2025/10/30 23:56 1/1 greek

ἦνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example  $\epsilon l\mu (i)$  is the word for am and  $\tilde{\eta} \nu$  is the word for was, e.g.  $\delta \epsilon$  plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip big $\delta \epsilon$ 

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. oplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigo

greek

The definite article Φίλιππος ἀπὸ Βηθσαϊδά, ἐκ τῆς plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò

greek

The definite article πόλεως Άνδρέου καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and"  $\Pi \acute{\epsilon} \tau \rho o \nu$ .

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