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καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. τὰplugin-autotooltip default pluginautotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. **Forms** Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ βρώματα πεφυλαγμένα τῆplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. **Forms** Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γῆplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigγῆ Meaning:

* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".

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It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 $\epsilon i c \tau \alpha$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, $\dot{\eta}$, $\tau \dot{o}$

greek
Meaning:
* The
The definite article.
Forms
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἑπτὰ ἔτη τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό
greek
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Forms
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative $\dot{\delta}$ $\dot{\eta}$ $\dot{\tau}$ $\dot{\delta}$ Genitive $\dot{\tau}$ $\ddot{\eta}$ $\dot{\tau}$ $\ddot{\delta}$ Dative $\dot{\tau}$ $\ddot{\phi}$ $\dot{\tau}$ $\dot{\eta}$ $\dot{\tau}$ $\dot{\eta}$ $\dot{\tau}$ $\dot{\tau}$ Dative $\dot{\tau}$ $\dot{\phi}$ $\dot{\tau}$ $\dot{\eta}$ $\dot{\tau}$ τ
greek
Meaning:
* Who * Which * What
The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).
It is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning ἔσονταιplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί
greek
εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example $\epsilon l\mu l$ is the word for am and l is the word for was, e.g. $\ell \nu plugin$ -autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big $\ell \nu$

greek

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Preposition meaning "in". y nplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigy n

Meaning:

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greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" οὐκ ἐκτριβήσεται ἡplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ yῆplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigyῆ

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greek

Preposition meaning "in". τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

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* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ λιμῷ

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