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Genesis 2:5

הָיָהplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigהָל שְׁיַּה הַשְּׁדָּה טֵּרֶם יְהְיֵּרֵ hebrew The word הָּיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament. This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence. ំ lt is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 ក្រុងភ្នុំplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigr hebrew Meaning: * Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country The word אָרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground. lebrew lt is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word יְהוָה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament. First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament. Exodus 3:14 Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13 Joel 2:32 Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1 Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3 Judges 6:24 Genesis 22:14 Jeremiah 23:6 מַאַלְהִיפּסוֹ 19:0 Autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigonation (a section of the original section of the Meanings: * God * god * goddess * divine ones * angels Noun, masculine אֶבֶיplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigy پُرة hebrew * Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country The word ארץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground. When coupled with heavens (שְׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 אָת לְעָבֶּד אָת βρίμαjin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigm, אָתפּוֹפּים The Hebrew ns word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. It only ever occurs in conjunction with nouns associated with the definite article n. Genesis 1:1 nagray.

When no bush of the field was yet in the land and no small plant of the field had yet surprace up. for the LORD God had not caused it to rain on the land, and there was no man to work the ground,

Nut and no shrub of the field had yet appeared on the earth and the oplant of the held had yet surprace up, for the LORD dand not sent rain on the earth and there was no man to work the ground,

Nut neither wild plants nor grains were growing on the earth. The LORD God had not yet sent rain to water the earth, and there were no people to cultivate the soil.

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καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
 Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πανομασία-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπας
 greek
 All * Every * The whole
Adjective
The sense of πας depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.
With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 χλωρὸν ἀγροῦ πρὸ τοῦρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό
Meaning:
The definite article.
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γενέσθαι ἐπὶ τῆςpluqin-autotooltip default pluqin-autotooltip biqὁ, ἡ, τό
Meaning:
 The
The definite article
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ
 Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)
Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".
 t occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 xaiplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-au
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πάνταρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς
Meaning
 * All * Every * The whole
Adjective.
Usage in the New Testament
With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 χόρτον ἀγροῦ πρὸ τοῦρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó, ή, τό
 reek
Meaning:
The definite article.
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἀνατεῖλαι οὑ γὰρ ἔβρεξεν ὁplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default
greek
Meaning
The definite article
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ θεὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigθεὸς
areek
 * A god or goddess * God ἐπὶ τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigö, ἡ, τό
greek
Meaning
The definite article.
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γῆνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ
Meaning:
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Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology"
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areek
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
 ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. Π is most frequently translated as "and" ἄνθρωπος οὐκ ἦνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default
είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἐργάζεσθαι τὴνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό
Meaning:
 The
 Forms
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γῆνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ
 Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)
Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology"
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KIV And every plant of the field before it was in the earth, and every herb of the field before it grew; for the LORD God had not caused it to rain upon the earth, and there was not a man to till the ground.

Genesis 2:4 ← Genesis 2:5 → Genesis 2:6

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