2025/11/07 14:21 1/2 James 3:5

James 3:5

plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἰδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει· So also the tongue is a small member, yet it boasts of great things. How great a forest is set		οὕτως καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ήplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ή, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γλῶσσα μικρὸν μέλος ἐστὶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἱδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει. So also the tongule is a small member, yet it hoagts of great things. How great a forest is set.	Greek	greek
Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἡplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γλῶσσα μικρὸν μέλος ἐστὶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἱδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει. So also the tongula is a small member, yet it boasts of great things. How great a forest is set.		Meaning
translated as "and" ἡplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γλῶσσα μικρὸν μέλος ἐστὶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἱδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει· So also the topque is a small member, yet it boacts of great things. How great a forest is set.		* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γλῶσσα μικρὸν μέλος ἐστὶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἱδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει·		
* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γλῶσσα μικρὸν μέλος ἐστὶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigɛlμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἱδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει· So also the tongue is a small member, yet it boasts of great things. How great a forest is set		greek
The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γλῶσσα μικρὸν μέλος ἐστὶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἱδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει· So also the tongue is a small member, yet it boasts of great things. How great a forest is set		Meaning:
Greek Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γλῶσσα μικρὸν μέλος ἐστὶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἱδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει·		* The
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γλῶσσα μικρὸν μέλος ἐστὶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἱδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει· So also the tongue is a small member, yet it boasts of great things. How great a forest is set		The definite article.
τῆ γλῶσσα μικρὸν μέλος ἐστὶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἱδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει·		Forms
εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἰδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει· So also the tongue is a small member, yet it boasts of great things. How great a forest is set		
It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἰδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει· So also the tongue is a small member, yet it boasts of great things. How great a forest is set		greek
example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἰδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει· So also the tongue is a small member, yet it boasts of great things. How great a forest is set		εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
 Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἰδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει· So also the tongue is a small member, yet it hoasts of great things. How great a forest is set 		example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶplugin-autotooltipdefault
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἰδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει· So also the tongue is a small member, yet it boasts of great things. How great a forest is set		greek
Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἰδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει·		Meaning
translated as "and" μεγάλα αὐχεῖ. ἰδοὺ ἡλίκον πῦρ ἡλίκην ὕλην ἀνάπτει· So also the tongue is a small member, yet it boasts of great things. How great a forest is set		* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
So also the tongue is a small member, yet it boasts of great things. How great a forest is set		
ablaze by such a small fire!	ESV	So also the tongue is a small member, yet it boasts of great things. How great a forest is set ablaze by such a small fire!
NIV Likewise the tongue is a small part of the body, but it makes great boasts. Consider what a great forest is set on fire by a small spark.	NIV	
NLT In the same way, the tongue is a small thing that makes grand speeches.But a tiny spark can set a great forest on fire.	NLT	In the same way, the tongue is a small thing that makes grand speeches.But a tiny spark can
	KJV	Even so the tongue is a little member, and boasteth great things. Behold, how great a matter a

Return to: Home Page → Christianity → Bible → New Testament → James → James 3

From:

https://groveserver.com/bible/ - BibleWiki

Permanent link:

https://groveserver.com/bible/doku.php?id=james_3:5

Last update: 2025/10/23 00:28

