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Job 11

 $Verses: |\ 1\ |\ 2\ |\ 3\ |\ 4\ |\ 5\ |\ 6\ |\ 7\ |\ 8\ |\ 9\ |\ 10\ |\ 11\ |\ 12\ |\ 13\ |\ 14\ |\ 15\ |\ 16\ |\ 17\ |\ 18\ |\ 19\ |\ 20$

Text

Hebrew

1	וַיַען צֹפָר הְנַּעֲמָתִי וַיּאֹמֵר.			
2	בְּרִים לָאׁ יֵעָגֶה וְאִם אֶישׁ שְׂפָתַיִם יִצְדֵּקְ			
3	מְתֵים יַחֲרֶישׁו וַׁתִּלְעַג וְאֵין מַכְלֶם चְבֶּידּ מְתֵים יַחֲרֶישׁו וַׁתִּלְעַג וְאֵין מַכְלֶם			
	הָיָה וְּבֶּר הָיֵיתִי plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigתּאֹמֶר זַדְּ לִקְתֵי וּבַּר הָיֵיתִי			
	hebrew			
4	The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.			
	This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.			
	* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 בְעֵינֵידּ			
5	ןאוּלֶם מֶי יָתַּן אֱלָוֹהַ דַּבֵּר וְיִפְתַּח שְׂפָתָיו עִמֶּד			
6	ןְיָבֶּד לְךָּ תַּעֲלָמִוֹת חָכְמָה ֹבִּי כִפְלַיֵם לְתֹוּשִׁיָּה וְדַׁע בִּי יַשֶּׁה לְךָּ אֱלוֹהַ מֵעֲוֹנֶדְּ			
7	הַחֶקֶר אֱלָוֹהַ תִּמְצֵא אֶם עַד תַּכְלֶית שַׁדַּי תִּמְצֵא			
	שְׁמֵיִם plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big שְׁמֵיִם			
	hebrew			
8	Meanings:			
	* Heaven or heavens * Sky * Compass			
	Masculine noun. The word is dual in form (ending in יָם-ַ) which normally indicates two things (like eyes and hands), however, however it functions as a plural. Deuteronomy 10:14 states that Genesis 1:20Psalm 115:3 מַה תִּפְעֵל עֻמֻקֵּה מִׁשְּׁאֹוֹל מַה תֵּדֶע			

אֱרֵצֶּה מֶאֵרֵץ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigץבָבֶּה מֶאֵרֵץ

hebrew

Meaning:

9 * Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country

The word אֶּבֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שָׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 מְנָה מְנִי גֶם

- אם יחלף ויסגיר ויקהיל ומי ישיבנו 10
- בִּי הָוּא יָדֵע מָתֵי שָׁוָא וַיַּרָא אָוַן וִלְאֹ יִתְבּוֹנֵן 11 בּיִרָּא יָתַבּוֹנֵן
- וְאֵישׁ נָבוּב יִלָּבֵב וְעֵיִר פַּרֵא אָדֶם יִוָּלֵד 12

בּוּןplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigאָם אֲתָּה הַכִּינְוֹתָ

Meaning

* To be firm * Establish * Prepare * Set

Verb. Occurs about 200 times in the Old Testament.

Meanings by Stem

Qal Stem (basic form)

To be firm, stable, fixed, established.

Describes something that stands securely or endures.Psalm 93:2Psalm 103:19Proverbs 16:9Psalm 96:102 Samuel 7:16Proverbs 16:3Luke 22:321 Peter 5:101 Corinthians 1:8Hebrews 2:3Colossians 1:23Matthew 25:34 קַבְּבָּף plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigבַּף

hebrew

Meaning:

* The heart * Used figuratively for the feelings, the will and even the intellect * The centre of anything

אָם אָוֵן בְּיָדָדְ הַרְחִיקָהוּ וְאֵל תַּשְׁכֵּן בְּאֹהָלֵידְ עַוְלֶה 14

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פָנִים plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigבְּי אֱז תַּשֵּׁא פְנֵיךְ

hebrew

Meaning:

* Face * Presence * Front or surface

Noun. Masculine. Although it looks plural in form (ending in -ים-), it is almost always used as a singular in meaning - a type of plural of intensity or plural of form common in Hebrew for body parts that come in pairs or have multiple aspects. מָּמָם וְהָיֶיתָ plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip bigana

hebrew

The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 מִׁצָּׁק וְלָאׁ תִּירֵא

פִּי אֲתָּה עָמֵל תִּשְׁכֵּח כִּמֵיִם עַבְרוּ תִזְכִּר 16

ָהָיָה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigוְמִצְהֲרַיִם יָקִיּם תֻלֶּד וּּעָׂעָפָה כַּבְֹּקֶר תִּהְיֶה

hebrew

The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2

וַבַטַחָתַּ כִּי יֵשׁ תִּקְוָה וְחַפַּרְתַּ לַבֵּטַח תִּשְׁכֵּב 18

פַנִּים plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigבְּבָּצְתָּ וְאֵין מַחֲרֵיד וְחִלְּוּ פָּנֵידְ

hebrew

Meaning:

19

* Face * Presence * Front or surface

Noun. Masculine. Although it looks plural in form (ending in -ם-), it is almost always used as a singular in meaning - a type of plural of intensity or plural of form common in Hebrew for body parts that come in pairs or have multiple aspects. רַבָּים

וְעֵינֵי רְשָׁעִים הָּכָלֵינָה וְמָנוֹס אַבֵּד מִנְהֵם וְתִקְוָתָם מַפַּח נֵפֵשׁ 20

ESV

- 1 Then Zophar the Naamathite answered and said:
- 2 "Should a multitude of words go unanswered, and a man full of talk be judged right?

- 3 |Should your babble silence men, and when you mock, shall no one shame you?
- 4 For you say, 'My doctrine is pure, and I am clean in God's eyes.'
- But oh, that God would speak and open his lips to you,
- and that he would tell you the secrets of wisdom! For he is manifold in understanding. Know then that God exacts of you less than your guilt deserves.
- 7 | "Can you find out the deep things of God? Can you find out the limit of the Almighty?
- 8 It is higher than heaven- what can you do? Deeper than Sheol- what can you know?
- 9 Its measure is longer than the earth and broader than the sea.
- 10 If he passes through and imprisons and summons the court, who can turn him back?
- 11 For he knows worthless men; when he sees iniquity, will he not consider it?
- 12 But a stupid man will get understanding when a wild donkey's colt is born a man!
- 13 "If you prepare your heart, you will stretch out your hands toward him.
- 14 If iniquity is in your hand, put it far away, and let not injustice dwell in your tents.
- 15 Surely then you will lift up your face without blemish; you will be secure and will not fear.
- 16 You will forget your misery; you will remember it as waters that have passed away.
- 17 And your life will be brighter than the noonday; its darkness will be like the morning.
- And you will feel secure, because there is hope; you will look around and take your rest in security.
- 19 You will lie down, and none will make you afraid; many will court your favor.
- But the eyes of the wicked will fail; all way of escape will be lost to them, and their hope is to breathe their last."

NIV

- 1 Then Zophar the Naamathite replied:
- 2 "Are all these words to go unanswered? Is this talker to be vindicated?
- 3 Will your idle talk reduce men to silence? Will no one rebuke you when you mock?
- 4 You say to God, 'My beliefs are flawless and I am pure in your sight.'
- 5 Oh, how I wish that God would speak, that he would open his lips against you
- and disclose to you the secrets of wisdom, for true wisdom has two sides. Know this: God has even forgotten some of your sin.
- 7 "Can you fathom the mysteries of God? Can you probe the limits of the Almighty?
- They are higher than the heavens-what can you do? They are deeper than the depths of the grave -what can you know?
- 9 Their measure is longer than the earth and wider than the sea.
- 10 "If he comes along and confines you in prison and convenes a court, who can oppose him?
- 11 Surely he recognizes deceitful men; and when he sees evil, does he not take note?
- 12 But a witless man can no more become wise than a wild donkey's colt can be born a man.
- 13 "Yet if you devote your heart to him and stretch out your hands to him,
- 14 if you put away the sin that is in your hand and allow no evil to dwell in your tent,
- 15 then you will lift up your face without shame; you will stand firm and without fear.
- 16 You will surely forget your trouble, recalling it only as waters gone by.
- 17 Life will be brighter than noonday, and darkness will become like morning.
- 18 You will be secure, because there is hope; you will look about you and take your rest in safety.
- 19 You will lie down, with no one to make you afraid, and many will court your favor.
- But the eyes of the wicked will fail, and escape will elude them; their hope will become a dying gasp."

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NLT

1	Then Zophar	the Naamathite	replied to	lob:
				,

- "Shouldn't someone answer this torrent of words? Is a person proved innocent just by a lot of talking?
- Should I remain silent while you babble on? When you mock God, shouldn't someone make you ashamed?
- 4 You claim, 'My beliefs are pure,' and 'I am clean in the sight of God.'
- 5 If only God would speak; if only he would tell you what he thinks!
- If only he would tell you the secrets of wisdom, for true wisdom is not a simple matter. Listen! God is doubtless punishing you far less than you deserve!
- 7 | "Can you solve the mysteries of God? Can you discover everything about the Almighty?
- 8 Such knowledge is higher than the heavens- and who are you? It is deeper than the underworld-what do you know?
- 9 It is broader than the earth and wider than the sea.
- 10 If God comes and puts a person in prison or calls the court to order, who can stop him?
- 11 For he knows those who are false, and he takes note of all their sins.
- An empty-headed person won't become wise any more than a wild donkey can bear a human child.
- 13 "If only you would prepare your heart and lift up your hands to him in prayer!
- 14 Get rid of your sins, and leave all iniquity behind you.
- 15 Then your face will brighten with innocence. You will be strong and free of fear.
- 16 You will forget your misery; it will be like water flowing away.
- 17 Your life will be brighter than the noonday. Even darkness will be as bright as morning.
- 18 Having hope will give you courage. You will be protected and will rest in safety.
- 19 You will lie down unafraid, and many will look to you for help.
- 20 But the wicked will be blinded. They will have no escape. Their only hope is death."

LXX

ὑπολαβὼν δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. Σωφαρ ὁplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ Μιναῖος λέγει

Last update: 2025/08/14 06:15 job 11 https://groveserver.com/bible/doku.php?id=job 11 òplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. **Forms** Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ τὰpluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. **Forms** Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ πολλὰ λέγων καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀντακούσεται ἢ καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" opluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ εὔλαλος οἴεται εἶναιplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. δίκαιος εὐλογημένος γεννητὸς γυναικὸς ὀλιγόβιος

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word

Job 11

2025/11/07 23:55 7/21 μὴ πολὺς ἐνρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigἐν greek Preposition meaning "in". ῥήμασιν γίνου οὐ γάρ ἐστινplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὁplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigὁ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. **Forms** Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἀντικρινόμενός σοι μὴ γὰρ λέγε ὅτι καθαρός εἰμιρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. τοῖςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. **Forms** Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ ἔργοις καὶpluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἄμεμπτος ἐναντίον αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

ἀλλὰ πῶς ὰν ὁplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ κύριος λαλήσαι πρὸςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπρός

greek

Meaning

* To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About

Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.

πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... $\sigma \epsilon \kappa \alpha$ pluginautotooltip_default pluginautotooltip_big $\kappa \alpha$ is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... $\sigma \epsilon \kappa \alpha$ pluginautotooltip_big $\kappa \alpha$ is a common preposition of the case of the ca

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀνοίξει χείλη αὐτοῦρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) μετὰ σοῦ

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εἶτα ἀναγγελεῖ σοι δύναμιν σοφίας ὅτι διπλοῦς ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. τῶνρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ κατὰ σέ καὶpluginautotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τότε γνώση ὅτι ἄξιά σοι ἀπέβη ἀπὸ κυρίου ὧνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὄς, ἤ, ὄ

greek

Meaning:

* Who * Which * What

The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).

It is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning ἡμάρτηκας

La	Last update: 2025/08/14 06:15 job_11	https://groveserver.com/bible/doku.php?id=job_1			
ἦ ἴχνος κυρίου εὑρήσεις ἢ εἰς τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό					
	greek				
	Meaning:				
	* The				
	The definite article.				
	Forms				
	Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὄς, ἤ,				
	greek				
	Meaning:				
	* Who * Which * What				
	The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a the antecedent).	a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called			
7	7 It is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech ἐποίησενρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_b	n) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning igποιέω			
	Meaning:				
	* To do * To make				
	This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a l formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.	arge range of activities including creation, covenant			
	Verb forms				
	Present tense Person Greek Form oplugin-autotooltip_d	lefault plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό			
	greek				
	Meaning:				

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ παντοκράτωρ

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ὑψηλὸς ὁplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ οὐρανόςpluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigoὐρανός

Meaning:

* The sky * Air * Heaven or heavens

278 occurrences in the New Testament.

Οὐρανός is used in Scripture to describe the sky and universe (that is, the visible expanse above the earth) as well as the transcendent realm where God is present. For example, in Matthew 6:26Matthew 24:29Matthew 6:9 καὶρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τ ί ποιήσεις plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigποιέω

Meaning:

* To do * To make

This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.

Verb forms

Present tense Person Greek Form βαθύτερα δὲplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. τωνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἐνpluginautotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". ἄδου τί οἶδας

η μακρότερα μέτρου γῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ

Meaning:

* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".

It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 ἢ εὔρους θαλάσσης

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ἐὰν δὲplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. καταστρέψη τὰpluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ πάνταpluginautotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τίς ἐρεῖ αὐτῷplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) τί ἐποίησαςpluginautotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigποιέω

Meaning:

* To do * To make

This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.

Verb forms

Present tense Person Greek Form

αὐτὸςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

11 Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) γὰρ οἶδεν ἔργα ἀνόμων ἰδὼν δὲplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. ἄτοπα οὐ παρόψεται

ἄνθρωπος δὲplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. ἄλλως νήχεται λόγοιςpluginautotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigλόγος

Meaning

- * A word or words * Statement * Message * Speech * Account * Used in John to mean God the Son
- 12 Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω.

λόγος in Greek Thought

Before the New Testament, λ óγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λ óγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λ óγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... βροτὸς δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. γεννητὸς γυναικὸς ἴσα ὄνῳ ἐρημίτῃ 2025/11/07 23:55 15/21 Job 11

εί γὰρ σὸ καθαρὰν ἔθου τὴνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ καρδίαν σου ὑπτιάζεις δὲplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. χεῖρας πρὸςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip bigπρός

13 greek

Meaning

* To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About

Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.

πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... αὐτόνρlugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

εἰ ἄνομόν τί ἐστινplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἐνρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". χερσίν σου πόρρω ποίησονplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigποιέω

Meaning:

* To do * To make

This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.

Verb forms

¹⁴ Present tense Person Greek Form αὐτὸρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἀπὸ σοῦ ἀδικία δὲplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. ἐνρlugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". διαίτη σου μὴ αὐλισθήτω

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οὕτως γὰρ ἀναλάμψει σου τὸplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ πρόσωπον ὤσπερ ὕδωρ καθαρόν ἐκδύσῃ δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ

15

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. ῥύπον καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" οὐ μὴ ϕ οβηθῆς

καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὸνρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

16 * The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ κόπον ἐπιλήση ἄσπερ κῦμα παρελθὸν καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" οὐ πτοηθήση

ἡplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

17 Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ δὲpluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. εὐχή σου ὥσπερ ἑωσφόρος ἐκ δὲpluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. μεσημβρίας ἀνατελεῖ σοι ζωή

πεποιθώς τε ἔσηplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὅτι ἔστινρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for was, e.g. σοι ἐλπίς ἐκ δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. μερίμνης καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" φροντίδος ἀναφανεῖταί σοι εἰρήνη 2025/11/07 23:55 19/21 Job 11

ἡσυχάσεις γάρ καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" οὐκ ἔσταιρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὁplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό

19 greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ πολεμῶν σε μεταβαλόμενοι δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. πολλοί σου δεηθήσονται

σωτηρία δὲplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. αὐτοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἀπολείψει ἡpluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

20 * The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γὰρ ἐλπὶς αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἀπώλεια ὀφθαλμοὶ δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. ἀσεβῶν τακήσονται

KJV

- 1 Then answered Zophar the Naamathite, and said,
- 2 | Should not the multitude of words be answered? and should a man full of talk be justified?
- Should thy lies make men hold their peace? and when thou mockest, shall no man make thee ashamed?
- 4 For thou hast said, My doctrine is pure, and I am clean in thine eyes.
- 5 But oh that God would speak, and open his lips against thee;
- And that he would shew thee the secrets of wisdom, that they are double to that which is! Know therefore that God exacteth of thee less than thine iniquity deserveth.
- 7 Canst thou by searching find out God? canst thou find out the Almighty unto perfection?
- 8 It is as high as heaven; what canst thou do? deeper than hell; what canst thou know?
- 9 The measure thereof is longer than the earth, and broader than the sea.

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- 10 If he cut off, and shut up, or gather together, then who can hinder him?
- 11 For he knoweth vain men: he seeth wickedness also; will he not then consider it?
- 12 For vain man would be wise, though man be born like a wild ass's colt.
- 13 If thou prepare thine heart, and stretch out thine hands toward him;
- 14 If iniquity be in thine hand, put it far away, and let not wickedness dwell in thy tabernacles.
- 15 For then shalt thou lift up thy face without spot; yea, thou shalt be stedfast, and shalt not fear:
- 16 Because thou shalt forget thy misery, and remember it as waters that pass away:
- And thine age shall be clearer than the noonday; thou shalt shine forth, thou shalt be as the morning.
- And thou shalt be secure, because there is hope; yea, thou shalt dig about thee, and thou shalt take thy rest in safety.
- 19 Also thou shalt lie down, and none shall make thee afraid; yea, many shall make suit unto thee.
- But the eyes of the wicked shall fail, and they shall not escape, and their hope shall be as the giving up of the ghost.

 $Job 10 \leftarrow Job 11 \rightarrow Job 12$

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