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# Jeremiah 33

Verses: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26

## **Text**

## Hebrew

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hebrew

The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

\* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 דְבַר יְהוַה plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bign-autory

1 hebrew

Meaning

\* Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word מְּחַוֹּה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 אֵל יִרְמָיֶחוּ שַׁצֶּיִת וְהוּאֹ עוֹדֶנוּ 18:1Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 אֵל יִרְמָיֶחוּ שַׁצֶּיִת וְהוּאֹ עוֹדֶנוּ 19:0E בְּחַצֵּר הַפּּטְרֶה לַאִּלְּר

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בּּוֹלְמִים ( לְהָבִינֶה אֱלֹהֵים (בּלְהָבִינֶה

#### Meaning

\* To be firm \* Establish \* Prepare \* Set

Verb. Occurs about 200 times in the Old Testament.

Meanings by Stem

Qal Stem (basic form)

To be firm, stable, fixed, established.

Describes something that stands securely or endures.Psalm 93:2Psalm 103:19Proverbs 16:9Psalm 96:102 Samuel 7:16Proverbs 16:3Luke 22:321 Peter 5:101 Corinthians 1:8Hebrews 2:3Colossians 1:23Matthew 25:34 (מַנְהַנָּה plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_de

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קרא אַלַי וְאֶעֱגֶדָ וְאַגְּידָה לְּדָּ גְּדֹלְוֹת וּבְצֻרְוֹת לְאׁ יְדַעְתֶּם | 3

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יָהוָה plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigבְּל כֹּה אָמֵר יְהוָה

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#### hebrew

#### Meanings:

\* God \* god \* goddess \* divine ones \* angels

Noun, masculine יִשְׂרָאֵל עַל בָּתֵּי הָעֵיר הַוּּאַת וְעַל בָּתֵּי מַלְכֵי יְהוּדֶה הַנְּתֻצִּים אֶל הַפּלְלְוֹת וְאֶל הֶחֱרֶב

אֶת plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigבָּאִים לְהַלְּחֵםׁ אֶת

#### hebrew

The Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרֵא אֱלֹהֵים ( הַפַּשְּׂדִּים וּלְמַלְאָם אֶת פָּגְרֵי הָאָדָם אֲשֶׁר הַפֵּיתִי בָאפָּי וּבַחֲמְתֵי וַאֲשֶׁׁר הַסְּמָּרְתִּי פָנוֹ מֵהְעֵיר בּוֹ מָהְיִים ( הַבּּשְׁדִּים וּלְמַלְאָם אֶת פָּגְרֵי הָאָדָם אֲשֶׁר הַבִּיתִי בְאפִי וּבַחֲמְתֵי וַאֲשֶׁר הַסְּמָרְתִּי פָנוֹ מֵהְעֵירם

הַנְגֵי מַעַלֶה לֶּהַּ אַרֶכָה וּמַרְפָּא וּרְפָאתֵים וְגְלֵיתֵי לָהֶם עַתֵרֵת שָׁלְוֹם וֵאֵמֵת 6 הַנְגִי מַעַלֶה לֶּהַּ

אָת plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigאַת אָת

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The Hebrew, אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

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ן וְטֵהַרְתִּׁים מִכָּל עֲוֹנֶם אֲשֶׁר חֲטְאוּ לֵי וְסָלַחְתִּי לכול לְכָל עֲוֹנְוֹתֵיהֶם ֹ אֲשֶׁר חֲטְאוּ לִי וִאֲשֶׁר פֵּשְׁעוּ בִי 8

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היהplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip big

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This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

\* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 לְּיֵשֶׁם שְּשׁוֹן אַ נְּרֶבְּילְ נּגֹיֵי הָאָרָת לְּכְּל גּגֹיֵי הָאָרָת לְכְּל גֹּיֵי הָאָרָת לְכְּל גֹיֵי הָאָרָת

#### hebrew

## Meaning:

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

The word אֶרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שְׁמֵינִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 אָמָעֿוּ אֶת plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip bigภאַ

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יָהוָהplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigהְאָמֶר יְהוָה

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אַתplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip bigקּוֹל שָּשׁוֹן וְקָּוֹל שִּׁמְחָׁה קּוֹל חָתֶךְ וְקִוֹל כַּלָּה קּוֹל אֹמְרִים הוֹדוּ אֶת

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The word אֵרֵץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

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יהוֹהplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigהֹה אַמֵּר ֹ יהוֹה

#### hebrew

#### Meaning

\* Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word יְהוָה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 אָרָה מוּל עִּנֹד יָהְיָה default plugin-autotooltip bigភភ

#### hehrew

The word הַיָּה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

\* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 בַּמְקָוֹם הַזֶּיֶה הָחָרֶב מֵאֵיו אָדֶם וְעִד בְּחַמֶּה וּבְּכָל עָרֵיו גָוָה רֹעִים מַרְבִּצִּים צְאֹרן

אֶרֶץplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigץבָי הַשְּׁבֵּלָה וּבְּעָרֵי הַשְּׁבֵּלָה וּבְּעָרֵי הַשְּׁבֵּעָ

## hebrew

#### Meaning:

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

The word אָבֵי can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

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## Meaning

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יהוֹהplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigהיה ימים באים נאם יהוה

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## hebrew

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרֵא אֱלֹהֵים ( הַדָּבֶר הַטּוֹב אֲשֵׁר דִּבֶּרְתִּי אֶל בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעַל בֵּית יְהוּדָה

2025/10/30 15:42 7/35 Jeremiah 33

אַרֶץ plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip bigץבָּיָמֵים הָהֵם וּבָּעֵת הַהִּיא אַצְמִית לְדָוֶד צֵמַח צְדָקֶה וְעָשֵׂה מִשְׁפֵּט וּצְדָקָה בָּאֶרֶץ

hebrew

Meaning:

15

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

The word אָבֵי can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שָׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1

יָהְיָהמָם הַּנְּשֶׁע יְהּנִּדְׁה וִירִנּשְׁלֶם הַּשִּׁבְּיו הַאָּשֶׁר יִקְרָא לֶּהְּ יְהוֶה plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bign. יְהוָה

hebrew

Meaning

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יָהוָה plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big: כָה אָמֵר יְהוֶה

hebrew

Meaning

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וְלַכּהַנִיםֹ הַלְוִיִּם לְאֹ יִכָּרֵת אֵישׁ מִלְּפָנֵי מַעֲלֶּה עוֹלָה וּמַקְטֵיר מִנְחָה וְעְשֶׁה זֶּבַח כָּל הַיָּמֵים 18

ָּהָיָplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigוְיָהִל

hebrew

The word הַיֵּה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

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19 hebrew

Meaning

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יָהוֹהplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigבּה אָמֵר יְהוָה

## hebrew

#### Meaning

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#### hebrew

The Hebrew, אַ word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַת הַּיֹם (בְּרַיתָי הַיּוֹם וְאָת the word is preceded by אַת begin-autotooltip\_gautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big...

#### hehrev

The Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בְּרָה וֹלְבִלְהָי הַלְּיָלָה וֹלְבַלְהָי הַלְּיִלָּה וּלְבַלְהָי הַלְּיִלָּה וּלְבַלְהָי הַלְּיִלָּה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִלָּה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִלָּה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִלָּה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִלָּה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִלָּה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִלְה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִלָּה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִלְה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִלְה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִלְה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִלְה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִלְה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִּלְה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִיי הַלְּיִים וּלְּיִים וּבְּיִים וּלִבְּלְהִי הַלְּיִלְה וּלְבִּלְהָי הַלְּיִים וּבְּיִבְּיִים וּבְּיִבְּיִי הַלְּיִבְּיִי הַלְּיִים וּבְּיִבְיה וּבְּיִים וּבְּיִבְּיִים וּבְּיִבְיה וּבְּבְּיִים וּבְּבְּיִה הִבְּיִים וּבְּבְּיה הִבְּיִים הִבְּיִים הַבְּיִים הַבְּיִים וּבְּבְּיה וּבְּבְּלְהָי הִיִּיִּים הִבְּיִבְּיה וּבְּבְּיה וּבְּבְּיִים וּבְּבְּיה הִבְּיִבְּיה וּבְּבְּיִים וּבְּבְבְּיה הַבְּיִים וּבְּבְּבְּהָּיִים וּבְּבְּבְּבְּיִּבְּיִים הַבְּיִים הַבְּיִים הִּבְּיִבְּה הִּבְּיִים הַּבְּיִים הְבִּיבְיה הִבְּיִים הּבְּיִים הְּיִּיִים הְּבְּבְּהָּים הְּיִּים הְבִּיבְּה הִּבְּיִים הְּבְּבְּבְּה הְיִּבְּיִים הְבִּיבְּיִים הְבִּיבְּה הְבִּיבְּה הִיבְּיִים הְבִּיבְּבְּה הְּיִּבְּיה הִיבְּבְּיה הְבּיבְּיה הִיבְּיִים הְּבְּיבְּיה הְיִים הְבְּיִים הְּבְּיִים הְּבְּבְּיה הְּבְּיבְּיה הְּבְּבְּיה הְיִבְּיה הְבִּיבְּיה הְבִּיבְּיה הְבְּיִים הְּבְּיִים הְּבְּיִים הְבְּיִים הְבִּיבְּיִים הְבִּים הְבִּיבְּיִים הּבּיבּוּים הּיִבּים הּיִבּיּבְיּים הְבִּיבְּיה הְבְּבְּיִבְּיְיִים הְּבְּיִים הְּבְּבְּיְבְּיִים הְּבְּבְּיִים הְּבְּבְיּיִים הְּבְּבְּיְבְּיִים הְיּבְיבְּיה הְיבְּיבְּיִים הּבְּבְּיִים הְּבְּיְבְּיִים הְּבְּבְּיבְיבְּיִיה הְבְּבְּיִים ה

## hebrew

The word הַיָּה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

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הַיָּה אָת דָּוָד עָבְדִּי מָהָיִוֹת plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip big. הַיָּה מָהָיִוֹת

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שׁמִים plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigשׁבר לֹא יפּפר צבא הַשְּׁמִים

hebrew

Meanings:

\* Heaven or heavens \* Sky \* Compass

Masculine noun. The word is dual in form (ending in יָם-ַ) which normally indicates two things (like eyes and hands), however, however it functions as a plural. Deuteronomy 10:14 states that Genesis 1:20Psalm 115:3 אָת בָּן אַרְבָּה אָת plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip bigא אַתּפּוֹם אַר אַרָּבָּה אַת פּיַּם בּוֹן אַרְבָּיָה אָת

hebrew

The Hebrew אָת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַת בָּלִי וְאָת עְבָּלִי וְאָת plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big.אַ

hehrew

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ָּהָיָם plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigוְיָהַל

hebrew

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hebrew

Meaning

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יָהוָה בְּעָם הַאֶּל דִּבְּרֵוּ לֵאמֹר שְׁתַּי הַמִּשְׁבָּחוֹת אֲשֶׁר בְּחָר יְהוֶה plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip bigהַלְוֹא רָאִית מֶה הָעֶם הַאֶּל דִּבְּרֵוּ לֵאמֹר שְׁתַּי הַמִּשְׁבָּחוֹת אֲשֶׁר בְּחָר יְהוֶה

## hebrew

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## 24

#### hebrew

The Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by הָיָה וֹעָפּל יָגָאָצֹּון מֶהְלָוֹת plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_ig הָיָה

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## hebrew

## 25

## Meanings:

\* Heaven or heavens \* Sky \* Compass

Masculine noun. The word is dual in form (ending in יָם-ַ) which normally indicates two things (like eyes and hands), however, however it functions as a plural. Deuteronomy 10:14 states that Genesis 1:20Psalm 115:3 אֵרֶץplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigץאָרָ

## hebrew

## Meaning:

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

The word אֶרֵץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שַּׁמַיָם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 לא שֶׁמְתָּי

אָת plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigגם זֶרַע יִצְקוֹב וְדְוֹד עַבְדִּי אֶמְאַס מִקֶּחַת מִיּרְעוֹ מְשְׁלִּים אֶל זֶרַע אַבְרָהֶם יִשְׂחֵק וְיִצְקֹב כְּי אשוב אָשִׁיב אֶת

## hebrew

The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרָא אֱלֹהֵים ( שְׁבוּתֶם וְרָחַמְתְּים

## **ESV**

- The word of the LORD came to Jeremiah a second time, while he was still shut up in the court of the guard:
- 2 "Thus says the LORD who made the earth, the LORD who formed it to establish it- the LORD is his name:
- Call to me and I will answer you, and will tell you great and hidden things that you have not known.
- For thus says the LORD, the God of Israel, concerning the houses of this city and the houses of the kings of Judah that were torn down to make a defense against the siege mounds and against the sword:
- They are coming in to fight against the Chaldeans and to fill them with the dead bodies of men whom I shall strike down in my anger and my wrath, for I have hidden my face from this city because of all their evil.
- Behold, I will bring to it health and healing, and I will heal them and reveal to them abundance of prosperity and security.
- 7 | I will restore the fortunes of Judah and the fortunes of Israel, and rebuild them as they were at first.
- 8 I will cleanse them from all the guilt of their sin against me, and I will forgive all the guilt of their sin and rebellion against me.
- And this city shall be to me a name of joy, a praise and a glory before all the nations of the earth who shall hear of all the good that I do for them. They shall fear and tremble because of all the good and all the prosperity I provide for it.
- "Thus says the LORD: In this place of which you say, 'It is a waste without man or beast,' in the cities of Judah and the streets of Jerusalem that are desolate, without man or inhabitant or beast, there shall be heard again
- the voice of mirth and the voice of gladness, the voice of the bridegroom and the voice of the bride, the voices of those who sing, as they bring thank offerings to the house of the LORD: "' Give thanks to the LORD of hosts, for the LORD is good, for his steadfast love endures forever!' For I will restore the fortunes of the land as at first, says the LORD.
- 12 "Thus says the LORD of hosts: In this place that is waste, without man or beast, and in all of its cities, there shall again be habitations of shepherds resting their flocks.
- In the cities of the hill country, in the cities of the Shephelah, and in the cities of the Negeb, in the land of Benjamin, the places about Jerusalem, and in the cities of Judah, flocks shall again pass under the hands of the one who counts them, says the LORD.
- "Behold, the days are coming, declares the LORD, when I will fulfill the promise I made to the house of Israel and the house of Judah.
- In those days and at that time I will cause a righteous Branch to spring up for David, and he shall execute justice and righteousness in the land.
- In those days Judah will be saved and Jerusalem will dwell securely. And this is the name by which it will be called: 'The LORD is our righteousness.'
- 17 "For thus says the LORD: David shall never lack a man to sit on the throne of the house of Israel,
- and the Levitical priests shall never lack a man in my presence to offer burnt offerings, to burn grain offerings, and to make sacrifices forever."
- 19 The word of the LORD came to Jeremiah:
- "Thus says the LORD: If you can break my covenant with the day and my covenant with the night, so that day and night will not come at their appointed time,
- then also my covenant with David my servant may be broken, so that he shall not have a son to reign on his throne, and my covenant with the Levitical priests my ministers.
- As the host of heaven cannot be numbered and the sands of the sea cannot be measured, so I will multiply the offspring of David my servant, and the Levitical priests who minister to me."
- 23 The word of the LORD came to Jeremiah:

- "Have you not observed that these people are saying, 'The LORD has rejected the two clans that he chose'? Thus they have despised my people so that they are no longer a nation in their sight.
- Thus says the LORD: If I have not established my covenant with day and night and the fixed order of heaven and earth,
- then I will reject the offspring of Jacob and David my servant and will not choose one of his offspring to rule over the offspring of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. For I will restore their fortunes and will have mercy on them."

## NIV

- While Jeremiah was still confined in the courtyard of the guard, the word of the LORD came to him a second time:
- "This is what the LORD says, he who made the earth, the LORD who formed it and established itthe LORD is his name:
- 3 | 'Call to me and I will answer you and tell you great and unsearchable things you do not know.'
- For this is what the LORD, the God of Israel, says about the houses in this city and the royal palaces of Judah that have been torn down to be used against the siege ramps and the sword
- in the fight with the Babylonians: 'They will be filled with the dead bodies of the men I will slay in my anger and wrath. I will hide my face from this city because of all its wickedness.
- 6 "'Nevertheless, I will bring health and healing to it; I will heal my people and will let them enjoy abundant peace and security.
- 7 | I will bring Judah and Israel back from captivity and will rebuild them as they were before.
- 8 I will cleanse them from all the sin they have committed against me and will forgive all their sins of rebellion against me.
- Then this city will bring me renown, joy, praise and honor before all nations on earth that hear of all the good things I do for it; and they will be in awe and will tremble at the abundant prosperity and peace I provide for it.'
- "This is what the LORD says: 'You say about this place, "It is a desolate waste, without men or animals." Yet in the towns of Judah and the streets of Jerusalem that are deserted, inhabited by neither men nor animals, there will be heard once more
- the sounds of joy and gladness, the voices of bride and bridegroom, and the voices of those who bring thank offerings to the house of the LORD, saying, "Give thanks to the LORD Almighty, for the LORD is good; his love endures forever." For I will restore the fortunes of the land as they were before,' says the LORD.
- "This is what the LORD Almighty says: 'In this place, desolate and without men or animals-in all its towns there will again be pastures for shepherds to rest their flocks.
- In the towns of the hill country, of the western foothills and of the Negev, in the territory of
  Benjamin, in the villages around Jerusalem and in the towns of Judah, flocks will again pass under
  the hand of the one who counts them,' says the LORD.
- "'The days are coming,' declares the LORD, 'when I will fulfill the gracious promise I made to the house of Israel and to the house of Judah.
- "'In those days and at that time I will make a righteous Branch sprout from David's line; he will do what is just and right in the land.
- In those days Judah will be saved and Jerusalem will live in safety. This is the name by which it will be called: The LORD Our Righteousness.'
- For this is what the LORD says: 'David will never fail to have a man to sit on the throne of the house of Israel,
- nor will the priests, who are Levites, ever fail to have a man to stand before me continually to offer burnt offerings, to burn grain offerings and to present sacrifices.'"
- 19 The word of the LORD came to Jeremiah:

- "This is what the LORD says: 'If you can break my covenant with the day and my covenant with the night, so that day and night no longer come at their appointed time,
- then my covenant with David my servant-and my covenant with the Levites who are priests ministering before me-can be broken and David will no longer have a descendant to reign on his throne.
- 1 will make the descendants of David my servant and the Levites who minister before me as countless as the stars of the sky and as measureless as the sand on the seashore.'"
- 23 The word of the LORD came to Jeremiah:
- "Have you not noticed that these people are saying, 'The LORD has rejected the two kingdoms he chose'? So they despise my people and no longer regard them as a nation.
- This is what the LORD says: 'If I have not established my covenant with day and night and the fixed laws of heaven and earth,
- then I will reject the descendants of Jacob and David my servant and will not choose one of his sons to rule over the descendants of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob. For I will restore their fortunes and have compassion on them.'"

## NLT

- 1 While Jeremiah was still confined in the courtyard of the guard, the LORD gave him this second message:
- 2 "This is what the LORD says- the LORD who made the earth, who formed and established it, whose name is the LORD:
- 3 Ask me and I will tell you remarkable secrets you do not know about things to come.
- For this is what the LORD, the God of Israel, says: You have torn down the houses of this city and even the king's palace to get materials to strengthen the walls against the siege ramps and swords of the enemy.
- You expect to fight the Babylonians, but the men of this city are already as good as dead, for I have determined to destroy them in my terrible anger. I have abandoned them because of all their wickedness.
- 6 "Nevertheless, the time will come when I will heal Jerusalem's wounds and give it prosperity and true peace.
- 7 I will restore the fortunes of Judah and Israel and rebuild their towns.
- 8 | I will cleanse them of their sins against me and forgive all their sins of rebellion.
- Then this city will bring me joy, glory, and honor before all the nations of the earth! The people of the world will see all the good I do for my people, and they will tremble with awe at the peace and prosperity I provide for them.
- "This is what the LORD says: You have said, 'This is a desolate land where people and animals have all disappeared.' Yet in the empty streets of Jerusalem and Judah's other towns, there will be heard once more
- the sounds of joy and laughter. The joyful voices of bridegrooms and brides will be heard again, along with the joyous songs of people bringing thanksgiving offerings to the LORD. They will sing, 'Give thanks to the LORD of Heaven's Armies, for the LORD is good. His faithful love endures forever!' For I will restore the prosperity of this land to what it was in the past, says the LORD.
- "This is what the LORD of Heaven's Armies says: This land- though it is now desolate and has no people and animals- will once more have pastures where shepherds can lead their flocks.
- Once again shepherds will count their flocks in the towns of the hill country, the foothills of Judah, the Negev, the land of Benjamin, the vicinity of Jerusalem, and all the towns of Judah. I, the LORD, have spoken!
- 14 "The day will come, says the LORD, when I will do for Israel and Judah all the good things I have promised them.

- "In those days and at that time I will raise up a righteous descendant from King David's line. He will do what is just and right throughout the land.
- 16 In that day Judah will be saved, and Jerusalem will live in safety. And this will be its name: 'The LORD Is Our Righteousness.'
- For this is what the LORD says: David will have a descendant sitting on the throne of Israel forever.
- And there will always be Levitical priests to offer burnt offerings and grain offerings and sacrifices to me."
- 19 Then this message came to Jeremiah from the LORD:
- "This is what the LORD says: If you can break my covenant with the day and the night so that one does not follow the other,
- only then will my covenant with my servant David be broken. Only then will he no longer have a descendant to reign on his throne. The same is true for my covenant with the Levitical priests who minister before me.
- And as the stars of the sky cannot be counted and the sand on the seashore cannot be measured, so I will multiply the descendants of my servant David and the Levites who minister before me."
- 23 The LORD gave another message to Jeremiah. He said,
- "Have you noticed what people are saying?- 'The LORD chose Judah and Israel and then
- abandoned them!' They are sneering and saying that Israel is not worthy to be counted as a nation.
- But this is what the LORD says: I would no more reject my people than I would change my laws that govern night and day, earth and sky.
- I will never abandon the descendants of Jacob or David, my servant, or change the plan that David's descendants will rule the descendants of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. Instead, I will restore them to their land and have mercy on them."

## LXX

vplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigev greek Preposition meaning "in". ἀρχῆρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigἀρχή areek Meaning \* Beginning \* First \* Elementary \* Rulers, rule, domain Noun, feminine (first declension) Occurs 56 times in the New Testament, consistently conveying the idea of primacy - whether temporal (i.e. the start, e.g. John 1:1) or causal (i.e. the source) or governmental (i.e. the ruler, e.g. Ephesians 6:12 βασιλέως Ιωακιμ υἰοῦ Ιωσια ἐγενήθη ὁplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ The definite article λόγοςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigλόγος \* A word or words \* Statement \* Message \* Speech \* Account \* Used in John to mean God the Son Masculine noun. Related to the verb λένω. λόγος in Greek Thouaht Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... οὖτοςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο greek Meaning \* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 παρὰ κυρίου

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οὕτως εἶπεν κύριος στῆθι ἐνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν Preposition meaning "in". αὐλῆ οἴκου κυρίου καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" χρηματιεῖς ἄπασι τοῖςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article Ιουδαίοις καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πασιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπας greek Meaning \* All \* Every \* The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23Iohn 3:16Colossians 1:17 τοῖcplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó The definite article ἐρχομένοις προσκυνεῖν ἐνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν greek Preposition meaning "in". οἴκω κυρίου ἄπαντας τοὺςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò greek The definite article λόγουςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigλόγος \* A word or words \* Statement \* Message \* Speech \* Account \* Used in John to mean God the Son Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω. λόγος in Greek Thought Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... οἷς συνέταξά σοι αὐτοῖς plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) χρηματίσαι μὴ ἀφέλης ῥῆμα

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ἴσως ἀκούσονται καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί
greek
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀποστοαφήσονται ἔκαστος ἀπὸ τῆς plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó
greek
The definite article ὁδοῦ αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
greek
Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) Tficplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article πονηρᾶς καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" παύσομαι ἀπὸ τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
greek
The definite article κακῶν ὧν ἑγὼ λογίζομαι τοῦplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò
greek
The definite article ποιῆσαιρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigποιέω
Meaning:
* To do * To make
This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.
Present tense Person Greek Form αὐτοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
greek
Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἔνεκεν τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigỏ
The definite article πονηρῶν ἐπιτηδευμάτων αὐτῶνρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός
greek
Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)
καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐρεῖς οὔτως εἶπεν κύριος ἐἀν μὴ ἀκούσητέ μου τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article πορεύεσθαι ένρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigέν
greek
Preposition meaning "in". τοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
greek
The definite article νομίμοις μου οἶς ἔδωκα κατὰ πρόσωπον ὑμῶν
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εἰσακούειν τῶνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article λόγωνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigλόγος

Meaning

\* A word or words \* Statement \* Message \* Speech \* Account \* Used in John to mean God the Son

Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω.

λόγος in Greek Thought

Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... τωνριμgin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article  $\pi\alpha(\delta\omega\nu\;\mu\nu\nu\;\tau\tilde{\omega}\nu\rho$ lugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

areek

The definite article προφητῶν οὓς ἐγὼ ἀποστέλλω πρὸςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπρός

5 greek

Meaning

\* To or towards \* Pertaining to (genitive case) \* Near to (dative case) \* According to \* About

Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.

πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... ὑμᾶς ὄρθρου καὶρισμαιοτισμού μομποιοτισμού μομποιοτισμού

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀπέστειλα καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" οὐκ εἰσηκούσατέ μου

καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" δώσω τὸνρμαίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó greek The definite article οἶκον τοῦτονplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigοὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο greek Meaning \* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἄσπερ Σηλωμ καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὴνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article πόλιν δώσω εἰς κατάραν πἄσινplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bignᾶς greek Meaning \* All \* Every \* The whole Adjective. The sense of πᾶc depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τοῖcplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article ἔθνεσιν πάσηςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπᾶς greek Meaning \* All \* Every \* The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τῆcplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó greek The definite article  $\gamma \tilde{\eta} \varsigma plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big \gamma \tilde{\eta}$ 

\* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun, Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology",

tt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1

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καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" "Konggy olologin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó greek The definite article  $\ell \epsilon \rho \epsilon \tilde{\ell} \kappa \alpha \rho \ell \rho \epsilon \tilde{\ell} \rho \epsilon \tilde{\ell} \kappa \alpha \rho \ell \rho \epsilon \tilde{\ell} \rho \epsilon \tilde$ greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" olplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article ψευδοπροφῆται καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" παςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπας greek Meaning \* All \* Every \* The whole Adjective Usage in the New Testament The sense of  $\pi \tilde{\alpha} c$  depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 oplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó greek The definite article  $\lambda\alpha\dot{o}\zeta$   $\tau o\tilde{\upsilon}$  plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big $\dot{o}$ greek The definite article Ιερεμιου λαλοῦντος τοὺςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article λόγουςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigλόγος \* A word or words \* Statement \* Message \* Speech \* Account \* Used in John to mean God the Son Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω. λόγος in Greek Thought Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... τούτουςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὔτη /τοῦτο greek \* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἐνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν Preposition meaning "in". οἴκῳ κυρίου

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καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐγένετο Ιερεμιου παυσαμένου λαλοῦντος πάνταρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bignᾶς
greek
Meaning
* All * Every * The whole
Adjective
Usage in the New Testament
The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.
With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 ἃ συνέταξεν αὐτῷρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-
autotooltip_bigαὑτός
greek
Meaning
* He. she. it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) κύριος λαλῆσαι παντὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς
greek
Meaning
* All * Every * The whole
Adjective
Usage in the New Testament
The sense of \pi \tilde{\alpha} c depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.
With singular countable nouns → "everv" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τῶρμαίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó
The definite article λαῷ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" συνελάβοσαν αὐτὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
greek
Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) olplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó
The definite article ἰερεῖς καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" olplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article ψευδοπροφῆται καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" παςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπας
areek
Meaning
* All * Every * The whole
Adjective.
Usage in the New Testament
The sense of πας depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.
With singular countable nouns -- "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 oplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigo
greek
The definite article λαὸς λέγων θανάτῳ ἀποθανῆ
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ὄτι ἐπροφήτευσας τῷplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ

The definite article ὀνόματι κυρίου λέγων ὤσπερ Σηλωμ ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὁplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ

greek

The definite article οἶκος οὖτοςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

\* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" hplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó

greek

The definite article πόλις αὔτηρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

9 greek

Meaning

\* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἐρημωθήσεται ἀπὸ κατοικούντων καὶρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐξεκκλησιάσθη παςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bernament.

greek

Meaning

\* All \* Every \* The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of  $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$  depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns ightarrow "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 oplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigo

greek

The definite article λαὸς ἐπὶ Ιερεμιαν ἐνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". οἴκῳ κυρίου

καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" "Konggy olologin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó greek The definite article ἄρχοντες Ιουδα τὸνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article λόγονplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigλόγος Meaning \* A word or words \* Statement \* Message \* Speech \* Account \* Used in John to mean God the Son Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω. Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... τοῦτουρίυgin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigοὖτος / αῦτη /τοῦτο greek Meaning 10 \* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀνέβησαν έξ οἴκου τοῦρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article βασιλέως είς οἶκον κυρίου καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐκάθισαν ἐνρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigἐν Preposition meaning "in". προθύροις πύλης κυρίου τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ greek

The definite article καινής

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καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" είπαν οιρμαίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bioò greek The definite article ἰερεῖς καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" olplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article ψευδοπροφήται πρὸςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπρός greek Meaning \* To or towards \* Pertaining to (genitive case) \* Near to (dative case) \* According to \* About Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament. πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... τοὺς plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article ἄρχοντας καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" παντίρμα in-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπᾶc areek Meaning \* All \* Every \* The whole Adjective Usage in the New Testament The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns -- "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 Tiplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article λαῷ κρίσις θανάτου τῷplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article ἀνθρώπω τούτωρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο greek Meaning: \* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ὅτι ἐπροφήτευσεν κατὰ τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article πόλεως ταύτηςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο areek Meaning \* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 καθὼς ἡκούσατε ἐνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν areek Preposition meaning "in". τοῖςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article ώσιν ὑμῶν

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καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί
   * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
  ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπεν |ερεμίας πρὸς plugin-autotooltip | default plugin-autotooltip | default plugin-autotooltip |
  greek
  Meaning
  * To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About
  Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.
 πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... τοὺςρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
  areek
  The definite article ἄρχοντας καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
  greek
  Meaning
  * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
  ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" παντιρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς
  Meaning
  * All * Every * The whole
  Adjective
  Usage in the New Testament
  The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable
  With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
  areek
  The definite article λαῷ λέγων κύριος ἀπέστειλέν με προφητεῦσαι ἐπὶ τὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
  The definite article οἶκον τοῦτονplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigοὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο
  greek
  Meaning
  * These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it
12 οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-
 greek
  Meaning
  * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
  ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπὶ τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
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 The definite article πόλιν ταύτηνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο
  greek
  Meaning
  * These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it
  οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 πάντας plugin-autotooltip default plugin
  autotooltip bigπᾶς
  greek
  * All * Every * The whole
  Adjective
  Usage in the New Testament
  The sense of \pi \tilde{\alpha} c depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.
  With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
  greek
  The definite article λόγους plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigλόγος
  Meaning
  * A word or words * Statement * Message * Speech * Account * Used in John to mean God the Son
  Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω.
  λόγος in Greek Thought
 Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... τούτουςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὔτη /τοῦτο
  greek
   *These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it
  οὕτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 οὺς ἡκούσατε
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καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" νῦν βελτίους ποιήσατερμαίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigποιέω
Meaning:
* To do * To make
This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.
Present tense Person Greek Form τὰςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
greek
The definite article ὁδοὺς ὑμῶν καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article \xi\rho\gamma\alpha \dot{\nu}\mu\tilde{\omega}\nu \kappa\alpha\dot{\nu} plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big\kappa\alpha\dot{\nu}
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀκούσατε τῆς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
greek
The definite article φωνῆς κυρίου καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" παύσεται κύριος ἀπὸ τῶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
greek
The definite article κακῶν ὧν ἐλάλησεν ἐφ ὑμᾶς
καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ίδοὺ ἐγὼ ἐυρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigèu
Preposition meaning "in". χερσὶν ὑμῶν ποιήσατέρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigποιέω
Meaning
* To do * To make
This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.
Present tense Person Greek Form μοι ώς συμφέρει καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
lls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ὡς βέλτιον ὑμῖν
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άλλ ἢ γνόντες γνώσεσθε ὅτι εἰ ἀναιρεῖτέ με αἶμα ἀθῷον δίδοτε ἐφ ὑμᾶς καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπὶ τὴνρίμαιη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò greek The definite article πόλιν ταύτηνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο greek Meaning \* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it οὕτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugingreek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπὶ τοὺςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ The definite article κατοικοῦντας ἐνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν greek Preposition meaning "in". αὐτῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὑτός greek \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5.000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ὅτι ἐνρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigἐν \_ Preposition meaning "in". ἀληθεία ἀπέσταλκέν με κύριος πρὸςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπρός greek Meaning \* To or towards \* Pertaining to (genitive case) \* Near to (dative case) \* According to \* About Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... ὑμᾶς λαλῆσαι εἰς τὰρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article ὧτα ὑμῶν πάντας plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπᾶς greek Meaning \* All \* Every \* The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of  $\pi \tilde{\alpha} c$  depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τοὑςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article λόγουςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigλόγος Meaning \* A word or words \* Statement \* Message \* Speech \* Account \* Used in John to mean God the Son Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω. λόγος in Greek Thought Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... τούτουςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὔτη /τοῦτο greek \* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. ούτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19

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καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπαν οἰρμαίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó greek The definite article ἄρχοντες καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" παςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπας greek 4eaning \* All \* Every \* The whole Adjective Usage in the New Testament The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns -- "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23Romans 3:16Colossians 1:17 öplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigö greek The definite article λαὸς πρὸς plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπρός greek Meaning \* To or towards \* Pertaining to (genitive case) \* Near to (dative case) \* According to \* About Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament. πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... τοὺς plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article ἰερεῖς καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So 16 ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πρὸς plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπρός greek Meaning \* To or towards \* Pertaining to (genitive case) \* Near to (dative case) \* According to \* About Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament. πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... τοὺς plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article ψευδοπροφήτας οὐκ ἔστινplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigslμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. τῷρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article ἀνθρώπω τούτωρ|ugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο greek \* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 κρίσις θανάτου ὅτι ἐπὶ τῷρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article ἀνόματι κυρίου τοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἀ greek The definite article θεοῦρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigθεὸς greek Masculine noun meaning: \* A god or goddess \* God ἡμῶν ἑλάλησεν πρὸςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπρός greek Meaning \* To or towards \* Pertaining to (genitive case) \* Near to (dative case) \* According to \* About Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... ἡμᾶς

καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀνέστησαν ἄνδοες τῶνριμαίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó greek The definite article πρεσβυτέρων τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article γῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigyῆ Meaning: \* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5) Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology". lt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 καὶρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί 17 greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπαν πάσηρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip greek Meaning \* All \* Every \* The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of  $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta$  depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article συναγωγῆ τοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article λαοῦ

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Μιχαιας oplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigo greek The definite article Μωραθίτης ἦνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί είμι is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἐυρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν Preposition meaning "in". ταῖςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article ἡμέραις Εζεκιου βασιλέως Ιουδα καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπεν παντὶρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip greek Meaning \* All \* Every \* The whole Adjective Usage in the New Testament The sense of πα̃c depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τῷplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article λαῷ Ιουδα οὕτως εἶπεν κύριος Σιων ὡς ἀγρὸς ἀροτριαθήσεται καιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_default greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Ιερουσαλημ είς ἄβατον ἔσταιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigelμί εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καἰριμgin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὸplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article ὄρος τοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article οἴκου εἰς ἄλσος δρυμοῦ

μὴ ἀνελὼν ἀνεῖλεν αὐτὸνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive), Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) Εζεκιας καὶριμαίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" παςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπας greek Meaning \* All \* Every \* The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 Ιουδα οὐχὶ ὅτι ἐφοβήθησαν τὸνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó greek The definite article κύριον καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So 19 s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ὅτι ἐδεήθησαν τοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò areek The definite article προσώπου κυρίου καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπαύσατο κύριος ἀπὸ τῶνριμgin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò The definite article κακῶν ὧν ἑλάλησεν ἐπ αὐτούςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἡμεῖς ἐποιήσαμενρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigποιέω This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship. Verb forms

Present tense Person Greek Form κακὰ μεγάλα ἐπὶ ψυχὰς ἡμῶν

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καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἄνθρωπος ἦγρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. προφητεύων τῷρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article ὀνόματι κυρίου Ουριας υἰὸς Σαμαιου ἐκ Καριαθιαριμ καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπροφήτευσεν περὶ τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article  $\gamma\tilde{\eta}\zeta$ plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big $\gamma\tilde{\eta}$ 

Meaning:

\* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".

lt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 ταύτηςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

\* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 κατὰ πάνταςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

\* All \* Every \* The whole

Adjective

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τοὺςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó

greek

The definite article λόγουςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigλόγος

Meaning

\* A word or words \* Statement \* Message \* Speech \* Account \* Used in John to mean God the Son

Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω.

λόγος in Greek Thought

Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... Ιερεμιου

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   * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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   * All * Every * The whole
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  greek
  The definite article ἄρχοντες πάντας plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς
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   * All * Every * The whole
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  The sense of \pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.
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21 The definite article λόγους plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigλόγος
  Meaning
   * A word or words * Statement * Message * Speech * Account * Used in John to mean God the Son
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  greek
  Meaning
   * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
  Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
  Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶριμαίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί
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  ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἤκουσεν Ουριας καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί
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  Meaning
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  ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἰσῆλθεν εἰς Αἴγυπτον
   καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
  areek
   * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
  Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" έξαπέστειλεν ὁplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip
  greek
  The definite article βασιλεὺς ἄνδρας εἰς Αἴγυπτον
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καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐξηνάγοσαν αὐτὸνρΙμαίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐκεῖθεν καὶρΙυσίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἰσηγάγοσαν αὐτὸνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) πρὸς plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπρός areek Meaning \* To or towards \* Pertaining to (genitive case) \* Near to (dative case) \* According to \* About Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament. πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... τὸνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article βασιλέα καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπάταξεν αὐτὸνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ¿vplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigév Preposition meaning "in". μαχαίρα καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔρριψεν αὐτὸνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) είς τὸplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ greek The definite article μνήμα υίων λαοῦ αὐτοῦρΙμαin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός areek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

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πλὴν χεὶρ Αχικαμ υἰοῦ Σαφαν ἦνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be") lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦy is the word for was, e.g. μετὰ Ιερεμιου τοῦρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó areek The definite article μὴ παραδοῦναι αὐτὸνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός greek \* He. she. it \* Himself. herself. itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) εἰς χεῖρας τοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ The definite article λαοῦ τοῦplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigὁ The definite article μὴ ἀνελεῖν αὐτόνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

## KJV

- 1 Moreover the word of the LORD came unto Jeremiah the second time, while he was yet shut up in the court of the prison, saying,
- Thus saith the LORD the maker thereof, the LORD that formed it, to establish it; the LORD is his name;
- Call unto me, and I will answer thee, and shew thee great and mighty things, which thou knowest not.
- For thus saith the LORD, the God of Israel, concerning the houses of this city, and concerning the houses of the kings of Judah, which are thrown down by the mounts, and by the sword;
- They come to fight with the Chaldeans, but it is to fill them with the dead bodies of men, whom I have slain in mine anger and in my fury, and for all whose wickedness I have hid my face from this city.
- Behold, I will bring it health and cure, and I will cure them, and will reveal unto them the abundance of peace and truth.
- And I will cause the captivity of Judah and the captivity of Israel to return, and will build them, as at the first.
- And I will cleanse them from all their iniquity, whereby they have sinned against me; and I will pardon all their iniquities, whereby they have sinned, and whereby they have transgressed against me.
- And it shall be to me a name of joy, a praise and an honour before all the nations of the earth, which shall hear all the good that I do unto them: and they shall fear and tremble for all the goodness and for all the prosperity that I procure unto it.
- Thus saith the LORD; Again there shall be heard in this place, which ye say shall be desolate without man and without beast, even in the cities of Judah, and in the streets of Jerusalem, that are desolate, without man, and without inhabitant, and without beast,
- The voice of joy, and the voice of gladness, the voice of the bridegroom, and the voice of the bride, the voice of them that shall say, Praise the LORD of hosts: for the LORD is good; for his mercy endureth for ever: and of them that shall bring the sacrifice of praise into the house of the LORD. For I will cause to return the captivity of the land, as at the first, saith the LORD.
- Thus saith the LORD of hosts; Again in this place, which is desolate without man and without beast, and in all the cities thereof, shall be an habitation of shepherds causing their flocks to lie down.

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- In the cities of the mountains, in the cities of the vale, and in the cities of the south, and in the land of Benjamin, and in the places about Jerusalem, and in the cities of Judah, shall the flocks pass again under the hands of him that telleth them, saith the LORD.
- Behold, the days come, saith the LORD, that I will perform that good thing which I have promised unto the house of Israel and to the house of Judah.
- In those days, and at that time, will I cause the Branch of righteousness to grow up unto David; and he shall execute judgment and righteousness in the land.
- In those days shall Judah be saved, and Jerusalem shall dwell safely: and this is the name wherewith she shall be called, The LORD our righteousness.
- For thus saith the LORD; David shall never want a man to sit upon the throne of the house of Israel;
- Neither shall the priests the Levites want a man before me to offer burnt offerings, and to kindle meat offerings, and to do sacrifice continually.
- 19 And the word of the LORD came unto Jeremiah, saying,
- Thus saith the LORD; If ye can break my covenant of the day, and my covenant of the night, and that there should not be day and night in their season;
- Then may also my covenant be broken with David my servant, that he should not have a son to reign upon his throne; and with the Levites the priests, my ministers.
- As the host of heaven cannot be numbered, neither the sand of the sea measured: so will I multiply the seed of David my servant, and the Levites that minister unto me.
- 23 Moreover the word of the LORD came to Jeremiah, saying,
- Considerest thou not what this people have spoken, saying, The two families which the LORD hath chosen, he hath even cast them off? thus they have despised my people, that they should be no more a nation before them.
- Thus saith the LORD; If my covenant be not with day and night, and if I have not appointed the ordinances of heaven and earth;
- Then will I cast away the seed of Jacob, and David my servant, so that I will not take any of his seed to be rulers over the seed of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob: for I will cause their captivity to return, and have mercy on them.

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