

Jeremiah 20:16

	יָהִי plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigיָהִי hebrew The word יָהִי means “to exist” or “to be” or “to become” or “to come into being” and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament. This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence. * It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 הָאֵשׁ יִהְיֶה יְהוָה אֲשֶׁר הָקֵד יְהוָה יָהִי plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigיָהִי
Hebrew	hebrew Meaning * Yahweh - God's personal name It is not a generic term for “god”, but rather the word יְהוָה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament. First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 וְלֹא נִתָּם וְשָׁמַע זַעֲקָהּ בַּבֹּקֶר וּתְרוּעָהּ בְּעַת צַהֲרָיִם
ESV	Let that man be like the cities that the LORD overthrew without pity; let him hear a cry in the morning and an alarm at noon,
NIV	May that man be like the towns the LORD overthrew without pity. May he hear wailing in the morning, a battle cry at noon.
NLT	Let him be destroyed like the cities of old that the LORD overthrew without mercy. Terrify him all day long with battle shouts,

	ἐστὼ greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὅ greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ ἄνθρωπος ἐκεῖνος ὡς αἱ greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ πόλις ὅς greek Meaning: * Who * Which * What The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent). It is distinct from ὅτι (“that,” introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning κατέστρεψεν κύριος ἐν greek Preposition meaning “in”. θυμῷ καὶ greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” οὐ μετεμελήθη ἄκουσάτω κραυγῆς τὸ greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ πρὸ καὶ greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” ἀλαλαγμοῦ μεσημβρίας
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KJV	And let that man be as the cities which the LORD overthrew, and repented not: and let him hear the cry in the morning, and the shouting at noontide;
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