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Joel 2:3

ودِنتplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigةودِت

* Face * Presence * Front or surface

Noun. Masculine. Although it looks plural in form (ending in -อา), it is almost always used as a singular in meaning - a type of plural of intensity or plural of form common in Hebrew for body parts that come in pairs or have multiple aspects.
אַרָרָפָּוֹם מְּבָּבֶּה מַשְׁ אַרְבֶּי מַלְּבֶּׁם לֵהְבָּה בְּעֵּ עַׁלְרֶבְּי מְּלֵבֶם לֶהְבֶּה בְּעֵּ עַׁלֵּרְרָ הַאַׂרֵיץ

* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country

The word אֶרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground. Hebrew | When coupled with heavens (שְׁמֵים), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 פָּנִיםם (When coupled with heavens (שְׁמֵים), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 פָּנִיםם (אור שׁבָּיִים בּיִּרִים בּיִרִּים בּיִּרִים בּיִרִּים בּיִּרְים בּיִרִּים בּיִרִּים בּיִּרְם בִּירִים בּיִּרְים בִּירִים בּיִּרְם בִּירִים בּיִּרְם בִּירִים בּיִּרְם בִּירִים בּיִּרְם בִּירִים בּיִּרְם בִּירִים בִּירִים בְּיִים בִּירִים בּיִּרְם בִּירִים בּיִּרְם בִּירִים בּיִּרְם בִּירִים בּיִּרְם בִּירִים בּיִּרְם בִּירִּם בְּיִים בּיִּרְם בְּיִּרִים בּיִּרְם בִּירְים בִּירָם בּיִּבְים בּיִּים בּיִּם בּיִּרְם בִּיִּרְים בְּיִּרְים בִּירָּם בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִּים בְּיִּם בְּיִּם בְּיִּם בְּיִּים בְּיִּם בְּיִּם בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּים בְּיִּים בְּיִּם בְּיִּם בְּיִּים בְּיִּם בְּיִּבְים בְּיִּם בְּיִּם בְּיִּם בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בִּים בּיִּבְים בְּיִּם בְּיִים בְּים בִּיִּבְים בִּיִּם בִּיִּם בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּים בִּיִּם בְּיִּם בְּיִּם בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּים בִּים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִּבְים בְּיִּם בְּיִים בְּיִּבְּים בְּיִּבְּים בְּיִּבְּים בְּיִּבְּים בְּיִּבְּים בְּיִּבְּים בְּיבְּים בְּיִּבְּים בְּיִּים בְּיִּבְּים בְּיִים בְּיִּבְּים בְּיבְּים בְּיִּבְּים בְּיבִּים בְּיבִּים בְּיִּים בְּיבִּים בְּיִיבְּים בְּיבְיבִּים בְּיבְּיבִּים בְּיבִים בְּיבִּים בְּיבִּים בְּיבְּיבִּים בְּיבִּים בְּיבִּיבְּיבִּים בִּיבִּים בְּיבְּיבִּים בְּיבְּיבִּים בִּיבִּים בְּיִבְּיבִּים בְּיבִּיבְּיבִים בְּיבִּיבְּיבִּים בְּיבִּיבִּים בְּיבִּים בְּיבְּיבִּיבְּים בְּיבּיבְּיבִּים בְּיבִּיבְּיבִּים בְּיבִּיבְּיבְּיבְּיבְּיבְּיבִּים בְּיבְּיבְּיבִּים בְּיבִּיבְּיבִּים בְּיבִּיבְּיבִּים בְּיבּיבְיבּים בְיבִּיבְּיבְּיבִּים בְּיבּיבְּיבִּיבּים בְּיבִּיבִּים בְּיבִּיבְיבִּיבְיבִּים בְּיבִּיבְיבִּים בְּיבִּיבִּים בְּיבִּיבִּים בְּיבִּ

* Face * Presence * Front or surface

The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 🦘

Fire devours before them, and behind them a flame burns. The land is like the garden of Eden before them, but behind them a desolate wilderness, and nothing escapes them.

Before them fire devours, behind them a flame blazes. Before them the land is like the garden of Eden, behind them, a desert waste- nothing escapes them.

Fire burns in front of them, and flames follow after them. Ahead of them the land lies as beautiful as the Garden of Eden. Behind them is nothing but desolation; not one thing escapes.

```
τὰplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó, ἡ, τό
        greek
        Meaning:
         The
        The definite article
        Forms
        Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἔμπροσθεν αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός
        greek
         Meaning
         He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
         Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
         Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) πῦρ ἀναλίσκον καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
        Meaning
        * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
        ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὰρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigό, ή, τό
        greek
        Meaning:
        * The
        The definite article
        Forms
        Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ὁπίσω αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
        greek
        Meaning
         * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
        Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
        Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἀναπτομένη φλόξ ὡς παράδεισος τρυφῆς ἡplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó, ἡ, τό
        Meaning
        * The
        The definite article
        Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigγῆ
        * Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)
LXX
        Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".
        lt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 πρὸ προσώπου αὐτοῦρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
        greek
        Meaning
         * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
        Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
        Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) και plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
        Meaning
        * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
        ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigō, ἡ, τό
        greek
        Meaning:
        * The
        The definite article
        Forms
        Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ὅπισθεν αὐτοῦρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
        greek
        Meaning
         * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
         Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
         Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) πεδίον ἀφανισμοῦ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
        greek
        Meaning
        * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
        ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀνασωζόμενος οὐκ ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default
        είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
        lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. αὐτῷρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
        * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
        Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
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Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

2025/11/10 02:34 3/3 Joel 2:3

KIV A fire devoureth before them; and behind them a flame burneth: the land is as the garden of Eden before them, and behind them a desolate wilderness; yea, and nothing shall escape them.

Joel 2:2 ← Joel 2:3 → Joel 2:4

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