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καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\alpha}\tau\alpha\xi\epsilon\nu$ $\alpha\dot{\nu}\tau\dot{\eta}\nu$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big $\alpha\dot{\nu}\tau\dot{\delta}$

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) évplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigév

greek

Preposition meaning "in". στόματι ξίφους καὶρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\nu$ plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip big $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\varsigma$

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns \rightarrow "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 ἐμπνέον ὅσα ἦνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

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greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example $\epsilon l\mu (i)$ is the word for am and $\hbar v$ is the word for was, e.g. ℓv plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big ℓv

greek

Preposition meaning "in". αὐτῆρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός

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greek

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It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. $διασεσωσμένος δνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigὄς, ἤ, ὄ$

greek

Meaning:

* Who * Which * What

The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).

It is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning τρόπον ἐποίησανplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigποιέω

Meaning:

* To do * To make

This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.

Verb forms

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Present tense Person Greek Form τὴνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. **Forms** Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ Οδολλαμ έξωλέθρευσαν αὐτὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ὄσα ἦνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἐνρlugin-autotooltip default pluginautotooltip_bigév greek Preposition meaning "in". αὐτῆplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός greek Meaning

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