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# Jeremiah 5:19

הָיָהplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigוְהָיָה

#### nebrew

The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

\* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 פְי תֹאמֶרֹנִי מָּחַת מֶּה עִשֶּׂה יְתֹּנֶה plugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big-in-autotooltip-big-in-autotooltip-big

hebrew

### Meaning

\* Yahweh - God's personal name

lt is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word יְהוָה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 אֱלֹהִים מוֹן Gefault plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_s

hebrew

## Meanings:

\* God \* god \* goddess \* divine ones \* angels

אַת Noun, masculine אָת plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big אֶת

hebrew

The Hebrew את word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

Hebrew|For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַמָּר וּאָפֹרֶתְּ אָלֵיתָּם נְאָלֶיר מָבּי אָלֶיתָם בְאָלֶיר מָבּיים אַלִּיתָם בְאָלֶיר מָבּיים בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִּבְּיים בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִים בּאָלֶיר מָבְיים בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִים בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִּבְּיִם בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִים בּאָלֶיר מִבְּיִבְּים בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִּבְּיִם בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִבְּיִם בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִבְּיִם בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִבְּים בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִבְּיִם בּאָלֶיר מִבְּיִבְּים בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִבְּים בּאָלֶיר מְבִּיבְּים בּאָלֶיר מִבְּיִבְּים בּאָלֶיר מִבְּיִבְּים בּאָלֶיר מִבְּיִבְּים בּאָלְיים בּאָלֶיר מִבְּיִבְּים בּאָלֶיר מִבְּיִבְּים בּאָלֶיר מִבְּיִים בּאָלֶיר מִבְּיִים בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִים בּיִּבְּים בּיִּבְּיִים בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִבְּים בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִים בּאָלֶיר מָבְּיִים בּיִּבְּיִים בּיִבְּיִים בּיִּבְּיִים בּיִבְּיִים בּיִבְּיִים בּיִּבְּיִים בּיִבְּיִים בּיִבְּיִים בּיִּבְּיִים בּיִבְּישְׁר מִבְּיִבְּים בּיִבְּיִים בְּבְּיִים בּיִבְּיִים בּיִיבְּיִים בּיִּבְּיִים בּיִבְּיִים בּיִבְּיִים בּיִבְּיִים בּיִבְּיִים בּיִבְּיִים בּיִיבְיִים בּיִיבְּיִים בּיִבְּיִים בּיִיבְּיים בּיִבְּייִים בּיִבְּייִים בּיִּבְייִים בּיִבְּייִים בּיִבְייִים בּיִבְּייִים בּיִבְּייִים בּיִיבְיים בּיִיבְיים בּיִיבְּיים בּיִיבְּיים בּיִיבְּייִים בּיִיבְּיים בּיִיבְּיים בּיִיבְּיים בּיוֹבְייִים בּיוֹבְיים בּיִיבְּיים בּיִיבְיים בּייִים בּיִיבְיים בּיּיבְיים בּיבְּיים בּיִיבְיים בּיִיבְיים בּייִים בּייִים בּייבּיים בּייִים בּיים בּייבּים בּייִים בּייִים בּייבּים בּייִים בּייִים בּיִיבְיים בּייִים בְּיִיים בּייִים בּייִים בְּיִייִים בּייִים בּיּבְייים בּייִים בּייִים בּיּייים בּייבְייים בּייִים בּייים בּייִיים בּייים בּייִים בּייִיים בּייִיים בּייִים בּיייים בּיייים בּייים בּייִיים בּייים בּייִים בּייִיים בּייִיים בּייים בְּייים בּייִיים בּייִים בּייִים בּייִיים בּייים בּיייים בּייים בּיייים בּייים בּייים בּייים בּייים בּיייים בּייִיים בּייים בּייייים בּייייים בּיייים בּיייייים בּייייים בּייייים בּייייים בּייייי

#### hohrou

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hebrew

## Meanings:

\* God \* god \* goddess \* divine ones \* angels

پچرېزچو Plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big۲پچر چېرېزچو

hebrew

## Meaning:

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

The word אֶרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שֶׁמִים), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 אָרָץ [תְּשַבְּדָי אָרֹים בְּאָרֵץ [תַּבְּדָי אָרִים בְּאַרֶץ]; the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 אָרֶץ

hebrew

## Meaning:

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The word אֶּבֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שְׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 לְא לֶבֶם

And when your people say, 'Why has the LORD our God done all these things to us?' you shall say to them, 'As you have forsaken me and served foreign gods in your land, so you shall serve foreigners in a land that is not yours."

NIV And when the people ask, 'Why has the LORD our God done all this to us?' you will tell them, 'As you have forsaken me and served foreign gods in your own land, so now you will serve foreigners in a land not your own.'

NLT "And when your people ask, 'Why did the LORD our God do all this to us?' you must reply, 'You rejected him and gave yourselves to foreign gods in your own land. Now you will serve foreigners in a land that is not your own.'

καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigciμί

ıreek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὅταν εἴπητε τίνος [ἔνεκεν ἐποίησενρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigποιέω

Meaning

\* To do \* To make

This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.

Verh form

Present tense Person Greek Form κύριος oplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigo

greek

The definite article θεὸςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigθεὸς

greek

Masculine noun meaning:

\* A god or goddess \* God ἡμῶν ἡμῖν ἄπαντα ταὕταρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

\* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

## LXX Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐρεῖς αὐτοῖςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

\* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἀνθ ὧν ἑδουλεύσατε θεοῖςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigθεὸς

greek

Masculine noun meaning:

\* A god or goddess \* God ἀλλοτρίοις ἐνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". τῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article γῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigγῆ

Meaning:

\* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology"

lt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 ὑμῶν οὕτως δουλεύσετε ἀλλοτρίοις ἐvplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". γῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigyῆ

Meaning:

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And it shall come to pass, when ye shall say, Wherefore doeth the LORD our God all these things unto us? then shalt thou answer them, Like as ye have forsaken me, and served strange gods in your land, so shall ye serve strangers in a land that is not yours.

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