2025/11/08 05:45 1/3 Jeremiah 2:35

## Jeremiah 2:35

Hebrew	אַדּ שֶׁב אַפְּוֹ מִפֵּנִּי הָנְנִי נִשְׁפֵּט אוֹתְדּ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigתְּאֹמְרָי כִּי נִפַּ֖יתִי אַדּ שֶׁב אַפְּוֹ מִפֵּנִי הָנְנִי נִשְׁפֵּט אוֹתְדּ
	hebrew
	The Hebrew אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. It only ever occurs in conjunction with nouns associated with the definite article בּ.Genesis 1:1 עַל אָמְרֵדְּ לְאׁ חָטֵאתִי
ESV	you say, 'I am innocent; surely his anger has turned from me.' Behold, I will bring you to judgment for saying, 'I have not sinned.'
NIV	you say, 'I am innocent; he is not angry with me.' But I will pass judgment on you because you say, 'I have not sinned.'
	And yet you say, 'I have done nothing wrong. Surely God isn't angry with me!' But now I will punish you severely because you claim you have not sinned.

Last update: 2025/10/23 00:28 jeremiah 2:35 https://groveserver.com/bible/doku.php?id=jeremiah 2:35 καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and"  $\epsilon$ ἶπlphaς ἀθῷός εἰμιplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἀλλὰ ἀποστραφήτω ὁplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigὁ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ θυμὸς αὐτοῦpluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἀπ ἐμοῦ ἰδοὺ ἐγὼ κρίνομαι πρὸς plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπρός greek Meaning \* To or towards \* Pertaining to (genitive case) \* Near to (dative case) \* According to \* About Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament. πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... σὲ ἐγρluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigév areek Preposition meaning "in". τῷplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article.

Forms

LXX

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ λέγειν σε οὐχ ήμαρτον

2025/11/08 05:45 3/3 Jeremiah 2:35

ΚJV

Yet thou sayest, Because I am innocent, surely his anger shall turn from me. Behold, I will plead with thee, because thou sayest, I have not sinned.

Jeremiah 2:34 ← Jeremiah 2:35 → Jeremiah 2:36

Return to: Home Page → Christianity → Bible → Old Testament → Jeremiah 2

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Last update: 2025/10/23 00:28

