2025/11/09 05:04 1/3 Joel 2:11

Joel 2:11

יְהוָםplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigיְהוָר

Meaning

* Yahweh - God's personal name

lt is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word יְהוָה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament. Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 ويتواوا المنافعة المناف

hebrew

Hebrew Meaning:

* Face * Presence * Front or surface

Noun. Masculine. Although it looks plural in form (ending in (ים- o), it is almost always used as a singular in meaning - a type of plural of intensity or plural of form common in Hebrew for body parts that come in pairs or have multiple aspects. יְתוֹנְחַפֹּוֹם aspects. יְתוֹנְחָפֹוֹם מְשֹׁהְ דְּבְּרֵוֹ לִי שְׁיִשְׁהַ דְּבָרִי לִּי בְּדָלִוֹיִם יְתְּנֵחְ

hebrew

Meaning

Yahweh - God's personal name

lt is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word הַּהַה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 ונורא מאד ומי יכילנו 10:40 (19 מור אם מאד ומי או מי אומי אם מאד ומי אם מאד ומי אם מאד ומי אם מאד ומי אם מאד ומי

The LORD that his voice before his army, for his camp is exceedingly great; he who executes his word is powerful. For the day of the LORD is great and very awesome; who can endure it?

The LORD thunders at the head of his army; his forces are beyond number, and mighty are those who obey his command. The day of the LORD is great; it is dreadful. Who can endure it?

The LORD is at the head of the column. He leads them with a shout. This is his mighty army, and they follow his orders. The day of the LORD is an awesome, terrible thing. Who can possibly survive?

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καιρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί
greek
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" κύριος δώσει φωνὴν αὐτοῦρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός
greek
Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) πρὸ προσώπου δυνάμεως αὐτοῦρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός
greek
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Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ὅτι πολλή ἐστιγρ|ugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip biqεἰμί
greek
είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. σφόδρα ἡρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ἡ, τό
areek
Meaning:
The definite article.
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ παρεμβολὴ αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigaὐτός
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Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ὅτι ἰσχυρὰ ἔργα λόγωνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigλόγος
* A word or words * Statement * Message * Speech * Account * Used in John to mean God the Son
Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω.
Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world... αὐτοῦρἰυgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
 * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) διότι μεγάλη ἡρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigō, ἡ, τό
greek
Meaning
* The
The definite article
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἡμέρα τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό
Meaning
* The
The definite article
Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ κυρίου μεγάλη καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
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Meaning
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Meaning
 * He. she. it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
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Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

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KJV And the LORD shall utter his voice before his army: for his camp is very great: for he is strong that executeth his word: for the day of the LORD is great and very terrible; and who can abide it?

Joel 2:10 ← Joel 2:11 → Joel 2:12

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