

Genesis 41:31

	אֶרֶץplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigאֶרֶץ יִנְדַע הַשָּׂבַע בְּאֶרֶץ hebrew Meaning: Hebrew * Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country The word אֶרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground. When coupled with heavens (שָׁמַיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 מִפְּנֵי הָרָעָב הָהוּא אֲחֵרִי כֵן כִּי כְבֵד הָיָה מְאֹד
ESV	and the plenty will be unknown in the land by reason of the famine that will follow, for it will be very severe.
NIV	The abundance in the land will not be remembered, because the famine that follows it will be so severe.
NLT	This famine will be so severe that even the memory of the good years will be erased.

	καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” οὐκ ἐπιγινωσθήσεται ἡplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ greek The definite article εὐθηνία ἐπὶ τῆςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ greek The definite article γῆςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigγῆ Meaning: * Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5) Feminine noun. Connected to the English words “ground”, “geometry” and “geology”. It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 ἀπὸ τοῦplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ greek The definite article λιμοῦ τοῦplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὸ greek The definite article ἐσομένουplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. μετὰ ταῦταplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigοὗτος / αὕτη / τοῦτο greek Meaning: * These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. οὗτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — “this” as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἰσχυρὸς γὰρ ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. σφόδρα
LXX	

KJV	And the plenty shall not be known in the land by reason of that famine following; for it shall be very grievous.
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