* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country

The word γμς can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שַׁמַיָּם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1

ESV Then they said, "Come, let us build ourselves a city and a tower with its top in the heavens, and let us make a name for ourselves, lest we be dispersed over the face of the whole earth."

NIV Then they said, "Come, let us build ourselves a city, with a tower that reaches to the heavens, so that we may make a name for ourselves and not be scattered over the face of the whole earth."

NLT Then they said, "Come, let's build a great city for ourselves with a tower that reaches into the sky. This will make us famous and keep us from being scattered all over the world."

καὶ plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί areek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπαν δεῦτε οἰκοδομήσωμεν ἐαυτοῖς πόλιν καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί Meaning And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" múpyov ou plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigŏc, ñ, ŏ areek Meaning: * Who * Which * What The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent). lt is distinct from ὄτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὄς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning ἡplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό Meaning * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ κεφαλὴ ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigeἰμί είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἔως τοῦρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ οὐρανοῦρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigoὐρανός Meaning: * The sky * Air * Heaven or heavens 278 occurrences in the New Testament Ούρανός is used in Scripture to describe the sky and universe (that is, the visible expanse above the earth) as well as the transcendent realm where God is present. For example, in Matthew 6:26Matthew 24:29Matthew 6:9 καίριυgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ποιήσωμενριμαίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigποιέω Meaning: * To do * To make This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship. Present tense Person Greek Form ἐαυτοῖς ὄνομα πρὸ τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ διασπαρῆναι ἐπὶ προσώπου πάσηςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigmāç greek Meaning * All * Every * The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of πα̃c depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23Iohn 3:16Colossians 1:17 τῆcplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó, ń, τό Meaning * The The definite article. Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigγῆ Meaning: Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5) Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology". It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1

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KJV And they said, Go to, let us build us a city and a tower, whose top may reach unto heaven; and let us make us a name, lest we be scattered abroad upon the face of the whole earth.

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