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Jeremiah 25

Verses: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38

Text

Hebrew

הָיָהplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigהָדָּבֶּר אֲשֶׁר הָיֵה

hebrew

ן The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 עֵל יִרְמָלָהוֹּ עַל כָּל עָם יְחוּדָׁה בַּשְׁנָה הַרְבָּעִית לִיחוֹיָקִים בָּן יאֹשְיָהוּ מֵלֶדְּ יְהוּדֶה הִיא הַשְּׁנָה הָרָאשִׁלְּיִת לְנְבִּוּכִדְרֶאשֵּר מֵלֶדְּ בְּבֶל

אַשֶּׁר דָּבֶּר יִרְמָיֵהוּ הַנָּבִיאֹ עַל כָּל עֵם יִהוּדָּה וְאֵל כָּל ישְׁבֵי יִרוּשָׁלֵם לֵאמְר ב

ָהָיָה פָּיָה הָיָה וְעָד הַיָּוֹם הַדֶּּה זֶה שְׁלָשׁ וְעֶשְׂרִים שְׁלָה לִיאשִׁיְהוּ בֶּן אָמוֹן מֶלֶדְּ יְהוּדָּה וְעַד הַיָּוֹם הַדֶּה זֶה שְׁלָשׁ וְעֶשְׂרִים שׁׁנָה הָיֵה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigמן שְׁלָשׁ עָשְׂרֵה שִׁנְה הָיֵה

hebrew

The word הַיָּה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

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3 hebrew

Meaning

* Yahweh - God's personal name

lt is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word بِمَابِم (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 אֵלֵי מּאַמֶּעְםּם

יהוֹה plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip big

hebrew

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hebrew

The Hebrew אָת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בְּבָאָים (כָּל צֶבָדֵיו הַנְּבָאָים הַשְּׁכֵּם וְשְׁלָּח וְלָא שְׁמִעְתֵּם וְלָא הִפִּיתֵם אֱת plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigภุม

hebrew

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יָהוָהplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigבאמר שִׁוּבוּ נְّא אֵישׁ מִדַּרְכָּוֹ הֶרְעָה וּמֵרְעַ מַעַלְלֵיכֶּׁם וּשְׁבוּ עַל הָאֲדְמָׁה אֲשֶׁר נְתָן יְהוֶה

hebrew

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אֱלֹהָים plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigוְאֵל תֵּלְכֹּוּ אֲחֲרֵי אֱלֹהֵים

hebrew

Meanings:

* God * god * goddess * divine ones * angels

אַת Noun, masculine אָחֶבי וּלְהִשְׁתְּחֲוֹת לְהֶם וְלָאׁ תַּכְעֵיסוּ אוֹתִיּ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigmאָת אָת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigmאָת אַתּבְעֵיסוּ אוֹתִיּ

hebrew

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יָהוָה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigולָא שָׁמַעְתֵּם אֶלֵי נָאָם יְהוֶה

hebrew

Meaning

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יָהוָה plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigקבָּן כָּה אָמֵר יָהוֶה

hebrew

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hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרָא אֱלֹהֵים (דָּבָרֶי

אָתplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigהְנְנֵי שׁלֵّחַ וְלָקַחְתִּיּ אֶת

hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּל מִשְׁפְּחֹוֹת צְפׁוֹן נְאָם יְהוָה plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip big:מַּרָא אֱלֹהֵים (כָּל מִשְׁפְּחֹוֹת צְפׁוֹן נְאָם יְהוָה

hebrew

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hebrew

Meaning:

* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country

The word ארץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שָׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 שָׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis אָל הָּגּוֹיֶם הָאֶלֶּה הָּאֶלֶה וּלְשְׁרָבְּׁה וּלְחָרְבִּוֹת עוֹנֶם

ּוְהַאֲבַדְתֵּי מֵהֶּם קּוֹל שָּׁשׁוֹן וְקּוֹל שִּׁמְחָׁה קּוֹל חָתָן וְקּוֹל כַּלֶּה קּוֹל רַחַיִם וְאָוֹר גֵר

הָיָה plugin-autotooltip_ default plugin-autotooltip_bigהְיָתָה

hebrew

The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

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hebrew

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When coupled with heavens (יָשְמֵיה וְעָּבְדֹוּ הַגּוֹיֶם הָאֵלֶּה), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 הַּזֹּאת לְחָרְבֶּה לְשַׁמֵּה וְעָבְדֹוּ הַגּוֹיֶם הָאֵלֶּה אֵתplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigאֵת

hebrew

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הָיָהplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigוְהָיֵה

hebrew

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hebrew

Meaning

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12 hebrew

The Hebrew אַמ word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַבץ אָר אָבי (עַוֹנֶם וַעַל אָבי אַ אַלהָים (עַוֹנֶם אַל אַרי

hebrew

Meaning:

* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country

The word אַרַא can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שְׁמְתֵּי אֹתְוֹ), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 שְׁמְתֵּי אֹתְוֹ), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 אָתּפִּים וְשָּׁמְתֵּי אֹתְוֹ

hebrew

The Hebrew אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרֵא אֱלֹהֵים (לְשָׁמְמִוֹת עוֹלֶם

אָרֵץplugin-autotooltip_ default plugin-autotooltip_bigץ אָרֵץ

hebrew

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13 hebrew

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hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרָא אֵלהָזִים (כָּל הַבָּתֶבֶּר הַלֶּה אֲשֶׁר נָבֶּא יָרְמְיֶהוּ עַל כָּל הַגּוֹיֶם

נֵי עֵבְדוּ בֶם גַּם הֵׁמָּהֹ גוֹיֶם רַבִּּים וּמְלָכֵים גִּדוֹלֵים וְשִׁלַמְתֵּי לָהֶם כְּפַעֵעֶה וּכְמַעֲשֵׂה יְדֵיהֶם 14

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יָהוָה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big: כֹה אָמֵּר יְהוְה

hebrew

Meaning

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hebrew

Meanings:

* God * god * goddess * divine ones * angels

Noun, masculine יְשְׂרָאֵל אֵלֵי ׳ קֵׁח אֶת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big, אֵת

hebrew

The Hebrew אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אָרֹהֵים (פֿוֹס הַיָּיֵן הַחֵּמֶה הַזְּאַת מִיּדֶי וְהַשְּׁקִיתָה אֹתוֹ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigx

hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אָת פֿוּסָים (אַת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigns, אַלהָים (

hebrew

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hebrew

The Hebrew אַמ word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרֶא אֱלֹהֵים (אֲלֵיהֵם

וְשָׁתֹּוּ וְהֶתְגֹּעֲשָׁוּ וְהִתְהֹלֶלוּ מִפְּנֵי הַחֶּׁרֶב אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכֵי שֹׁלֵחַ בֵּינֹתֶם 16

אֶת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigאָקָח אֶת

hebrew

The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by יָהוֹף מָיָד יָהוָה (הַבְּוֹס מְיַיד יְהוַה Jor example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by יָהוֹף מָיָד יְהוָה

hebrew

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First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 אַתּסְלּה 17 שַּׁבְּיִּלֶּה לַּבּיִים לַּבְּיִים לַּבְּיִים לַּבְּיִים לַּבְּיִים לַבְּיִים לְבִּיִים לְבִּים לְבְּים לְבִּים לְבִּים לְבִּים לְבִּים לְבִּים לְבִּים לְבִּים לְבִּים לְבִּים בּיִּים לְבִּים לְבִּים לְבִּים לְבִּים לְבִּים לְבּים לְבִּים בְּיִים לְבִּים בְּים לְבִּים בְּיִים לְבִּים בְּיבְים לְבִּים בְּיבּים בּים בּיבּים בּיבְּים בּיבְּים בְּיבְּים בְּים בְּיבְּים בְּיבְּים בְּיבְּים בְּיבְּים בְּיבְּים בְּיבְּים בְּיבְּים בּיבְּים בּיבְּים בּיבְּים בְּיבְּים בְּיבּים בּיבְּים בּיבּים בּיבּים בּיבּים בּיבּים בּיבּים בּיבּים בּיבּים בּיבּים בּיבּים בּיבְּים בּיבְּים בּיבְּים בּיבְּים בְּיבְּים בְּיבְּים ב

hebrew

The Hebrew אָת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by פָל הַגּוֹיָם אֲשֶׁר שְׁלְחָנִי יְהוֶה (כָּל הַגּוֹיִם אֲשֶׁר שְׁלָחָנִי יְהוֶה autotooltip_bign-grantotooltip_

hebrew

Meaning

* Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word ٻِהוָּה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 2025/11/02 15:27 9/34 Jeremiah 25

אתplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigאת

hebrew

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אַת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigהָבֶא אֱלֹהֶים (יְרוּשְׁלֵּם וְאָת for example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַת מוֹן

hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַתָּים (עָבֵי יְהוּלָה וְאָת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big,הַ אֵלֹהֶים (עָבֵי יְהוּלָה וְאָת

hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אָת פוֹם (מִלְכֵיה אָת blugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big., אָת

hebrew

The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

אָת Eor example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אָת לָהָים (שְׁבֵּיהָ לָתָּת אֹתָם plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big.אַ אַלהַים (שְׁבֵיהָ לָתָּת אֹתָם

hebrew

The Hebrew אָת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרֵא אֱלֹהֵים (לְחָרְבֶּה לְשַׁמֵּה לִשְׁרֵקָה וְלִקְלָלֶה כִּיַּוֹם הַזֵּה

אֱת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigאֱת

hebrew

The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by מֶלְהֶים (פַּרְעָה מֶלֶדְּ מִצְרֵיָם וְאָה מֶלֶדְּ מִצְרֵיָם וְאַה autotooltip_bigภ אֵלֹהֵים אַנּ

hebrew

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¹⁹|For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אָבְדֵיו וְאֶת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigבָרָא אֱלֹהֵים (עֲבָדֵיו וְאֶת

hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אָת וֹשָׁרָיו וָאַת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bign, אָת

hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרָא אֱלֹהֵים (כָּל עַמְּוֹ

אתplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigאת

hebrew

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אָת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigהָרֶא אֱלֹהֶים (כְּל חָטֶּרֶב וְאֶת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bign, אַת

hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַבּל מַלְבֵי אֵבל מַלְבֵי אָבוּ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigץ־גַא אַלהָּים (כָּל מַלְבֵי אূבי

hebrew

Meaning:

* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country

The word אֶכֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שְׁמֵּיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 הָעָנּץ יְאֵׁת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigma אַתּפוֹם

hebrew

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hebrew

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אַת פּוּרִשְׁרָּיִם וְאֶת בּוֹיִם מִּאָת בּוֹיִם מִּאָת בּוֹיִם מִּאָת בּוֹיִים וְאָאָת בּוֹיִם מִּאָת בּוֹיִם מְאָת בּוֹים מִּאָת בּיִּם מְּאָת בּיִּם מְּאָת בּיִּם מְאָת בּיִּם מְאָת בּיִּם מְאָת בּיִּם מְאָלֶת בּיִּם מְּאָת בּיִּם מְּאָת בּיִּם מְּאָת בּיִּם מְּאֶל בּיִּם מְּאֶת בּיִּם מְּאֶל בּיִּם מְּאָת בּיִּם מְּאָת בּיִּם מְּאָת בּיִּם מְּאֶל בּיִּם מְּאֶל בּיִּם מִּאָּת בּיִּם מִּאָּת בּיִּם מְּאָת בּיִּם מְּאֶל בְּיִּים מִּיְאֶת בּיִּם מְּאֶל בּיִּים מִּיְבְּיִּת בְּיִבְּים מְּאָת בִּים מְּאֶל בְּיִּבְּים מִּיִּבְּים מִּבְּיִּת בְּיִּבְּים מִּיְבְּיִּת בְּיִּבְּים מִּיִּבְּים מְּיִּבְּים מִּיִּבְּים מִּיִּבְּים מִּיִּבְּים מִּבְּיבְּים מִּבְּים מִּבְּים מִּיִּבְּים מִּבְּים מִּיִּבְּים מְּיִבְּים מְּבְּיִבְּים מִּבְּיִּת בְּיִבְּים מְיִּבְּים מְּיִבְּים מְּבָּים מִּיִּבְים מְּבָּים מִּיבְּים מִּיִּבְּים מִּיִּים מִּיְבְּיִּבְּים מִּיבְּים מִּיִּבְּים מִּיִּים מִּיְבְּיבְּים מִּיבְּים מְּיִּבְּים מְּיִבְּים מְּיִבְּים מִּיבְּים מִּיבְּים מִּיִּבְּים מִּיִּבְּים מִּיִּים מִּיְבְּיִּים מִּיְבְּיִּים מִּיבְּים מִּיְבְּים מְּיִבְּים מִּיִּים מִּיִּבְים מִּיִּבְים מִּיִים מְּיִּבְּים מִּיְבְּים מִּיְבְּיִּים מִיּבְּיִים מְּבְּיִים מְּיִבְּים מִּיְבְּיִים מִּיִּבְיִים מְּיִבְּיִים מְיִבְּיִים מְיִיבְים מְּבְּיבְּים מִּיִבְּים מְּבְּיבְּיִים מְּיִבְּיִים מְּבְּיבְים מְּבְּיִים מְּיִבְּים מְּבְּיִים מְיִבְּיִים מְּיִבְּיִים מְּבְּיבְּים מְיִּבְּיִים מְּבְּיבְּים מְּיִבְּיִים מְּבְּיבְיבְּים מְּיִבְּים מְּיִבְּיִים מְּיִּבְים מְּיִּבְיּים מְיִּבְּים מְּיִיבְים מְּיִּבְיּים מְיִּבְּיבְּים מְיִּבְיּים מְיִּבְיּים מְיִּבְּיבְּים מְיִּבְיּבְיּים מְיּבְיבְיבְּים מְּיבְּיבְּיִים מְיִּבְיבְּים מְיבְּיבְיבְיבְּיבְיבְים מְּיבְיבְּים מְיבְּיבְּים

hebrew

The Hebrew אָת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרֵא אֱלֹהֵים (אַשִּׁקְלָוֹן וְאֶת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigבָרא אֱלֹהֵים (אַשִּׁקְלָוֹן וְאֶת

hebrew

The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by את אלהים (עזה ואת plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigna

hebrew

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hebrew

The Hebrew אַמ word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרֵא אֱלֹהֵים (שָׁאֲבֵית אֲשִׁדְּוֹד

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אֶתplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigאֶת

hebrew

The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigהָבֶא אֱלֹהֶים (אֱדָּוֹם וָאָת

hebrew

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hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרֵא אֱלֹהֵים (בְּנֵי עַמְּוֹן

אַתplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigאַת

hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַת וֹפֶרָט צֹר וְאָת (כְּל מֶלְכָי צֹר וְאָת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big., אַת מוֹפּרָא אַלהָים (כְּל מֶלְכָי צֹר וְאָת

hebrew

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hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרֵא אֱלֹהֶים (מַלְכֵי הָאִּׁי אֲשֶׁר בְּעֲבֶר הַיֶּם

אתplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigאת

hebrew

The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַתֹּיִם (דְּדָן וְאָת bro example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַתֹּים (דְּדָן וְאָת

hebrew

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23 For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַת וָאָם (תַּימָא' וָאָת jplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big., אַת

hebrew

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hebrew

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אֲתplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigאֲת

hebrew

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hebrew

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אֶת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigוּאֱת

hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בְּל מַלְבֵי זִּמְרִּי וְאֵתֹ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big... אֵלהֵים (כָּל מַלְבֵי זִמְרִי וְאֵתֹ

hebrew

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hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרָא אֱלֹהֵים (כָּל מֵלְכֵי מָדֶי

2025/11/02 15:27 13/34 Jeremiah 25

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hehrew

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hebrew

Meaning:

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The word אָרַץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

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hebrew

Meaning

* Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word ٻِהוָּה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 אֲלָהֵיּפּוֹם default plugin-autotooltip default pl

hebrew

Meanings:

* God * god * goddess * divine ones * angels

Noun, masculine יִשְׂרָאֵל שְׁתָּוֹ וְנִפְּלָוּ וְלָאׁ תָקָוּמוּ מִפְּנֵי הַהֶּׁרֶב אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכֵי שֹׁלֵחַ בֵּינֵיכֶם

הַיָּה plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigהַיָּה

hebrew

The word הַיָּה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 בֶּי יָהוָה וֹאָפָּהָת אָלֶיהָם כָּה אָמֵר יָהְוָה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big.

28 hebrew

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פְּל יִּשְׁבֵּי הְעַּיר אֲשֶׁר נְקְרָא שְׁמִי עָלֶיהָ אֱנֹכִּל מֵחֵל לְהָרַׁע וְאַתֶּם הִנְּקָה תִּנְּקוּ כְּי חָרֶב אֲנֵי לּוּבְאַ עַל כְּל יִשְׁבֵּי הָאָׁרֶץ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigy אֵרֶף autotooltip_bigy אֵרֵי

hebrew

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The word אַרַץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

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hebrew

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אתplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigאתה תּנבא אליהם את

hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by הָּדְבָּרִים הָאֵפֶּה וְאָמַרְתָּ אֲלֵיהֶם יְהָאֶבֶּים הָאֵפֶּה וְאָמַרְתָּ אֲלֵיהֶם יְהָאָבֶּים הָאֵפֶּה וְאָמַרְתָּ אֲלֵיהֶם יְהוֹה plugin-autotooltip_big...
יְהוֹה plugin-autotooltip_big...

hebrew

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hebrew

Meaning:

* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country

The word אַרץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שָׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order Genesis 12:1

אֶרֶץplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigץ שָׁאוֹן עַד קְצֵה הָאָרֶץ

hebrew

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hebrew

Meaning

31

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hebrew

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יָהוָה plugin-autotooltip_ default plugin-autotooltip_big יָהוָה

hebrew

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hebrew

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2025/11/02 15:27 17/34 Jeremiah 25

הָיָהplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigוְהָיֹינ

hebrew

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hebrew

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hebrew

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hebrew

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hebrew

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ָהַילִּילוּ הָרֹעִׁים וָזָעֲקֹוּ וְהָתְפַּלְשׁוּ אַדִּירֵי הַצֹּאון כִּי מָלְאוּ יְמֵיכֶם לִטְבָוֹחַ וּתְפוֹצַוֹתִיכֶּם וּנְפַלְשֶּוּ אַדִּירֵי הַצֹּאון כִּי מָלְאוּ יְמֵיכֶם לִטְבָוֹחַ וּתְפוֹצַוֹתִיכֶּם וּנְפַלְשֶּוּ אַדִּירֵי הַצָּאון כִּי מָלְאוּ יְמֵיכֶם לִטְבָוֹחַ וּתְפוֹצַוֹתִיכֶּם וּנְפַלְשֶּוּ

אָן מָלָוֹס מָן הֵרֹעֵים וּפְלֵיטֶה מֵאַדִּיבֵי הַצְּאֹן 35

יָהוָה מָּאַן בֶּי שׁדֵד יְהוֶה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigקּוֹל צַעֲקַת הֶרֹעִים וְילְלֶת אַדִּירֵי הַצֵּאון בֶּי שֹׁדֵד יְהוֶה

hebrew

Meaning

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hebrew

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יָהוָה plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigיָרָמוּ נָאַוֹת הַשְּׁלִוֹם מִפַּנֵי חֵרוֹן אָף יְהוַה

hebrew

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ָהָיָה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigאָזֵב כַּכְּבֵּיר סֻכָּוֹ כִּי הָיָתָה

hebrew

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hebrew

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When coupled with heavens (שָׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis בּיִשְׁמָה מִפְנֵי הֲרָוֹן הַיּוֹלָה וּמִפְנֵי הֲרָוֹן אַפִּוֹ 12:1

ESV

- The word that came to Jeremiah concerning all the people of Judah, in the fourth year of Jehoiakim the son of Josiah, king of Judah (that was the first year of Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon),
- which Jeremiah the prophet spoke to all the people of Judah and all the inhabitants of Jerusalem:
- "For twenty-three years, from the thirteenth year of Josiah the son of Amon, king of Judah, to this day, the word of the LORD has come to me, and I have spoken persistently to you, but you have not listened.
- You have neither listened nor inclined your ears to hear, although the LORD persistently sent to you all his servants the prophets,
- saying, 'Turn now, every one of you, from his evil way and evil deeds, and dwell upon the land that the LORD has given to you and your fathers from of old and forever.

- Do not go after other gods to serve and worship them, or provoke me to anger with the work of your hands. Then I will do you no harm.'
- Yet you have not listened to me, declares the LORD, that you might provoke me to anger with the work of your hands to your own harm.
- 8 "Therefore thus says the LORD of hosts: Because you have not obeyed my words,
- behold, I will send for all the tribes of the north, declares the LORD, and for Nebuchadnezzar the king of Babylon, my servant, and I will bring them against this land and its inhabitants, and against all these surrounding nations. I will devote them to destruction, and make them a horror, a hissing, and an everlasting desolation.
- Moreover, I will banish from them the voice of mirth and the voice of gladness, the voice of the bridegroom and the voice of the bride, the grinding of the millstones and the light of the lamp.
- This whole land shall become a ruin and a waste, and these nations shall serve the king of Babylon seventy years.
- Then after seventy years are completed, I will punish the king of Babylon and that nation, the land of the Chaldeans, for their iniquity, declares the LORD, making the land an everlasting waste.
- I will bring upon that land all the words that I have uttered against it, everything written in this book, which Jeremiah prophesied against all the nations.
- For many nations and great kings shall make slaves even of them, and I will recompense them according to their deeds and the work of their hands."
- Thus the LORD, the God of Israel, said to me: "Take from my hand this cup of the wine of wrath, and make all the nations to whom I send you drink it.
- 16 They shall drink and stagger and be crazed because of the sword that I am sending among them."
- So I took the cup from the LORD's hand, and made all the nations to whom the LORD sent me drink it:
- Jerusalem and the cities of Judah, its kings and officials, to make them a desolation and a waste, a hissing and a curse, as at this day;
- 19 Pharaoh king of Egypt, his servants, his officials, all his people,
- and all the mixed tribes among them; all the kings of the land of Uz and all the kings of the land of the Philistines (Ashkelon, Gaza, Ekron, and the remnant of Ashdod);
- 21 Edom, Moab, and the sons of Ammon;
- 22 all the kings of Tyre, all the kings of Sidon, and the kings of the coastland across the sea;
- 23 Dedan, Tema, Buz, and all who cut the corners of their hair;
- 24 all the kings of Arabia and all the kings of the mixed tribes who dwell in the desert;
- 25 all the kings of Zimri, all the kings of Elam, and all the kings of Media;
- all the kings of the north, far and near, one after another, and all the kingdoms of the world that are on the face of the earth. And after them the king of Babylon shall drink.
- 27 "Then you shall say to them, 'Thus says the LORD of hosts, the God of Israel: Drink, be drunk and vomit, fall and rise no more, because of the sword that I am sending among you.'
- "And if they refuse to accept the cup from your hand to drink, then you shall say to them, 'Thus says the LORD of hosts: You must drink!
- For behold, I begin to work disaster at the city that is called by my name, and shall you go unpunished? You shall not go unpunished, for I am summoning a sword against all the inhabitants of the earth, declares the LORD of hosts.'
- "You, therefore, shall prophesy against them all these words, and say to them: "' The LORD will roar from on high, and from his holy habitation utter his voice; he will roar mightily against his fold, and shout, like those who tread grapes, against all the inhabitants of the earth.
- The clamor will resound to the ends of the earth, for the LORD has an indictment against the nations; he is entering into judgment with all flesh, and the wicked he will put to the sword, declares the LORD.'

- "Thus says the LORD of hosts: Behold, disaster is going forth from nation to nation, and a great tempest is stirring from the farthest parts of the earth!
 - "And those pierced by the LORD on that day shall extend from one end of the earth to the other.
- They shall not be lamented, or gathered, or buried; they shall be dung on the surface of the ground.
- "Wail, you shepherds, and cry out, and roll in ashes, you lords of the flock, for the days of your slaughter and dispersion have come, and you shall fall like a choice vessel.
- 35 No refuge will remain for the shepherds, nor escape for the lords of the flock.
- A voice- the cry of the shepherds, and the wail of the lords of the flock! For the LORD is laying waste their pasture,
- 37 and the peaceful folds are devastated because of the fierce anger of the LORD.
- Like a lion he has left his lair, for their land has become a waste because of the sword of the oppressor, and because of his fierce anger."

NIV

- The word came to Jeremiah concerning all the people of Judah in the fourth year of Jehoiakim son of Josiah king of Judah, which was the first year of Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon.
- 2 So Jeremiah the prophet said to all the people of Judah and to all those living in Jerusalem:
- For twenty-three years-from the thirteenth year of Josiah son of Amon king of Judah until this very day-the word of the LORD has come to me and I have spoken to you again and again, but you have not listened.
- And though the LORD has sent all his servants the prophets to you again and again, you have not listened or paid any attention.
- They said, "Turn now, each of you, from your evil ways and your evil practices, and you can stay in the land the LORD gave to you and your fathers for ever and ever.
- Do not follow other gods to serve and worship them; do not provoke me to anger with what your hands have made. Then I will not harm you."
- 7 "But you did not listen to me," declares the LORD, "and you have provoked me with what your hands have made, and you have brought harm to yourselves."
- 8 Therefore the LORD Almighty says this: "Because you have not listened to my words,
- I will summon all the peoples of the north and my servant Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon,"
 declares the LORD, "and I will bring them against this land and its inhabitants and against all the surrounding nations. I will completely destroy them and make them an object of horror and scorn, and an everlasting ruin.
- I will banish from them the sounds of joy and gladness, the voices of bride and bridegroom, the sound of millstones and the light of the lamp.
- This whole country will become a desolate wasteland, and these nations will serve the king of Babylon seventy years.
- "But when the seventy years are fulfilled, I will punish the king of Babylon and his nation, the land of the Babylonians, for their guilt," declares the LORD, "and will make it desolate forever.
- I will bring upon that land all the things I have spoken against it, all that are written in this book and prophesied by Jeremiah against all the nations.
- They themselves will be enslaved by many nations and great kings; I will repay them according to their deeds and the work of their hands."
- This is what the LORD, the God of Israel, said to me: "Take from my hand this cup filled with the wine of my wrath and make all the nations to whom I send you drink it.
- 16 When they drink it, they will stagger and go mad because of the sword I will send among them."
- 17 So I took the cup from the LORD's hand and made all the nations to whom he sent me drink it:
- Jerusalem and the towns of Judah, its kings and officials, to make them a ruin and an object of horror and scorn and cursing, as they are today;

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- 19 Pharaoh king of Egypt, his attendants, his officials and all his people,
- and all the foreign people there; all the kings of Uz; all the kings of the Philistines (those of Ashkelon, Gaza, Ekron, and the people left at Ashdod);
- 21 Edom, Moab and Ammon;
- 22 all the kings of Tyre and Sidon; the kings of the coastlands across the sea;
- 23 Dedan, Tema, Buz and all who are in distant places;
- 24 all the kings of Arabia and all the kings of the foreign people who live in the desert;
- 25 all the kings of Zimri, Elam and Media;
- and all the kings of the north, near and far, one after the other-all the kingdoms on the face of the earth. And after all of them, the king of Sheshach will drink it too.
- "Then tell them, 'This is what the LORD Almighty, the God of Israel, says: Drink, get drunk and vomit, and fall to rise no more because of the sword I will send among you.'
- But if they refuse to take the cup from your hand and drink, tell them, 'This is what the LORD Almighty says: You must drink it!
- See, I am beginning to bring disaster on the city that bears my Name, and will you indeed go unpunished? You will not go unpunished, for I am calling down a sword upon all who live on the earth, declares the LORD Almighty.'
- "Now prophesy all these words against them and say to them: "The LORD will roar from on high; he will thunder from his holy dwelling and roar mightily against his land. He will shout like those who tread the grapes, shout against all who live on the earth.
- The tumult will resound to the ends of the earth, for the LORD will bring charges against the nations; he will bring judgment on all mankind and put the wicked to the sword," declares the LORD.
- This is what the LORD Almighty says: "Look! Disaster is spreading from nation to nation; a mighty storm is rising from the ends of the earth."
- At that time those slain by the LORD will be everywhere-from one end of the earth to the other. They will not be mourned or gathered up or buried, but will be like refuse lying on the ground.
- Weep and wail, you shepherds; roll in the dust, you leaders of the flock. For your time to be slaughtered has come; you will fall and be shattered like fine pottery.
- 35 The shepherds will have nowhere to flee, the leaders of the flock no place to escape.
- Hear the cry of the shepherds, the wailing of the leaders of the flock, for the LORD is destroying their pasture.
- 37 The peaceful meadows will be laid waste because of the fierce anger of the LORD.
- Like a lion he will leave his lair, and their land will become desolate because of the sword of the oppressor and because of the LORD's fierce anger.

NLT

- This message for all the people of Judah came to Jeremiah from the LORD during the fourth year of Jehoiakim's reign over Judah. This was the year when King Nebuchadnezzar of Babylon began his reign.
- 2 | Jeremiah the prophet said to all the people in Judah and Jerusalem,
- "For the past twenty-three years– from the thirteenth year of the reign of Josiah son of Amon, king of Judah, until now– the LORD has been giving me his messages. I have faithfully passed them on to you, but you have not listened.
- 4 "Again and again the LORD has sent you his servants, the prophets, but you have not listened or even paid attention.
- Each time the message was this: 'Turn from the evil road you are traveling and from the evil things you are doing. Only then will I let you live in this land that the LORD gave to you and your ancestors forever.

- 6 Do not provoke my anger by worshiping idols you made with your own hands. Then I will not harm you.'
- 7 But you would not listen to me," says the LORD. "You made me furious by worshiping idols you made with your own hands, bringing on yourselves all the disasters you now suffer.
- 8 And now the LORD of Heaven's Armies says: Because you have not listened to me,
- I will gather together all the armies of the north under King Nebuchadnezzar of Babylon, whom I have appointed as my deputy. I will bring them all against this land and its people and against the surrounding nations. I will completely destroy you and make you an object of horror and contempt and a ruin forever.
- 10 I will take away your happy singing and laughter. The joyful voices of bridegrooms and brides will no longer be heard. Your millstones will fall silent, and the lights in your homes will go out.
- This entire land will become a desolate wasteland. Israel and her neighboring lands will serve the king of Babylon for seventy years.
- "Then, after the seventy years of captivity are over, I will punish the king of Babylon and his people for their sins," says the LORD. "I will make the country of the Babylonians a wasteland forever.
- I will bring upon them all the terrors I have promised in this book- all the penalties announced by Jeremiah against the nations.
- Many nations and great kings will enslave the Babylonians, just as they enslaved my people. I will punish them in proportion to the suffering they cause my people."
- This is what the LORD, the God of Israel, said to me: "Take from my hand this cup filled to the brim with my anger, and make all the nations to whom I send you drink from it.
- 16 When they drink from it, they will stagger, crazed by the warfare I will send against them."
- So I took the cup of anger from the LORD and made all the nations drink from it- every nation to which the LORD sent me.
- I went to Jerusalem and the other towns of Judah, and their kings and officials drank from the cup.

 From that day until this, they have been a desolate ruin, an object of horror, contempt, and cursing.
- 19 I gave the cup to Pharaoh, king of Egypt, his attendants, his officials, and all his people,
- along with all the foreigners living in that land. I also gave it to all the kings of the land of Uz and the kings of the Philistine cities of Ashkelon, Gaza, Ekron, and what remains of Ashdod.
- 21 Then I gave the cup to the nations of Edom, Moab, and Ammon,
- 22 and the kings of Tyre and Sidon, and the kings of the regions across the sea.
- 23 I gave it to Dedan, Tema, and Buz, and to the people who live in distant places.
- 24 I gave it to the kings of Arabia, the kings of the nomadic tribes of the desert,
- 25 and to the kings of Zimri, Elam, and Media.
- And I gave it to the kings of the northern countries, far and near, one after the other- all the kingdoms of the world. And finally, the king of Babylon himself drank from the cup of the LORD's anger.
- Then the LORD said to me, "Now tell them, 'This is what the LORD of Heaven's Armies, the God of Israel, says: Drink from this cup of my anger. Get drunk and vomit; fall to rise no more, for I am sending terrible wars against you.'
- And if they refuse to accept the cup, tell them, 'The LORD of Heaven's Armies says: You have no choice but to drink from it.
 - I have begun to punish Jerusalem, the city that bears my name. Now should I let you go
- unpunished? No, you will not escape disaster. I will call for war against all the nations of the earth. I, the LORD of Heaven's Armies, have spoken!'
- "Now prophesy all these things, and say to them, " 'The LORD will roar against his own land from his holy dwelling in heaven. He will shout like those who tread grapes; he will shout against everyone on earth.

- His cry of judgment will reach the ends of the earth, for the LORD will bring his case against all the nations. He will judge all the people of the earth, slaughtering the wicked with the sword. I, the LORD, have spoken!"
- This is what the LORD of Heaven's Armies says: "Look! Disaster will fall upon nation after nation! A great whirlwind of fury is rising from the most distant corners of the earth!"
- In that day those the LORD has slaughtered will fill the earth from one end to the other. No one will mourn for them or gather up their bodies to bury them. They will be scattered on the ground like manure.
- Weep and moan, you evil shepherds! Roll in the dust, you leaders of the flock! The time of your slaughter has arrived; you will fall and shatter like a fragile vase.
- 35 You will find no place to hide; there will be no way to escape.
- Listen to the frantic cries of the shepherds. The leaders of the flock are wailing in despair, for the LORD is ruining their pastures.
- 37 Peaceful meadows will be turned into a wasteland by the LORD's fierce anger.
- He has left his den like a strong lion seeking its prey, and their land will be made desolate by the sword of the enemy and the LORD's fierce anger.

LXX

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 The definite article λόγοςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigλόγος
Meaning
Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophica use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... όριμgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
greek
The definite article γενόμενος πρὸςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπρός
greek
Meaning
*To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About
Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.
inpois is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... Ιερεμιαν ἐπὶ πάνταρμαgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bignāc
greek
Meaning
* All * Every * The whole
The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncou
With singular countable nouns -- "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τ opplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigd
Preposition meaning "in". tüplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigö
The definite article ἔτει τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigö
The definite article τετάρτω τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigo
The definite article Ιωακιμ νίοῦ Ιωσια βασιλέως Ιουδα
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ον ἐλάλησεν πρὸςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigπρός
 greek
 Meaning
 * To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About
  Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament
Imp(s is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... navraplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bignate
 Meaning
 * All * Every * The whole
Adjective.
 Usage in the New Testament
 With singular countable nouns - *every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τ övplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
 The definite article λαὸν Ιουδα καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πρὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπρός
greek
Meaning
 *To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About
 Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.
πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... τοὺς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotoolt
 The definite article κατοικοῦντας Ιερουσαλημ λέγων
ένplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigέν
 areek
 Preposition meaning "in". τρισκαιδεκάτψ ἔτει Ιωσια υἰοῦ Αμως βασιλέως Ιουδα κα\plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
 Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
 ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔως τῆς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigŏ
 The definite article ἡμέρας ταύτηςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τι
Meaning:
 * These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it
Demonstrative pronoun.
 ούτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 εἶκου καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big
 Meaning
  And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τρία ἔτη καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
 Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐλάλησα πρὸςpluqin-autotooltip default pluqin-autotooltip default pluqin-autotooltip bigπρός
greek
 Meaning
 *To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About
Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.
inpór, is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... ὑμᾶς ὀρθρίζων κοὶρισμο-αυτοιοίτρ_ default plugin-autotooltip_ default plugin-autotooltip_ bigκαί
greek
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" λέγων καὶριυgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
 Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀπέστελλον πρὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bignpóς
 *To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About
 Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.
πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... ὑμᾶς τοὺς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
greek
 The definite article δούλους μου τοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigð
 The definite article προφήτας ὄρθρου ἀποστέλλων καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
 ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" οὐ προσέσχετε τοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article ώσὶν ὑμῶν
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ἀποστράφητε ἔκαστος ἀπὸ τῆς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article ὁδοῦ αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὑτός
areek
Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) TROPIUGIN-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article πονηρᾶς καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀπὸ τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" κατοικήσετε ἐπὶ τῆς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article γῆς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ
* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)
lt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 ἦς ἔδωκα ὑμίν καὶplugin-autotooltig_default plugin-autotooltig_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" voicplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigo
The definite article πατράσιν ὑμῶν ἀπ αἰῶνος καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί
greek
Meaning
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔως αίωνοι
μὴ πορεύεσθε ὁπίσω θεῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigθεὸς
greek
Masculine noun meaning:
* A god or goddess * God ἀλλοτρίων τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigỏ
The definite article δουλεύειν αὐτοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
greek
Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
 is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τοῦρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article προσκυνεῖν αὐτοῖςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός
greek
Meaning
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ὅπως μὴ παροργίζητέ με ἐνρlugin-autotooltip default pluqin-autotooltip bigèv
greek
Preposition meaning "in". τοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigô
The definite article ἔργοις τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
greek
The definite article χειρῶν ὑμῶν τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
greek
          -autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
```

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" οὐκ ἡκούσατέ μο

greek

Meaning:

* Through * Because * On account of

Preposition that relates to movement through space, time, means or cause - it's a preposition of movement and mediation.

When used with the genitive case, διά emphasizes the means or channel by which something happens John 1:3Matthew 24:12John 1:32 Timothy 2:10Romans 5:1John 1:17 τοῦτορlugin-autototlip_default plugin-autototlip_default

greek

Meaning:

* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronou

ούτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 9:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 τάθε λέγει κόριος ἐπειδή οὐκ ἐπιστεύσατε τοἰςρίωgin-autotolity_default plugin-autotolity_bigó

.....

The definite article λόγοιςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigλόγος

Meaning

Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω

λόγος in Greek Thought

Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world... μου

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ιοὺ έγὼ ἀποστέλλω καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" λήμψομαι τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article πατριὰν ἀπὸ βορρᾶ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
areek
Meaning
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἄξω αὐτοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
greek
Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐπὶ τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article γῆνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ
Meaning:
* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)
 eminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".
lt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 1:11 ατώτηνρίμομη-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὖτη /τοῦτο
greek
Meaning:
^{*} These or this ^{*} This one, this person, this thing ^{*} They or he or she or it
ούτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 καἰριμgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default
greek
Meaning
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπὶ τοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigŏ
greek
The definite article κατοικοῦντας αὐτὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
greek
 He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπὶ πάνταρ|uqin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip biqπᾶς
greek
Meaning
* All * Every * The whole
Adjective.
Usage in the New Testament
The sense of πας depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.
With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_ bigó
The definite article ἔθνη τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
greek
The definite article κύκλω αὐτής plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
 He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐξερημώσω αὐτοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
areek
Meaning
 Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
areek
Meaning
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" δώσω αὐτοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
greek
Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) είς ἀφανισμὸν καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" είς συριγμόν καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἰς ὀνειδισμὸν αἰώνιοι
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αὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀπολὼ ἀπ αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) φωνὴν χαρᾶς καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" φωνὴν εὐφροσύνης φωνὴν νυμφίου καὶρΙυgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
s is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" φωνὴν νύμφης όσμὴν μύρου καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" φῶς λύχνου καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_ligκαί
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* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example દկџí is the word for am and ក្លឹv is the word for was, e.g. nāoaplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bignāc
Meaning
* All * Every * The whole
Adjective.
Usage in the New Testament
With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 riplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
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The definite article γῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ
Meaning:
* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)
 Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology"
t occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 είς ἀφανισμόν καϊρίυgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαῖ
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Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) είς ἀφανισμὸν αἰώνιον

greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπάξω ἐπὶ τὴνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò The definite article γῆνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ Meaning: * Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5) eminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology" It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX.Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 & KKUNN mixtocplugin-autotoolip_default plugin-autotoolip_default plugin-autoto greek Meaning * All * Every * The whole Usage in the New Testament The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns -- "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τοὐcplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigō The definite article λόγους plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigλόγος Meaning * A word or words * Statement * Message * Speech * Account * Used in John to mean God the Son Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω. λόγος in Greek Thought Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world... μου οῦς ἐλάλησα κατ αὐτῆς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotool greek * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) πάνταρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigmας greek * All * Every * The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of πἄς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 töplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigö greek The definite article γεγραμμένα ένρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigév areek Preposition meaning "in". τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek The definite article βιβλίωplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigβιβλίον Means book, scroll or document. Noun, neuter Deciensions of βιβλίον Case Singular Plural Nominative βιβλίον βιβλία Genitive βιβλίου βιβλίων Dative βιβλίω τούτωρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αῦτη /τοῦτο greek Meaning: * These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. ούτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 α ἐπροφήτευστν Ερτμιας ἐπὶ τὰρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default plug The definite article ἔθνη τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek The definite article Αιλαμ τάδε λέγει κύριος συντριβήτω τòplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò areek The definite article τόξον Αιλαμ ἀρχὴplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἀρχή greek Meaning: * Beginning * First * Elementary * Rulers, rule, domain Noun, feminine (first declension) Occurs 56 times in the New Testament, consistently conveying the idea of primacy - whether temporal (i.e. the start, e.g. John 1:1) or causal (i.e. the source) or governmental (i.e. the ruler, e.g. Ephesians 6:12 δυναστείας αὐτῶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigα greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

αὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπάξω ἐπὶ Αλαμ τέσσαρας ἀνέμους ἐκ τῶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó The definite article τεσσάρων ἄκρων τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò The definite article οὐρανοῦρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigοὐρανός * The sky * Air * Heaven or heavens 278 occurrences in the New Testament. Ούρανός is used in Scripture to describe the sky and universe (that is, the visible expanse above the earth) as well as the transcendent realm where God is present. For example, in Matthew 6:26Matthew 24:29Matthew 6:9 καὶρισμία-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" διασπερῶ αὐτοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) évplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigév Preposition meaning "in". πἄσινρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς Meaning * All * Every * The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns -- "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 Toicplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó The definite article ἀνέμοις τούτοις plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο greek *These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. ούτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 καἰρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαῖ greek * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" οὐκ ἔσταιρ|uqin-autotooltip default p|uqin-autotooltip bigeiμί είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example ciµi is the word for am and fiv is the word for was, e.g. ٤θνος δ ούχ ηξει έκεῖ ciplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó

The definite article έξωσμένοι Αιλαμ

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Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐναντίον τὧνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
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Meaning
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The definite article θυμοῦ μου καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
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* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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19	ដ្ឋ់រូវ is the first person singular verb for "to be" (ដបែល [the infinitive form) = "to be").
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	Preposition meaning "in". apxipplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotoolti
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	Noun, feminine (first declension)
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20	The definite article λόγοςplugin-autotooltipdefault plugin-autotooltipdefault plu
	Meaning
	* A word or words * Statement * Message * Speech * Account * Used in John to mean God the Son
	Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω.
	λόγος in Greek Thought
	Before the New Testament, Adyoc, already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, Adyoc, was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, Adyoc referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the
	world ośrocyclugin-autotocitip_default plugin-autotocitip_bigośroc / αῦτη /τοῦτο
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KJV

- The word that came to Jeremiah concerning all the people of Judah in the fourth year of Jehoiakim the son of Josiah king of Judah, that was the first year of Nebuchadrezzar king of Babylon;
- The which Jeremiah the prophet spake unto all the people of Judah, and to all the inhabitants of Jerusalem, saying,
- From the thirteenth year of Josiah the son of Amon king of Judah, even unto this day, that is the three and twentieth year, the word of the LORD hath come unto me, and I have spoken unto you, rising early and speaking; but ye have not hearkened.
- And the LORD hath sent unto you all his servants the prophets, rising early and sending them; but ye have not hearkened, nor inclined your ear to hear.
- They said, Turn ye again now every one from his evil way, and from the evil of your doings, and dwell in the land that the LORD hath given unto you and to your fathers for ever and ever:
- And go not after other gods to serve them, and to worship them, and provoke me not to anger with the works of your hands; and I will do you no hurt.
- Yet ye have not hearkened unto me, saith the LORD; that ye might provoke me to anger with the works of your hands to your own hurt.
- 8 Therefore thus saith the LORD of hosts; Because ye have not heard my words,
- Behold, I will send and take all the families of the north, saith the LORD, and Nebuchadrezzar the king of Babylon, my servant, and will bring them against this land, and against the inhabitants thereof, and against all these nations round about, and will utterly destroy them, and make them an astonishment, and an hissing, and perpetual desolations.

- Moreover I will take from them the voice of mirth, and the voice of gladness, the voice of the bridegroom, and the voice of the bride, the sound of the millstones, and the light of the candle.
- And this whole land shall be a desolation, and an astonishment; and these nations shall serve the king of Babylon seventy years.
- And it shall come to pass, when seventy years are accomplished, that I will punish the king of Babylon, and that nation, saith the LORD, for their iniquity, and the land of the Chaldeans, and will make it perpetual desolations.
- And I will bring upon that land all my words which I have pronounced against it, even all that is written in this book, which Jeremiah hath prophesied against all the nations.
- For many nations and great kings shall serve themselves of them also: and I will recompense them according to their deeds, and according to the works of their own hands.
- For thus saith the LORD God of Israel unto me; Take the wine cup of this fury at my hand, and cause all the nations, to whom I send thee, to drink it.
- And they shall drink, and be moved, and be mad, because of the sword that I will send among them.
- Then took I the cup at the LORD'S hand, and made all the nations to drink, unto whom the LORD had sent me:
- To wit, Jerusalem, and the cities of Judah, and the kings thereof, and the princes thereof, to make them a desolation, an astonishment, an hissing, and a curse; as it is this day;
- 19 Pharaoh king of Egypt, and his servants, and his princes, and all his people;
- And all the mingled people, and all the kings of the land of Uz, and all the kings of the land of the Philistines, and Ashkelon, and Azzah, and Ekron, and the remnant of Ashdod,
- 21 Edom, and Moab, and the children of Ammon,
- And all the kings of Tyrus, and all the kings of Zidon, and the kings of the isles which are beyond the sea,
- 23 Dedan, and Tema, and Buz, and all that are in the utmost corners,
- 24 And all the kings of Arabia, and all the kings of the mingled people that dwell in the desert,
- 25 And all the kings of Zimri, and all the kings of Elam, and all the kings of the Medes.
- And all the kings of the north, far and near, one with another, and all the kingdoms of the world, which are upon the face of the earth: and the king of Sheshach shall drink after them.
- Therefore thou shalt say unto them, Thus saith the LORD of hosts, the God of Israel; Drink ye, and be drunken, and spue, and fall, and rise no more, because of the sword which I will send among you.
- And it shall be, if they refuse to take the cup at thine hand to drink, then shalt thou say unto them, Thus saith the LORD of hosts; Ye shall certainly drink.
- For, lo, I begin to bring evil on the city which is called by my name, and should ye be utterly unpunished? Ye shall not be unpunished: for I will call for a sword upon all the inhabitants of the earth, saith the LORD of hosts.
- Therefore prophesy thou against them all these words, and say unto them, The LORD shall roar from on high, and utter his voice from his holy habitation; he shall mightily roar upon his habitation; he shall give a shout, as they that tread the grapes, against all the inhabitants of the earth.
- A noise shall come even to the ends of the earth; for the LORD hath a controversy with the nations, he will plead with all flesh; he will give them that are wicked to the sword, saith the LORD.
- Thus saith the LORD of hosts, Behold, evil shall go forth from nation to nation, and a great whirlwind shall be raised up from the coasts of the earth.
- And the slain of the LORD shall be at that day from one end of the earth even unto the other end of the earth: they shall not be lamented, neither gathered, nor buried; they shall be dung upon the ground.

- Howl, ye shepherds, and cry; and wallow yourselves in the ashes, ye principal of the flock: for the days of your slaughter and of your dispersions are accomplished; and ye shall fall like a pleasant vessel.
- 35 And the shepherds shall have no way to flee, nor the principal of the flock to escape.
- A voice of the cry of the shepherds, and an howling of the principal of the flock, shall be heard: for the LORD hath spoiled their pasture.
- 37 And the peaceable habitations are cut down because of the fierce anger of the LORD.
- He hath forsaken his covert, as the lion: for their land is desolate because of the fierceness of the oppressor, and because of his fierce anger.

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