2025/11/09 22:23 1/3 greek

καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" οὐκ ἔστινρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. κτίσις ἀφανὴς ἐνώπιον αὐτοῦ, pluginautotooltip default pluginautotooltip bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) πάνταρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns \rightarrow "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 $\delta \epsilon$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big $\delta \epsilon$

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. $\gamma \nu \mu \nu \dot{\alpha}$

Last update: 2025/10/17 00:56 καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τετραχηλισμένα τοῖς plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. **Forms** Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ὀφθαλμοῖς αὐτοῦ, plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) πρὸς plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπρός greek Meaning * To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament. πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... ονplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigŏς, ἤ, ὅ

https://groveserver.com/bible/

greek

Meaning:

2025/11/09 22:23 3/3 greek

* Who * Which * What

The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).

It is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning ἡμῖν ὁρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative $\dot{\delta}$ $\dot{\eta}$ $\dot{\tau}$ $\dot{\delta}$ Genitive $\dot{\tau}$ $\ddot{\eta}$ $\dot{\delta}$ $\dot{\gamma}$ $\dot{\delta}$ $\dot{\gamma}$ $\dot{\delta}$ $\dot{\gamma}$ $\dot{\delta}$ $\dot{\gamma}$ $\dot{\delta}$ $\dot{\gamma}$ $\dot{\delta}$ $\dot{\delta}$ $\dot{\gamma}$ $\dot{\delta}$ $\dot{\delta$

Meaning

* A word or words * Statement * Message * Speech * Account * Used in John to mean God the Son

Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω.

λόγος in Greek Thought

Before the New Testament, $\lambda \acute{o}\gamma o \varsigma$ already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, $\lambda \acute{o}\gamma o \varsigma$ was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, $\lambda \acute{o}\gamma o \varsigma$ referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world....

From:

https://groveserver.com/bible/ - BibleWiki

Permanent link:

https://groveserver.com/bible/doku.php?id=hebrews 4:13:greek

Last update: 2025/10/17 00:56

