

εἰ ἐκβάλλεις με σήμερον ἀπὸ προσώπου τῆς

greek

The definite article γῆς

Meaning:

\* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words “ground”, “geometry” and “geology”.

It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 καὶ

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” ἀπὸ τοῦ

greek

The definite article προσώπου σου κρυβήσομαι καὶ

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” ἔσομαι

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”).

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. στένων καὶ

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" **καὶ** plugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ

greek

The definite article **ὁ** plugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ

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greek

Meaning

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Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" **καὶ** plugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί

greek

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It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. **πάντες** plugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπάντες

greek

Meaning

\* All \* Every \* The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of πάντες depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 **ὁ** plugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ

greek

The definite article [εὕρισκων με ἀποκτενεῖ με](#)

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