

ἐκάλεσεν δὲ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean “but” or “and” or “also” or “moreover”. It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English.

Αβιμελεχ τὸν plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ τοῖα καὶ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” εἶπεν αὐτῷ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἄρα γε γυνή σου ἐστίν plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”).

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. τί ὅτι εἶπας ἀδελφή μου ἐστίν plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

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It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. εἶπεν **δὲ** **αὐτὸς** **εἰπεῖν**

greek

ὁὐ is a conjunction that can mean “but” or “and” or “also” or “moreover”. It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English.

αὐτῷ plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

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Core uses Function	English Equivalent	Typical Translation	Example (Greek)	Example (English)
ισαακ	isaac	isaac	Ἰσαάκ	isaac
εἶπα	i-e-pa	i-e-pa	εἶπα	i-e-pa
γάρ	gar	gar	γάρ	gar
μήποτε	me-pote	me-pote	μήποτε	me-pote
ἀποθάνω	apothano	apothano	ἀποθάνω	apothano
διὰ	dia	dia	διὰ	dia

greek

Meaning:

* Through * Because * On account of

Preposition that relates to movement through space, time, means or cause - it's a preposition of movement and mediation.

When used with the genitive case, διὰ emphasizes the means or channel by which something happens. John 1:3 Matthew 24:12 John 1:32 Timothy 2:10 Romans 5:1 John 1:17 αὐτήν plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

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[illegible]

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