

ὁplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

\* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ  
δἐplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean “but” or “and” or “also” or “moreover”. It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English.

παράκλητος, τὸplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

\* The

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Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ  
πνεῦμα τὸplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

\* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ ἅγιον  
ὁplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁς, ἡ, ὁ

greek

Meaning:

## \* Who \* Which \* What

The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).

It is distinct from ὅτι (“that,” introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning [πέμψει ὁ](#)[plugin-autotooltip\\_\\_default plugin-autotooltip\\_bigὁ, ἡ, τό](#)

greek

Meaning:

### \* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ [πατὴρ](#)  
[ἐν](#)[plugin-autotooltip\\_\\_default plugin-autotooltip\\_bigἐν](#)

greek

Preposition meaning “in”. [τῷ](#)[plugin-autotooltip\\_\\_default plugin-autotooltip\\_bigὁ, ἡ, τό](#)

greek

Meaning:

### \* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ  
[ὀνόματί μου, ἐκεῖνος ὑμᾶς διδάξει πάντα](#)[plugin-autotooltip\\_\\_default plugin-autotooltip\\_bigπᾶς](#)

greek

Meaning

### \* All \* Every \* The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 [καὶ](#)plugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [ὁπομνήσει ὑμᾶς πάντα](#)plugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

\* All \* Every \* The whole

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greek

Meaning:

\* Who \* Which \* What

The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).

It is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning [εἶπον ὑμῖν](#).

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