# **Genesis 41:54**

פוֹנְהָי שֶׁבָע שְׁנֵי הָרָעָבֹ לָבוֹא כַּאֲשֶׁר אָמֵר יוֹסֵף וַיְהָי plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big: הָיָה ווֹנְהָי הָיָעָבֹ לָבוֹא כַּאֲשֶׁר אָמֵר יוֹסֵף וַיְהָי

### hebrew

The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

\* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 און און צור בְּּבֶל הַאַרְצֹּוֹת יִיבוּ autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigץ־ָאֶרֶ

## hebrew

## Meaning:

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

The word אַבץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

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Hebrew When coupled with heavens (שְׁמִיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 אָבֶרְאוֹם plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigry,

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and the seven years of famine began to come, as Joseph had said. There was famine in all lands, but in all the land of Egypt there was bread. ESV

and the seven years of famine began, just as Joseph had said. There was famine in all the other lands, but in the whole land of Egypt there was food.

Then the seven years of famine began, just as Joseph had predicted. The famine also struck all the surrounding countries, but throughout Egypt there was plenty of NLT

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καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἤρξαντο τὰplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article ἐπτὰ ἔτη τοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article λιμοῦ ἔρχεσθαι καθὰ εἶπεν Ιωσηφ καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

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areek

Preposition meaning "in". πάσηplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

\* All \* Every \* The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of  $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta$  depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τῆpluginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

LXX

The definite article γῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigγῆ

Meaning

\* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".

It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 ἐνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν

areek

Preposition meaning "in". δὲplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. πάσηρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπᾶς

areek

Meaning

\* All \* Every \* The whole

Adiective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

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greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἄρτοι

KJV And the seven years of dearth began to come, according as Joseph had said: and the dearth was in all lands; but in all the land of Egypt there was bread.

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